

YFM450FAR

SERVICE MANUAL

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NOTICE

This manual was produced by the Yamaha Motor Company primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their qualified mechanics. It is not possible to include all the knowledge of a mechanic in one manual, so it is assumed that anyone who uses this book to perform maintenance and repairs on Yamaha machine has a basic understanding of the mechanical ideas and the procedures of machine repair. Repairs attempted by anyone without this knowledge are likely to render the machine unsafe and unfit for use.

Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. is continually striving to improve all its models. Modifications and significant changes in specifications or procedures will be forwarded to all authorized Yamaha dealers and will appear in future editions of this manual where applicable.

NOTE:	
Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.	

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations.

The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

** WARNING Failure to follow WARNING instructions could result in severe injury or death

to the machine operator, a bystander or a person inspecting or repairing the

machine.

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid

damage to the machine.

NOTE: A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

MANUAL ORGANIZATION

This manual consists of chapters for the main categories of subjects. (See "Illustrated symbols")

1st title ①: This is the title of the chapter with its symbol in the upper right corner of each page.

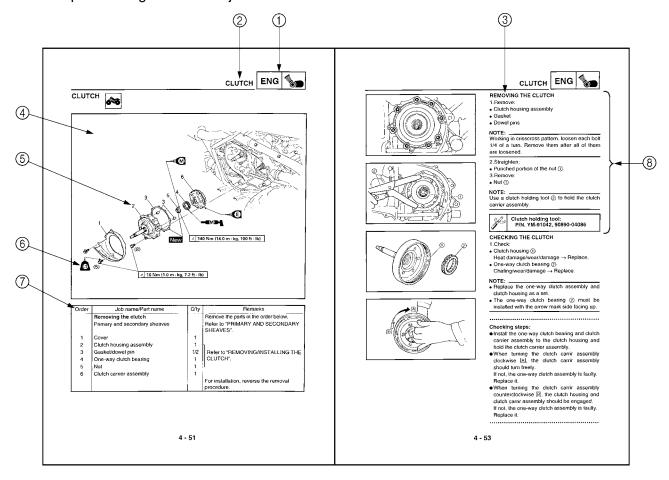
2nd title ②: This title indicates the section of the chapter and only appears on the first page of each section. It is located in the upper left corner of the page.

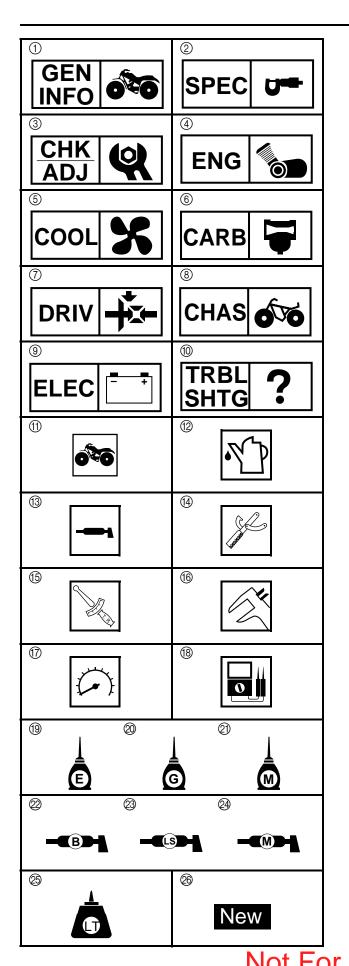
3rd title ③: This title indicates a sub-section that is followed by step-by-step procedures accompanied by corresponding illustrations.

EXPLODED DIAGRAMS

To help identify parts and clarify procedure steps, there are exploded diagrams at the start of each removal and disassembly section.

- 1. An easy-to-see exploded diagram (4) is provided for removal and disassembly jobs.
- 2. Numbers ⑤ are given in the order of the jobs in the exploded diagram. A number that is enclosed by a circle indicates a disassembly step.
- 3. An explanation of jobs and notes is presented in an easy-to-read way by the use of symbol marks
- 6). The meanings of the symbol marks are given on the next page.
- 4. A job instruction chart ⑦ accompanies the exploded diagram, providing the order of jobs, names of parts, notes in jobs, etc.
- 5. For jobs requiring more information, the step-by-step format supplements ® are given in addition to the exploded diagram and the job instruction chart.





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ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS

Illustrated symbols ① to ⑩ are printed on the top right of each page and indicate the subject of each chapter.

- (1) General information
- ② Specifications
- ③ Periodic checks and adjustments
- 4) Engine
- ⑤ Cooling system
- **6** Carburetion
- ⑦ Drive train
- ® Chassis
- (9) Electrical
- 10 Troubleshooting

Illustrated symbols ① to ® are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.

- (1) Can be serviced with engine mounted
- Filling fluid
- (3) Lubricant
- Special tool
- 15 Torque
- (6) Wear limit, clearance
- (7) Engine speed
- $\otimes \Omega$, V, A

Illustrated symbols (9) to (2) in the exploded diagrams indicate the types of lubricants and lubrication points.

- 19 Apply engine oil
- ② Apply gear oil
- 2) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- 2 Apply wheel bearing grease
- 23 Apply lithium-soap-based grease
- Apply molybdenum disulfide grease

Illustrated symbols (25) to (26) in the exploded diagrams indicate where to apply a locking agent (25) and when to install a new part (26).

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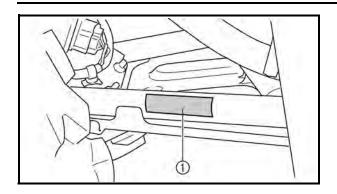
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MACHINE IDENTIFICATION

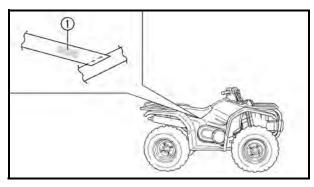




GENERAL INFORMATION MACHINE IDENTIFICATION

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

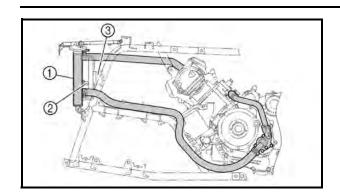
The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the left side of the frame.

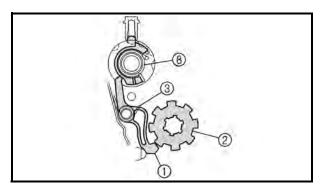


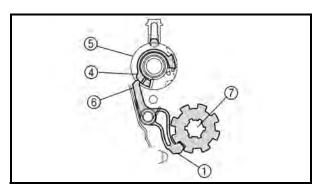
MODEL LABEL

The model label ① is affixed to the frame. This information will be needed to order spare parts.









FEATURES

LIQUID COOLING ENGINE

Compact liquid cooled 45° inclined engine. A liquid cooling system has been incorporated for stable power and engine endurance.

- 1) Radiator
- ② Thermo switch
- ③ Fan motor

PARK POSITION

When the drive select lever is shifted into the park position, a stopper lever is engaged into the stopper gear preventing the drive select lever and transmission from moving.

When the drive select lever is at the "L", "H", "N", or "R" positions, the stopper lever end (1) is moved away from the stopper gear ② by the return spring (3).

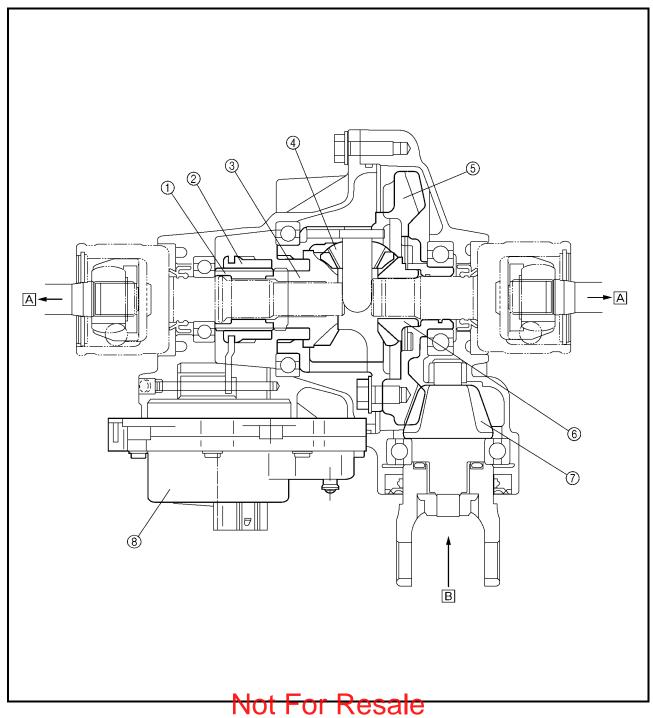
When the drive select lever is in the "P" position, the lever cam (4) at the side of the shift cam (5) lifts the stopper lever end (6) and the stopper lever end locks the drive axle ?..

When the stopper lever end (1) is not synchronized, a torsion spring ® retains the rotation force of the shift cam (5) until it is synchronized.

FRONT DIFFERENTIAL

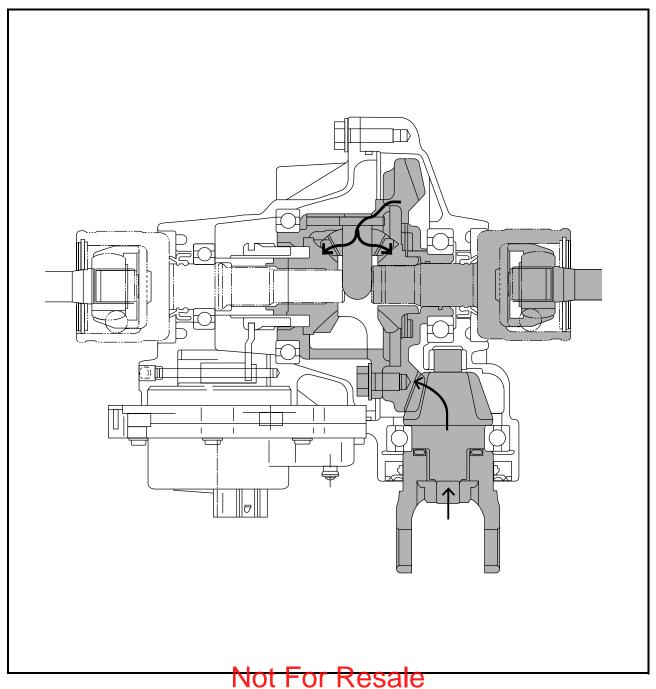
- ① Adapter
- ② Drive clutch
- ③ Differential side gear (left)
- Differential pinion gear
- ⑤ Ring gear
- ⑥ Differential side gear (right)

- 7 Drive pinion gear
- (8) Gear motor
- A To front wheel
- B From the middle gear



2WD

Power is transmitted as follows: middle gear \rightarrow front drive shaft \rightarrow drive pinion gear $⑦ \rightarrow$ ring gear $⑤ \rightarrow$ differential pinion gear ④. In the 2WD mode, the left differential side gear ③ and the drive clutch ② are not engaged, therefore, the left side gear runs idle and does not transmit power to the left front constant velocity joint.



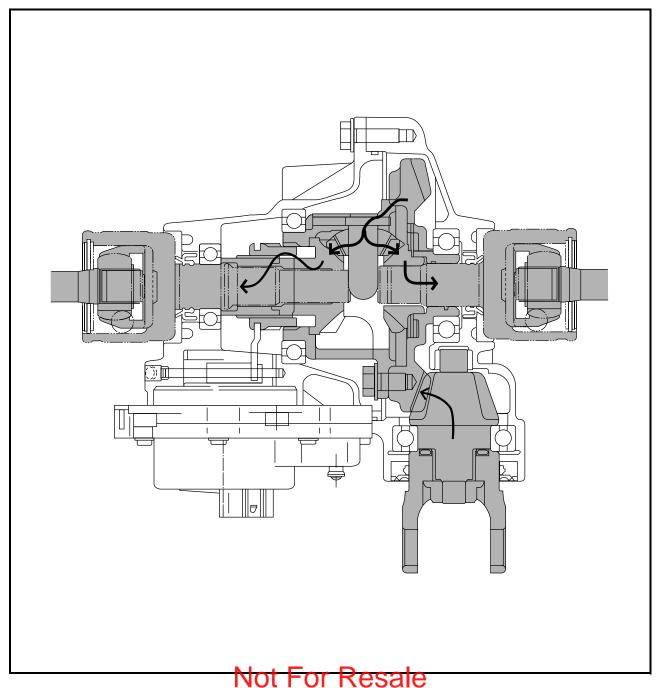
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4WD

When the 4WD mode is selected, the gear motor is operated, and the drive clutch 2 moves to the right and engages with the left differential side gear 3. Accordingly, power is transmitted as follows: ring gear $\textcircled{5} \to \text{differential pinion gear } \textcircled{4} \to \text{left differential side gear } \textcircled{3} \to \text{drive clutch } \textcircled{2} \to \text{adapter } \textcircled{1} \to \text{left front constant velocity joint.}$

Meanwhile, power from the differential pinion gear ④ is transmitted to the right front constant velocity joint via the right differential side gear ⑥.

The ring gear ⑤ and the drive clutch ② are not engaged at this time. Therefore, the rotational difference that occurs between the right and left wheels, while the handlebar is being turned, is absorbed by the difference in the rotational speeds of the ring gear ⑤ and the left differential side gear ③.

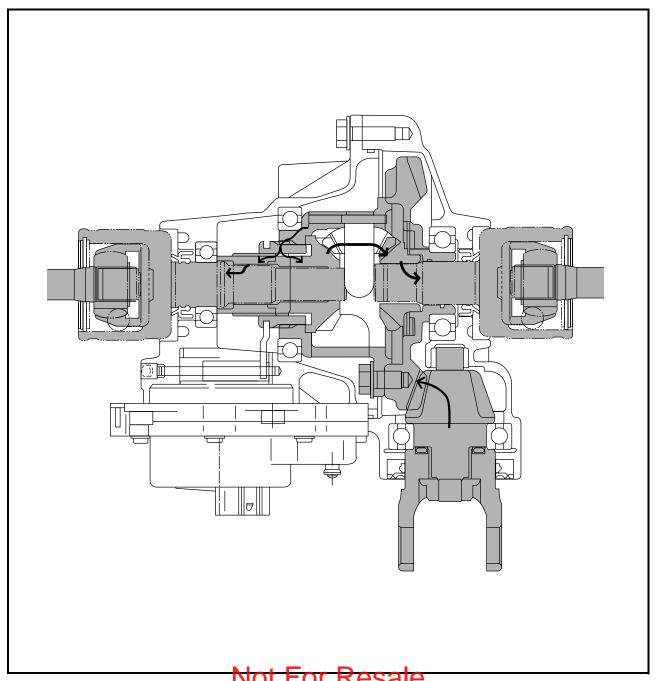


4WD (Diff-Lock)

When the 4WD (Diff-Lock) mode is selected, the gear motor moves the drive clutch ② further to the right, which causes the ring gear ⑤ and the drive clutch ② to engage. As a result, power is transmitted directly from the ring gear ⑤ to the drive clutch ②, then to the left front constant velocity joint via the adapter ①.

Meanwhile, because the ring gear 5 and the drive clutch 2 are engaged, the ring gear 5, the drive clutch 2, and the right differential side gear 6 become locked coaxially. Thus, power is transmitted as follows: differential pinion gear $\textcircled{4} \to \text{right}$ differential pinion gear $\textcircled{6} \to \text{right}$ front constant velocity joint.

When the ATV is in the 4WD (Diff-Lock) mode, the right and left wheels rotate constantly at the same speed, which affects the maneuverability of the ATV (e.g., making it difficult to steer). Therefore, the maximum traveling speed is limited to 35 km/h (22 mph).



Not For Resale



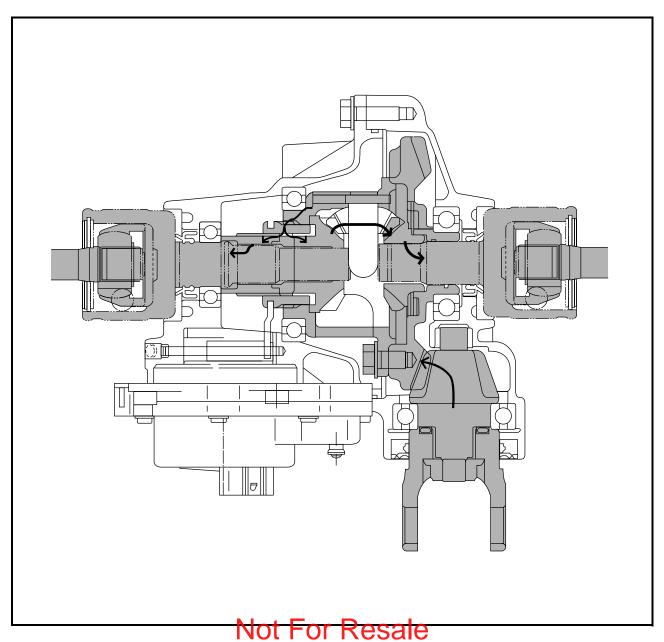
In addition, the 4WD (Diff-Lock) mode can be engaged only when the ATV is stopped. Even if an attempt is made to select this mode when the ATV is traveling, it will only result in a standby condition (i.e., when the differential lock select switch and the differential gear are not matched). (1) When the ATV is traveling

Even if the 4WD (Diff-Lock) mode is selected, the gear motor will stand by, instead of operating. Therefore, the ATV can be driven in the normal 4WD mode. When this occurs, the differential gear lock indicator light " "in the speedometer unit will flash to alert the driver that the control is on standby. When the ATV is stopped, the control transfers to the condition described in (2).

(2) When the ATV is stopped

The gear motor operates to connect the drive clutch to the differential case, thus resulting in the differential lock condition. When this occurs, the differential gear lock indicator light " in the speedometer unit changes to a constant illumination.

* Until the drive clutch and the differential case mesh together (i.e., the splines are unmeshed) the engine misfires to control the engine speed. During this time, the differential gear lock indicator light in the speedometer unit continues to flash.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION



EB101000

IMPORTANT INFORMATION PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL PROCEDURES

- 1.Remove all dirt, mud, dust and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
- 2.Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to the "SPECIAL TOOLS" section.
- 3.When disassembling the machine, always keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinder, piston and other parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must always be reused or replaced as an assembly.
- 4.During machine disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly and allow for the correct installation of all parts.
- 5. Keep all parts away from any source of fire.

EB101010

REPLACEMENT PARTS

1.Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and grease recommended by Yamaha for all lubrication jobs. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

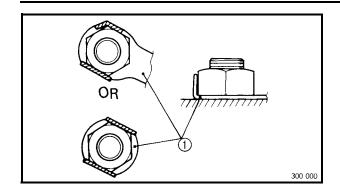
EB101020

GASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS

- Replace all gaskets, seals and O-rings when overhauling the engine. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

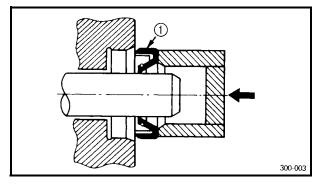




EB101030

LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

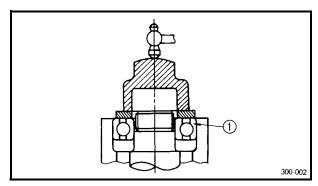
1.Replace all lock washers/plates ① and cotter pins after removal. Bend lock tabs along the bolt or nut flats after the bolt or nut has been tightened to specification.



EB101040

BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

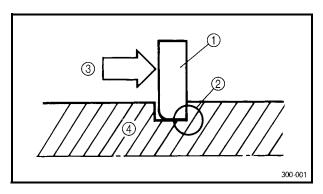
- 1.Install bearings and oil seals so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are visible. When installing oil seals, apply a light coating of lightweight lithium base grease to the seal lips. Oil bearings liberally when installing, if appropriate.
- 1) Oil seal



CAUTION:

Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This will damage the bearing surfaces.

(1) Bearing



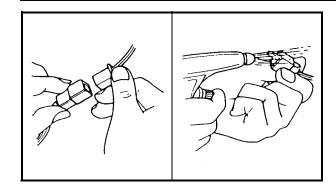
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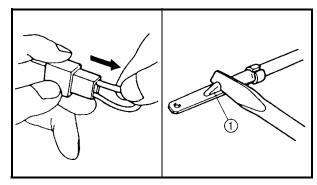
CIRCLIPS

- 1.Check all circlips carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp-edged corner ② is positioned opposite the thrust ③ it receives. See sectional view.
- (4) Shaft

CHECKING OF CONNECTIONS









CHECKING OF CONNECTIONS

Check the connectors for stains, rust, moisture, etc.

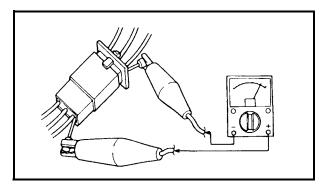
- 1.Disconnect:
- Connector
- 2.Check:
- Connector

Moisture → Dry each terminal with an air blower.

Stains/rust → Connect and disconnect the terminals several times.

- 3.Check:
- Connector leads

Looseness \rightarrow Bend up the pin \bigcirc and connect the terminals.

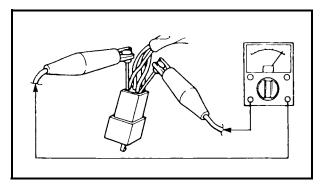


4.Connect:

Connector terminals

NOTE:

The two terminals "click" together.



5.Check:

Continuity (using a pocket tester)

- If there is no continuity, clean the terminals.
- When checking the wire harness be sure to perform steps 1 to 3.
- As a quick remedy, use a contact revitalizer available at most part stores.
- Check the connector with a pocket tester as shown.



SPECIAL TOOLS

The following special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Use only the appropriate special tools; this will help prevent damage caused by the use of inappropriate tools or improvised techniques. Special tools may differ by shape and part number from country to country. In such a case, two types are provided.

When placing an order, refer to the list provided below to avoid any mistakes.

For US and CDN

P/N. YM-, YU-, YS-, YK-, ACC-

Except for US and CDN

P/N. 90890-

Tool No.	Tool name/How to use	Illustration
Bolt 90890-01083 Weight 90890-01084 Set YU-01083-A	Slide hammer bolt (M6)/weight/set These tools are used to remove the rocker arm shaft.	
90890-01135 YU-01135-A	Crankcase separating tool This tool is used to separate the crankcase.	
90890-01225 YM-01225-A	Valve guide remover (7.0 mm) This tool is needed to remove and install the valve guide.	
90890-04017 YM-04017	Valve guide installer (7.0 mm) This tool is needed to install the valve guide.	
90890-01227 YM-01227	Valve guide reamer (7.0 mm) This tool is needed to rebore the new valve guide.	
90890-01235 YU-01235	Rotor holding tool This tool is needed to hold the starter pulley when removing/installing the starter pulley bolt or camshaft sprocket bolts.	
90890-04088 Bolt 90890-01275	Buffer boss installer set Crankshaft installer bolt These tools are used to install the crankshaft.	



Tool No.	Tool name/How to use	Illustration		
	Crankshaft installer set			
YU-90050	These tools are used to install the crankshaft.			
Adapter YM-33279	Adapter (#11) Spacer (crankshaft)			
Spacer 90890-04060 YM-90070-A	These tools are used to install the crankshaft.			
	Piston pin puller set			
90890-01304 YU-01304	This tool is used to remove the piston pin.			
	Tappet adjusting tool (3 mm)			
90890-01311 YU-08035	This tool is necessary for adjusting the valve clearance.			
	Fuel level gauge	n n		
90890-01312 YM-01312-A	This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.			
	Radiator cap tester			
90890-01325 YU-24460-01	This tool is used to check the cooling system.			
	Adapter			
90890-01352 YU-33984	This tool is used to check the cooling system.			
	Locknut wrench			
90890-01348	This tool is needed when removing or installing the secondary sheave spring.			
	Sheave spring compressor			
90890-04134 YM-04134	This tool is needed when removing or installing the secondary sheave spring.			



	<u> </u>	inti O i
Tool No.	Tool name/How to use	Illustration
90890-04135 YM-04135	Sheave fixed block This tool is needed when removing or installing the secondary sheave	000
90890-01404 YM-01404	spring. Flywheel puller These tools are needed to remove the rotor.	
90890-01327 YM-01327	Damper rod holder (30 mm) This tool is needed to loosen and tighten the steering stem bearing retainer.	
90890-01426 YU-38411	Oil filter wrench This tool is needed to loosen or tighten the oil filter cartridge.	
90890-01430 YM-38404	Ring nut wrench This tool is needed to removing and installing the middle driven shaft bearing retainer.	
90890-01467 YM-01467 90890-01475 YM-01475	Gear lash measurement tool This tool is used to measure the gear lash.	
90890-01474 YM-01474	Ball joint remover/installer set This tool is used to remove and install the ball joint.	
YM-01477	Ball joint remover/installer attachment set This tool is used to remove and install the ball joint.	
90890-01701 YU-01880	Sheave holder This tool is needed to hold the primary sheave when removing or installing the sheave bolts.	H



Tool No.	Tool name/How to use	Illustration		
Compression gauge 90890-03081 YU-33223 Adapter 90890-04082 YU-33223-3	Compression gauge Adapter These tools are needed to measure engine compression.			
90890-03112 YU-03112	Pocket tester This instrument is needed for checking the electrical system.			
90890-03113	Engine tachometer This tool is needed for observing engine rpm.			
YU-8036-A	Inductive tachometer This tool is needed for observing engine rpm.			
90890-03141 YM-33277-A	Timing light This tool is necessary for checking ignition timing.			
90890-04019 YM-04019	Valve spring compressor This tool is needed to remove and install the valve assemblies.	Service of the servic		
Middle driven shaft bearing driver 90890-04058 YM-04058-1 Mechanical seal installer 90890-04078 YM-33221	Middle driven shaft bearing driver Mechanical seal installer These tools are used to install the water pump seal.			
90890-04050 YM-04050	Bearing retainer wrench This tool is needed when removing or installing the final drive shaft bearing retainer.			
90890-04062 YM-04062	Universal joint holder This tool is needed when removing or installing the universal joint yoke nut.			



Tool No.	Tool name/How to use	Illustration	
90890-04086 YM-91042	Clutch holding tool This tool is needed to hold the clutch carrier when removing or installing the carrier nut.		
90890-04128 YM-04128	Bearing retainer wrench This tool is needed when removing or installing the middle driven pinion gear bearing retainer.		
90890-04129 YM-04129	Pinion gear fix clamp This tool is used to hold the shift cam.		
90890-06754	Ignition checker This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.		
YM-34487	Dynamic spark tester This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.		
Bond 90890-85505 Sealant ACC-11001-05-01	Yamaha bond No. 1215 Sealant (Quick Gasket®) This sealant (bond) is used on crankcase mating surfaces, etc.		



SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard
Model code:	5ND1, 5ND5
Dimensions:	
Overall length	1,984 mm (78.1 in)
Overall width	1,085 mm (42.7 in)
Overall height	1,120 mm (44.1 in)
Seat height	827 mm (32.6 in)
Wheelbase	1,233 mm (48.5 in)
Minimum ground clearance	245 mm (9.7 in)
Minimum turning radius	3,000 mm (118.1 in)
Basic weight:	
With oil and full fuel tank	267 kg (589 lb)
Engine:	
Engine type	Liquid-cooled 4-stroke, SOHC
Cylinder arrangement	Forward-inclined single cylinder
Displacement	421 cm ³
Bore × stroke	84.5 × 75.0 mm (3.33 × 2.95 in)
Compression ratio	10:1
Standard compression pressure (at sea level)	1,270 kPa (12.7 kg/cm², 181 psi) at 700 r/min
Starting system	Electric and recoil starter
Lubrication system:	Wet sump
Oil type or grade:	
Engine oil	
0° 10° 30° 50° 70° 90° 110° 130°F	API service SE, SF, SG type or higher
YAMALUBE 4 (20W40) or SAE 20W40	7.1. 1 331 1133 32, 31, 32 type 31 mg.la.
YAMALUBE 4 (10W30) or SAE 10W30	
SAE 5W30	
-20° -10° 0° 10° 20° 30° 40° 50°C	
Final gear oil	SAE 80API "GL-4" Hypoid Gear Oil
Differential gear oil	SAE 80API "GL-4" Hypoid Gear Oil
Oil capacity:	71
Engine oil	
Periodic oil change	2.3 L (2.0 Imp qt, 2.4 US qt)
With oil filter replacement	2.4 L (2.1 lmp qt, 2.5 US qt)
Total amount	2.6 L (2.3 Imp qt, 2.7 US qt)
Final gear case oil	
Periodic oil change	0.23 L (0.20 Imp qt, 0.24 US qt)
Total amount	0.25 L (0.22 Imp qt, 0.26 US qt)



Item		Standard
Differential gear case oil		
Periodic oil change		0.23 L (0.20 Imp qt, 0.24 US qt)
Total amount		0.28 L (0.25 Imp qt, 0.30 US qt)
Radiator capacity (including all re	outes)	1.32 L (1.16 Imp qt, 1.40 US qt)
Air filter:		Wet type element
Fuel:		
Туре		Unleaded fuel
Fuel tank capacity		15 L (3.3 lmp gal, 3.9 US gal)
Fuel reserve amount		4.5 L (0.99 Imp gal, 1.19 US gal)
Carburetor:		
Type/quantity		BSR33/1
Manufacturer		MIKUNI
Spark plug:		
Type/manufacturer		DR8EA/NGK
Spark plug gap		0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024 ~ 0.028 in)
Clutch type:		Wet, centrifugal automatic
Transmission:		
Primary reduction system		V-belt
Secondary reduction system		Spur gear
Secondary reduction ratio		39/24 × 24/18 × 33/9 (7.944)
Transmission type		V-belt automatic
Operation		Left hand operation
Single speed automatic		2.55 ~ 0.75 : 1
Sub transmission ratio	low	45/16 (2.813)
	high	38/23 (1.652)
Reverse gear		29/17 (1.706)
Chassis:		
Frame type		Steel tube frame
Caster angle		4°
Camber angle		1°
Kingpin angle		11°
Kingpin offset		-5 mm (-0.2 in)
Trail		21 mm (0.83 in)
Tread (STD)	front	850 mm (33.46 in)
	rear	825 mm (32.48 in)
Toe-in		0 ~ 10 mm (0 ~ 0.39 in)
Tire:		
Туре		Tubeless
Size	front	AT25 × 8–12
	rear	AT25 × 10–12
Manufacturer	front	CHENG SHIN
	rear	CHENG SHIN
Туре	front	M911Y
	rear	M912Y



Item		Standard
Tire pressure (cold tire):		
Maximum load*		210 kg (463 lb)
Off-road riding	front	22 ~ 28 kPa (0.22 ~ 0.28 kg/cm ² , 3.2 ~ 4.0 psi)
January 9	rear	22 ~ 28 kPa (0.22 ~ 0.28 kg/cm ² , 3.2 ~ 4.0 psi)
*Load in total weight of rider access	sories	3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3
Brake:		
Front brake	type	Dual disc brake
	operation	Right hand operation
Rear brake	type	Single disc brake
	operation	Left hand and right foot operation
Suspension:	· .	
Front suspension		Double wishbone
Rear suspension		Swingarm (monocross)
Shock absorber:		
Front shock absorber		Coil spring/oil damper
Rear shock absorber		Coil spring/oil damper
Wheel travel:		-
Front wheel travel		160 mm (6.30 in)
Rear wheel travel		180 mm (7.09 in)
Electrical:		
Ignition system		D.C. C.D.I.
Generator system		A.C. magneto
Battery type		YTX20L-BS
Battery capacity		12 V 18 Ah
Headlight type:		Krypton bulb
Bulb wattage × quantity:		
Headlight		12 V 30 W/30 W × 2
Brake/tail light		12 V 21 W/5 W
Indicator lights		
Neutral		LED×1
Reverse		LED×1
Coolant temperature		LED×1
Park position		LED×1
High gear		LED×1
Low gear		LED×1
Diff-lock		LED×1

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS | SPEC|



MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE

Iten	n	Standard	Limit
Cylinder head: Warp limit	, *		0.03 mm (0.0012 in)
Cylinder:			
Bore size		84.500 ~ 84.510 mm	84.600 mm
Taper limit		(3.3268 ~ 3.3272 in) 	(3.3307 in) 0.05 mm (0.0016 in)
Out of round limit			0.01 mm (0.0004 in)
Camshaft: Drive method		Chain drive (Loft)	
Cam dimensions		Chain drive (Left)	
	A		
Intake	"A"	40.62 ~ 40.72 mm	40.52 mm
	"B"	(1.5992 ~ 1.6031 in) 32.18 ~ 32.28 mm	(1.5953 in) 32.08 mm
	Ь	(1.2669 ~ 1.2709 in)	(1.2630 in)
Exhaust	"A"	40.62 ~ 40.72 mm	40.52 mm
	"B"	(1.5992 ~ 1.6031 in) 32.18 ~ 32.28 mm (1.2669 ~ 1.2709 in)	(1.5953 in) 32.08 mm (1.2630 in)
Camshaft runout limit			0.03 mm
_			(0.0012 in)



		_		
Item		Standard		Limit
Cam chain:				
Cam chain type/No. of link	S	DID SCR-0409 SDH/116		
Cam chain adjustment me		Automatic		
Rocker arm/rocker arm shaft				
Bearing inside diameter		12.000 ~ 12.018 mm		12.078 mm
		(0.4724 ~ 0.4731 in)		(0.4755 in)
Shaft outside diameter		11.981 ~ 11.991 mm		11.951 mm
		(0.4717 ~ 0.4721 in)		(0.4705 in)
Arm-to-shaft clearance		0.009 ~ 0.037 mm		0.080 mm
Valvo valvo sost valvo suid	0:	(0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)		(0.0031 in)
Valve, valve seat, valve guid	e: IN	0.06 ~ 0.10 mm		
Valve clearance (cold)	IIN	(0.0024 ~ 0.0039 in)		
	EX	0.16 ~ 0.20 mm		
	LA	(0.0063 ~ 0.0079 in)		
Valve dimensions		(0.0000	l	
	1.	1.	1.	
/ \				
	В	c		_
				→ _D
A ——				
Head Diameter	Face Width	,	Margin T	Thickness
"A" head diameter	IN	39.9 ~ 40.1 mm		
	ΓV	(1.5708 ~ 1.5787 in)		
	EX	33.9 ~ 34.1 mm (1.3346 ~ 1.3425 in)		
"B" face width	IN	2.26 mm (0.0890 in)		
D face width	EX	2.26 mm (0.0890 in)		
"C" seat width	IN	1.2 ~ 1.4 mm		1.6 mm
C Coat Main		(0.0472 ~ 0.0551 in)		(0.0630 in)
	EX	1.2 ~ 1.4 mm		1.6 mm
		(0.0472 ~ 0.0551 in)		(0.0630 in)
"D" margin thickness	IN	1.0 ~ 1.4 mm		
		(0.0394 ~ 0.0551 in)		
	EX	0.8 ~ 1.2 mm		
		(0.0315 ~ 0.0472 in)		
Stem outside diameter	IN	6.975 ~ 6.990 mm		6.950 mm
	ΓV	(0.2746 ~ 0.2752 in)		(0.2736 in)
	EX	6.955 ~ 6.970 mm (0.2738 ~ 0.2744 in)		6.915 mm (0.2722 in)
Guide inside diameter	IN	7.000 ~ 7.012 mm		7.030 mm
	11 4	(0.2756 ~ 0.2761 in)		(0.2768 in)
	EX	7.000 ~ 7.012 mm		7.030 mm
	<u> </u>	(0.2756 ~ 0.2761 in)		(0.2768 in)
Stem-to-guide clearance	IN	0.010 ~ 0.037 mm		0.080 mm
		(0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)		(0.0031 in)
	EX	0.030 ~ 0.057 mm		0.100 mm
		(0.0012 ~ 0.0022 in)		(0.0039 in)

| (0.0012 ~ 0.0022 in)
| Not For Resale



Item		Standard	Limit
Stem runout limit			0.01 mm (0.0004 in)
	7		
Valve seat width	IN	1.2 ~ 1.4 mm	
	EX	(0.0472 ~ 0.0551 in) 1.2 ~ 1.4 mm (0.0472 ~ 0.0551 in)	
Valve spring:			
Inner spring		44 ==	
Free length	IN	39.9 mm (1.57 in)	37.9 mm (1.49 in)
	EX	39.9 mm (1.57 in)	37.9 mm (1.49 in)
Set length (valve closed)	IN	33.6 mm (1.32 in)	
	EX	33.6 mm (1.32 in)	
Compressed pressure	INI	104.0 120.0 N (40.70	
(installed)	IN	104.9 ~ 120.6 N (10.70 ~ 12.30 kg, 23.58 ~ 27.11 lb)	
	EX	104.9 ~ 120.6 N (10.70 ~ 12.30 kg, 23.58 ~ 27.11 lb)	
Tilt limit *	IN		2.5°/1.6 mm (2.5°/0.06 in)
	EX		2.5°/1.6 mm
Direction of winding	-//		(2.5°/0.06 in)
Direction of winding (top view)	IN	Counterclockwise	
(EX	Counterclockwise	
Outer spring			
Free length	IN	43.27 mm (1.70 in)	41.27 mm (1.62 in)
	EX	43.27 mm (1.70 in)	41.27 mm (1.62 in)
Set length (valve closed)	IN EX	36.6 mm (1.44 in) 36.6 mm (1.44 in)	
Compressed pressure	LA	00.0 11111 (1.44 111)	
(installed)	IN	235.4 ~ 251.1 N (24.00 ~ 25.60 kg, 52.91 ~ 56.45 lb)	
	Not For	235.4 ~ 251.1 N (24.00 ~ 235.4 ~ 251.1 N (24.00 ~	



Item	Standard	Limit
Tilt limit * IN		2.5°/1.6 mm
		(2.5°/0.06 in)
EX		2.5°/1.6 mm
 *		(2.5°/0.06 in)
777777777777777777777777777777777777777		
Direction of winding		
(top view) IN	Clockwise	
EX	Clockwise	
Piston:		
Piston to cylinder clearance	0.040 ~ 0.065 mm	0.150 mm
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(0.0016 ~ 0.0026 in)	(0.0059 in)
Piston size "D"	84.445 ~ 84.460 mm	
	(3.3246 ~ 3.3252 in)	
		
H		
/ D- /		
Measuring point "H"	5 mm (0.20 in)	
Piston off-set	0.5 mm (0.0200 in)	
Offset direction	Intake side	
Piston pin bore inside diameter	20.004 ~ 20.015 mm	20.045 mm
ston pin boto moido diamotor	(0.7876 ~ 0.7880 in)	(0.7892 in)
Piston pin outside diameter	19.991 ~ 20.000 mm	19.971 mm
. Istan p.i. datalad didiliotol	(0.7870 ~ 0.7874 in)	(0.7863 in)
Piston rings:	((= : = : : :)
Top ring		
]). 1	В	
T T		
Туре	Barrel	
Dimensions (B × T)	1.0 × 3.1 mm	
	(0.03937 × 0.1220 in)	
End gap (installed)	0.20 ~ 0.40 mm	0.65 mm
	(0.0079 ~ 0.0157 in)	(0.0256 in)
Side clearance (installed)	0.03 ~ 0.07 mm	0.12 mm
	(0.0012 ~ 0.0028 in)	(0.0047 in)



Item	Standard	Limit
2nd ring		
□ ↓ B		
Type	Taper	
Dimensions (B \times T)	1.0 × 3.6 mm	
	(0.0394 × 0.1417 in)	0.05
End gap (installed)	0.40 ~ 0.60 mm (0.0157 ~ 0.0236 in)	0.95 mm (0.0374 in)
Side clearance	0.02 ~ 0.06 mm	0.12 mm
Oil ring	(0.0008 ~ 0.0024 in)	(0.0047 in)
Sir Ting B T		
Dimensions (B × T)	2.0 × 2.8 mm	
	$(0.0787 \times 0.1102 \text{ in})$	
End gap (installed)	0.2 ~ 0.7 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0276 in)	
Crankshaft:	(0.0079 ~ 0.0276 111)	
C1 C2		
Crank width "A"	62.95 ~ 63.00 mm (2.4783 ~ 2.4803 in)	
Runout limit C1		0.03 mm
C2		(0.0012 in) 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)
Big end side clearance "B"	0.25 ~ 0.75 mm (0.0098 ~ 0.0295 in)	1.00 mm (0.0394 in)
Big end radial clearance "E"	0.010 ~ 0.025 mm (0.0004 ~ 0.0010 in)	
Balancer:		
Balancer drive method	Gear	
Automatic centrifugal clutch: Clutch shoe thickness	1.5 mm (0.06 in)	1.0 mm
	1.5 mm (0.06 in)	(0.04 in)
Clutch-in revolution	1,960 ~ 2,240 r/min	
Clutch-stall revolution	3,300 ~ 3,900 r/min	



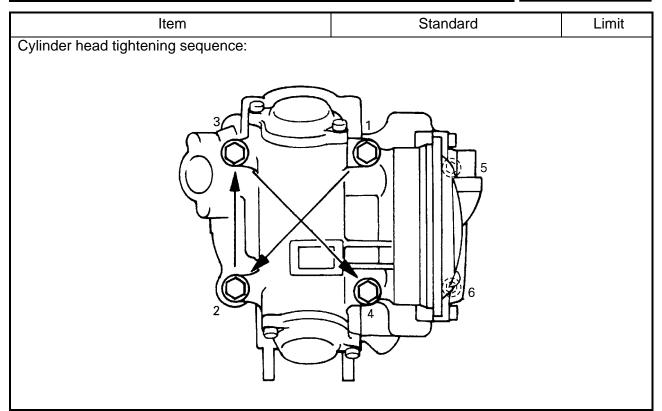
		-	<u> </u>
Item		Standard	Limit
Transmission:			
Main axle deflection limit			0.06 mm
			(0.0024 in)
Drive axle deflection limit			0.06 mm
			(0.0024 in)
Shifter:			
Shifter type		Shift cam and guide bar	
Air filter oil grade:		Engine oil	
Carburetor:			
I. D. mark		5ND1 00	
Main jet	(M.J)	#131.3	
Main air jet	(M.A.J)	#50	
Jet needle	(J.N)	5EP13-55-3	
Needle jet	(N.J)	P-0M	
Pilot air jet	(P.A.J.1)	#80	
Pilot air jet	(P.A.J.2)	1.3	
Pilot outlet	(P.O)	0.95	
Pilot jet	(P.J)	#17.5	
Bypass 1	(B.P.1)	0.8	
Bypass 2	(B.P.2)	0.8	
Bypass 3	(B.P.3)	0.8	
Valve seat size	(V.S)	2.0	
Starter jet	(G.S.1)	#70	
Starter jet	(G.S.2)	0.9	
Throttle valve size	(Th.V)	#90	
Float height	(F.H)	13 mm (0.51 in)	
Fuel level	(F.L)	4.0 ~ 5.0 mm (0.16 ~ 0.20 in)	
Engine idle speed		1,450 ~ 1,550 r/min	
Intake vacuum		32 kPa (240 mmHg, 9.45 inHg)	
Oil pump:			
Oil filter type		Foam	
Oil pump type		Trochoid	
Tip clearance "A" or "B"		0.15 mm (0.006 in)	0.20 mm
·		, , ,	(0.008 in)
Side clearance		0.04 ~ 0.09 mm	
		(0.002 ~ 0.004 in)	
Bypass valve setting pressure		78 ~ 118 kPa (0.78 ~	
		1.18 kg/cm ² , 11.3 ~ 17.11 psi)	
Oil pressure (hot)		7 kPa (0.07 kg/cm², 1.02 psi) at	
		1,500 r/min	
Pressure check location		Cylinder head	



Item	Standard	Limit			
Cooling system:					
Radiator core					
Width	300 mm (11.8 in)				
Height	208 mm (8.19 in)				
Thickness	26 mm (1.02 in)				
Radiator cap opening pressure	93.7 ~ 122.6 kPa (0.937 ~				
	1.226 kg/cm ² , 13.32 ~ 17.43 psi)				
Radiator capacity	0.70 L (0.62 Imp qt, 0.74 US qt)				
Coolant reservoir					
Capacity	0.39 L (0.34 Imp qt, 0.41 US qt)				
From low to full level	0.15 L (0.13 Imp qt, 0.16 US qt)				
Water pump:					
Туре	Single suction centrifugal pump				
Reduction ratio	38/32 (1.188)				
Thermostat:					
Valve opening temperature	63.5 ~ 66.5 °C (146.3 ~ 151.7 °F)				
Valve full open temperature	80 °C (176 °F)				
Valve lift-full open	3 mm (0.12 in)				
Shaft drive:	(
Middle gear backlash	0.1 ~ 0.3 mm (0.004 ~ 0.012 in)				
Final gear backlash	0.1 ~ 0.2 mm (0.004 ~ 0.008 in)				
Differential gear backlash	0.05 ~ 0.25 mm				
Lubrication chart:	(0.0020 ~ 0.0098 in)				
Lubrication chart.					
Pressure feed					
──→ Splashed scavenge					
3, 33, 33, 33, 33,					
	001(1				
	Cam Shaft				
		\neg			
	 				
Crark Pin	Rocker Arm V	alve			
Crank Pin	Nockel Allii	aive			
	Oil Filter				
	On Title!				
Piston Pin	Bypass Transmission				
1 13011 1 1310111 111	Bypass Transmission Valve				
	 				
Clutch	Timing Chain A	rea			
	Oil Pump				
	1				
		/			
Oil Strainer					
Not For	Resale	/			

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS







Tightening torques

Part to be tightened	Part	Thread	Q'ty	Tight	ening to	orque	Domorko
Part to be tightened	name	size	Qty	Nm	m-kg	ft⋅lb	Remarks
Cylinder head oil passage	Union bolt	M6	1	7	0.7	5.1	
Cylinder head (exhaust pipe)	Stud bolt	M8	2	15	1.5	11	
Cylinder head	Bolt	M10	4	40	4.0	29	
	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Camshaft sprocket cover baffle plate	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	-(6
Camshaft bearing retainer	Bolt	M6	2	8	0.8	5.8	
Spark plug		M12	1	18	1.8	13	
Coolant drain bolt (cylinder)	Bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Starter clutch	Bolt	M10	1	50	5.0	36	
Camshaft sprocket	Bolt	M10	1	60	6.0	43	
Timing chain tensioner cap	Bolt	M11	1	23	2.3	17	
Timing chain tensioner	Bolt	M6	2	11	1.1	8.0	
Timing chain guide (intake)	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	- (©
Valve adjusting screw	Nut	M7	2	20	2.0	14	
Radiator	Bolt	M6	2	7	0.7	5.1	
Oil pump assembly	Screw	M6	3	8	0.8	5.8	
Oil pump	Screw	M6	1	7	0.7	5.1	
Oil strainer cover	Plug	M35	1	32	3.2	23	
Oil drain bolt	Bolt	M14	1	23	2.3	17	
Oil pump drive gear	Nut	M14	1	50	5.0	36	
Oil delivery pipe	Union bolt	M8	2	18	1.8	13	
Oil filter bolt	Union bolt	M20	1	63	6.3	45	⊸ (E
Oil filter cartridge		M20	1	17	1.7	12	
Intake manifold	Bolt	M8	2	20	2.0	14	
Muffler and exhaust pipe	Bolt	M8	2	15	1.5	11	
Exhaust pipe	Nut	M8	2	20	2.0	14	
Muffler	Bolt	M10	2	25	2.5	18	
Exhaust pipe stay	Bolt	M6	2	14	1.4	10	
Crankcase cover	Screw	M6	4	8	0.8	5.8	-(G
Oil seal retainer	Screw	M5	3	7	0.7	5.1	
Drive belt case cover	Bolt	M6	12	10	1.0	7.2	
Crankcase oil passage plug	Plug	M18	1	55	5.5	40	
Bearing retainer (right crankcase)	Screw	M6	1	11	1.1	8.0	- (t)
Plug (right crankcase)	Bolt	M8	1	15	1.5	11	
Bearing retainer (left crankcase)	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	-(G
Crankcase cover (left)	Bolt	M6	12	10	1.0	7.2	
Recoil starter	Bolt	M6	4	10	1.0	7.2	-(G
Starter one-way clutch	Bolt	M8	6	30	3.0	22	⊣ (
Clutch carrier assembly	Nut	M22	1	140	14	100	Stake
Middle drive shaft bearing retainer	Torx screw	M8	4	25	2.5	18	⊣⑤



Part to be tightened	Part	Thread	Q'ty	Tight	ening to	orque	Remarks
r art to be tigntened	name	size	Q ty	Nm	m-kg	ft∙lb	IVEIIIAINS
Middle driven shaft drive pinion gear	Nut	M22	1	130	13	94	Stake
Middle drive shaft bearing housing	Bolt	M8	6	32	3.2	23	
Middle driven gear bearing retainer	Nut	M65	1	110	11	80	- (G
							Left-hand threads
Yoke (middle driven gear)	Nut	M14	1	97	9.7	70	-(6)
Middle driven gear bearing housing	Bolt	M8	4	25	2.5	18	
Middle driven shaft bearing retainer	Nut	M55	1	80	8.0	58	Left-hand threads
Shift arm	Bolt	M6	1	14	1.4	10	Leit-nand threads
Shift rod	Nut	M8	2	15	1.5	11	
Primary sheave assembly	Nut	M16	1	100	10.0	72	
Secondary sheave assembly	Nut	M16	1	100	10.0	72	
Secondary sheave spring retainer	Nut	M36	1	90	9.0	65	
Shift lever 2	Bolt	M6	1	14	1.4	10	
Shift control cable	_	M12	1	6	0.6	4.3	
Select lever unit	Bolt	M8	3	15	1.5	11	
Shift cam ball holding bolt	_	M14	1	18	1.8	13	
CDI unit	Screw	M6	1	2	0.2	1.4	
Neutral switch	_	M10	1	20	2.0	14	
Reverse switch		M10	1	20	2.0	14	
Stator assembly	Screw	M6	3	7	0.7	5.1	- [17
Pickup coil	Bolt	M5	2	7	0.7	5.1	-(6)
Ignition coil	Bolt	M6	2	7	0.7	5.1	7
Thermo switch (cylinder head)	_	PT1/8	1	8	0.8	5.8	- [G
Speed sensor	Bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	-(G)
Thermo switch (radiator)	_	M18	1	28	2.8	20	•
Tappet covers	Bolt	M6	4	10	1.0	7.2	
Coolant drain bolt (water pump)	Bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Coolant inlet joint	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Bearing housing	Bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Primary pulley sheave cap	Screw	M4	4	3	0.3	2.2	
Clutch housing assembly	Bolt	M6	8	10	1.0	7.2	
Clutch housing assembly cover	Bolt	M6	5	10	1.0	7.2	
Starter motor	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Shift lever cover	Bolt	M6	4	10	1.0	7.2	
Crankcase (right)	Bolt	M6	3	10	1.0	7.2	
Stopper lever	Bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Yoke (middle driven shaft)	Nut	M14	1	97	9.7	70	-(G
Thermostat cover	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	_
Water pump outlet pipe	Bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Water pump assembly	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Low-range switch	_	M10	1	20	2.0	14	
High-range switch	_	M10	1	20	2.0	14	



CHASSIS

Item		Standard	Limit
Steering system:			
Steering bearing type		Ball and race bearing	
Front suspension:		_	
Shock absorber travel		99 mm (3.90 in)	
Fork spring free length		265 mm (10.43 in)	
Spring fitting length		215.8 mm (8.50 in)	
Spring rate	(K1)	15 N/mm (1.53 kg/mm, 85.68 lb/in)	
Stroke	(K1)	0 ~ 99 mm (0 ~ 3.90 in)	
Optional spring		No	
Rear suspension:			
Shock absorber travel		126 mm (4.96 in)	
Spring free length		317 mm (12.48 in)	
Spring fitting length		283 mm (11.14 in)	
Spring rate	(K1)	30.4 N/mm	
		(3.10 kg/mm, 173.60 lb/in)	
Stroke	(K1)	0 ~ 126 mm (0 ~ 4.96 in)	
Optional spring		No	
Swingarm:			
Free play limit	end		1 mm
			(0.04 in)
	side		1 mm
Front wheel:			(0.04 in)
Type		Panel wheel	
Rim size		12 × 6.0 AT	
Rim material		Steel	
Rim runout limit	radial	Steel	2 mm
Kim ranout iimit	radiai		(0.08 in)
	lateral		2 mm
	1010101		(0.08 in)
Rear wheel:			•
Type		Panel wheel	
Rim size		12 × 7.5 AT	
Rim material		Steel	
Rim runout limit	radial		2 mm
			(0.08 in)
	lateral		2 mm
			(0.08 in)



			·
Item		Standard	Limit
Front disc brake:			
Туре		Dual	
Disc outside diameter × thickness	3	200.0 × 3.5 mm (7.87 ~ 0.14 in)	
Pad thickness	inner	4.5 mm (0.18 in)	1 mm (0.04 in)
Pad thickness	outer	4.5 mm (0.18 in)	1 mm (0.04 in)
Master cylinder inside diameter		14 mm (0.55 in)	
Caliper cylinder inside diameter		32 mm (1.26 in)	
Brake fluid type		DOT 4	
Rear disc brake:			
Туре		Single	
Disc outside diameter × thickness	3	220.0 × 3.5 mm (8.66 ~ 0.14 in)	
Pad thickness	inner	5.6 mm (0.22 in)	1 mm (0.04 in)
Pad thickness	outer	5.6 mm (0.22 in)	1 mm (0.04 in)
Master cylinder inside diameter		14 mm (0.55 in)	
Caliper cylinder inside diameter		32.03 mm (1.26 in)	
Brake fluid type		DOT 4	
Brake lever and brake pedal:			
Brake lever free play (pivot)	front	0 mm (0 in)	
	rear	0.5 ~ 2 mm (0.02 ~ 0.08 in)	
Brake pedal position		70 ~ 80 mm (2.76 ~ 3.15 in)	
Throttle lever free play		3 ~ 5 mm (0.12 ~ 0.20 in)	



Tightening torques

Dart to be tightened	Thread size	Tight	ening to	Remarks	
Part to be tightened	Thread Size	Nm	m-kg	ft∙lb	Remarks
Engine bracket (front-upper) and frame	M8	33	3.3	24	
Engine bracket (front-lower) and frame	M8	33	3.3	24	
Engine bracket (front-upper) and engine	M10	42	4.2	30	
Engine bracket (front-lower) and engine	M10	42	4.2	30	
Engine and frame	M10	56	5.6	40	
Frame and bearing retainer (steering stem holder bearing)	M42	40	4.0	29	
Select lever assembly and frame	M8	23	2.3	17	
Swingarm	M12	82	8.2	60	
Rear shock absorber and frame	M12	82	8.2	60	
Final gear case and swingarm	M10	63	6.3	45	-(£7
Final gear case and rear axle housing	M10	63	6.3	46	
Swingarm and rear axle housing	M10	63	6.3	46	
Differential gear case and frame	M10	55	5.5	40	
Front arm and frame	M10	45	4.5	32	LS
Front shock absorber and frame	M10	45	4.5	32	_
Front shock absorber and upper front arm	M10	45	4.5	32	
Steering stem, pitman arm and frame	M14	130	13.0	94	LS
Steering stem holder and frame	M8	23	2.3	17	Use lock washer
Steering stem and handlebar holder	M8	23	2.3	17	
Pitman arm and tie-rod end	M12	30	3.0	22	
Tie-rod and locknut	M12	40	4.0	29	
Steering knuckle and upper front arm	M12	30	3.0	22	
Steering knuckle and lower front arm	M12	30	3.0	22	
Steering knuckle and tie-rod	M12	30	3.0	22	
Fuel tank and fuel cock	M6	4	0.4	2.9	
Front wheel and wheel hub	M10	64	6.4	46	
Front axle and wheel hub	M16	150	15.0	110	
Steering knuckle and brake caliper	M8	30	3.0	22	
Front brake disc and wheel hub	M8	30	3.0	22	-(G
Rear wheel and rear wheel hub	M10	55	5.5	40	
Rear axle and nut	M16	150	15.0	110	
Rear axle housing and rear brake caliper	M8	30	3.0	22	
Rear brake disc and brake disc bracket	M8	28	2.8	20	- (17
Front brake pipe nut	M10	19	1.9	13	
Front brake hose union bolt	M10	27	2.7	19	
Rear brake hose union bolt	M10	30	3.0	22	
Bleed screw	M8	6	0.6	4.3	
Master cylinder and handlebar	M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Footrest and frame	M8	16	1.6	11	



Down to be tightened	Throad size	Tight	ening to	Damarka	
Part to be tightened	Thread size	Nm	m-kg	ft∙lb	Remarks
Front bumper and frame	M8	33	3.3	24	
Front carrier and frame	M8	33	3.3	24	
Front carrier and front bumper	M8	33	3.3	24	
Rear carrier and frame	M8	33	3.3	24	
Differential gear case filler bolt	M14	23	2.3	16	
Differential gear case drain bolt	M10	10	1.0	7	
Differential gear case and bearing housing	M8	25	2.5	18	
Gear motor	M8	13	1.3	9.4	
Final gear case oil filler bolt	M14	23	2.3	16	
Final gear case oil drain bolt	M14	23	2.3	16	
Bearing retainer (drive pinion gear)	M65	100	10.0	72	
Final gear case and bearing housing	M10	40	4.0	29	
Final gear case and bearing housing	M8	23	2.3	17	
Battery holding bracket	M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Footrest board and footrest bracket	M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Yoke (drive pinion gear)	M12	62	6.2	45	
Trailer hitch bracket	M10	32	3.2	23	
Front brake pad holding bolt	M10	18	1.8	13	
Rear brake pad holding bolt	M10	18	1.8	13	
Rear brake master cylinder bracket	M8	23	2.3	17	
Brake outer cable bracket	M8	23	2.3	17	
Brake master cylinder cover	M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Front brake caliper retaining bolt	M8	30	3.0	22	
Air duct (front)	M6	7	0.7	5.1	



ELECTRICAL

Item	Standard	Limit
Voltage:	12 V	
Ignition system:		
Ignition timing (B.T.D.C.)	10°/ 1,500 r/min	
C.D.I.:		
Magneto model/manufacturer	F4T46471/MITSUBISHI	
Pickup coil resistance/color	459 ~ 561 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)/	
	White/Red – White/Green	
Rotor rotation direction sensing coil	0.085 ~ 0.105 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)/	
resistance/color	Red – White/Blue	
C.D.I. unit model/manufacturer	F8T38678/MITSUBISHI	
Ignition coil:		
Model/manufacturer	2JN/MORIYAMA	
Minimum spark gap	6 mm (0.24 in)	
Primary winding resistance	0.18 ~ 0.28 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Secondary winding resistance	6.32 ~ 9.48 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Spark plug cap:		
Туре	Resin type	
Resistance	10 kΩ	
Charging system:		
Type	A.C. magneto generator	
Model/manufacturer	F4T464/MITSUBISHI	
Nominal output	14 V 14 A at 3,000 r/min	
Charging coil resistance/color	0.41 ~ 0.61 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)/	
	White – White	
Rectifier/regulator:		
Regulator type	Semi conductor-short circuit	
No load regulated voltage (DC)	14.1 ~ 14.9 V	
Model/manufacturer	SH640E-11/SHINDENGEN	
Capacity	14 A	
Withstand voltage	200 V	
Electric starter system:		
Туре	Constantmesh type	
Starter motor		
Model/manufacturer	SM-13/MITSUBA	
Output	0.8 kW	
Armature coil resistance	0.025 ~ 0.035 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	



Item	Standard	Limit
Brush overall length	12.5 mm (0.49 in)	5 mm
Brush overall length	12.5 11111 (0.49 111)	(0.20 in)
Spring force	7.65 ~ 10.01 N (780 ~ 1,020 g, 27.54 ~ 36.03 oz)	
Commutator diameter	28 mm (1.10 in)	27 mm (1.06 in)
Mica undercut	0.7 mm (0.03 in)	
Starter relay		
Model/manufacturer	MS5F-561/JIDECO	
Amperage rating	180 A	
Coil winding resistance	4.18 ~ 4.62 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Four-wheel drive relay 1:	,	
Model/manufacturer	5DM/OMRON	
Coil winding resistance	94.5 ~ 115.5 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Four-wheel drive relay 2:	,	
Model/manufacturer	5DM/OMRON	
Coil winding resistance	94.5 ~ 115.5 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Four-wheel drive relay 3:		
Model/manufacturer	29U/MATSUSHITA	
Coil winding resistance	72 ~ 88 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Electric fan:		
Running rpm	3,500 r/min	
Thermostat switch:		
Thermostat switch 1		
Model/manufacturer	5KM/DENSO	
Thermostat switch 2		
Model/manufacturer	5ND/NIPPON THERMOSTAT	
Circuit breaker:		
Туре	Fuse	
Amperage for individual circuit		
Main fuse	30 A × 1	
Headlight fuse	15 A × 1	
Ignition fuse	10 A × 1	
Auxiliary DC jack fuse	10 A × 1	
Four-wheel drive fuse	3 A × 1	
Signaling system fuse	10 A × 1	
Back up fuse (odometer)	10 A × 1	
Reserve	30 A × 1	
Reserve	15 A × 1	
Reserve	10 A × 1	
Reserve	3 A × 1	

HOW TO USE THE CONVERSION TABLE/ GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS



EB201000

HOW TO USE THE CONVERSION TABLE

All specification data in this manual are listed in SI and METRIC UNITS.

Use this table to convert METRIC unit data to IMPERIAL unit data.

Ex.

METRIC		MULTIPLIER		IMPERIAL
** mm	×	0.03937	=	** in
2 mm	×	0.03937	=	0.08 in

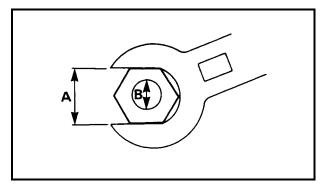
CONVERSION TABLE

	METRIC TO IMPERIAL						
	Metric unit	Imperial unit					
Torque	m·kg m·kg cm·kg cm·kg	7.233 86.794 0.0723 0.8679	ft·lb in·lb ft·lb in·lb				
Weight	kg g	2.205 0.03527	lb oz				
Speed km/hr 0		0.6214	mph				
Distance m cm mm		0.6214 3.281 1.094 0.3937 0.03937	mi ft yd in in				
Volume/Ca cc (cm³) cc (cm³) lt (liter)		0.03527 0.06102 0.8799 0.2199	oz (IMP liq.) cu·in qt (IMP liq.) gal (IMP liq.)				
Misc.	kg/mm kg/cm² Centigrade (°C)	55.997 14.2234 9/5+32	lb/in psi (lb/in²) Fahrenheit (°F)				

EB20200

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are provided for each chapter of this manual. To avoid warpage, tighten multifastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until the specified torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications require clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.



A: Distance between flats

B: Outside thread diameter

A (nut)	B (bolt)		neral tore	•
(Hut)	(DOIL)	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb
10 mm	6 mm	6	0.6	4.3
12 mm	8 mm	15	1.5	11
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40
19 mm	14 mm	85	8.5	61
22 mm	16 mm	130	13.0	94

LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES |SPEC|

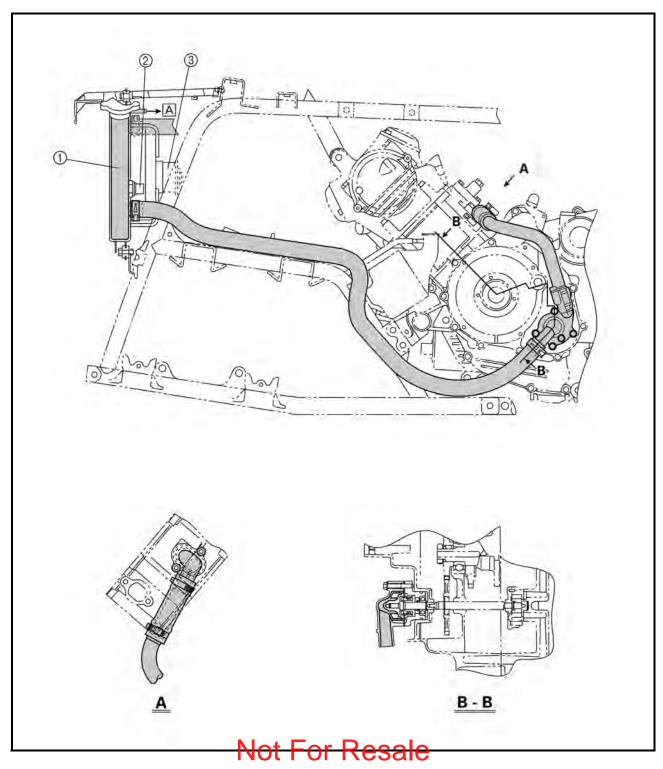


LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES ENGINE

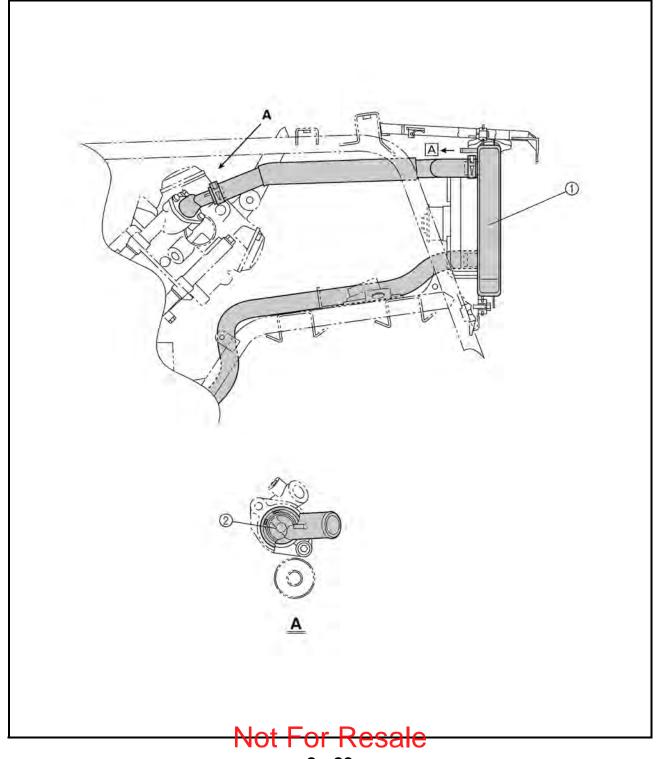
Lubrication points	Lubricant type
Oil seal lips (all)	
O-ring (all)	
Bearings (all)	⊸ €
Crank pin	⊸ €
Connecting rod (bearing)	⊸ €
Camshaft sprocket	
Crankshaft	— ©
Piston surface/piston rings	⊸ €
Piston pin	⊸ €
Baffer boss	⊸ €
Valve stem/valve stem end	⊸ ⊚
Rocker arm shaft	⊸ €
Rocker arm	
Camshaft lobe/journal	
Cylinder head bolt	⊸ €
Oil pump shaft, rotor, housing	⊸ €
Oil filter O-ring	⊸ €
Starter idle gear shaft	⊸ €
Transmission gear (wheel/pinion)	⊸ ⊚
Axle (main/drive)	⊸ ⊚
Shift fork/guide bar	⊸ €
Shift cam/shift shaft/shift cam stopper ball	— (E)
Shift lever (select lever)/shift guide	
Shift cam lever	⊸ @
Stopper lever	⊸ €
Clutch housing	⊸ €
One-way bearing	
Drive chain/sprocket	⊸ €
Driven cam	
Front drive shaft collar	⊸ €
Crankcase mating surfaces	Sealant (Quick Gasket®) Yamaha Bond No.1215
Stater lead grommet (left side crankcase)	Sealant (Quick Gasket®) Yamaha Bond No.1215

COOLANT FLOW DIAGRAMS

- ① Radiator
- ② Thermo switch
- ③ Fan motor
- A To coolant reservoir

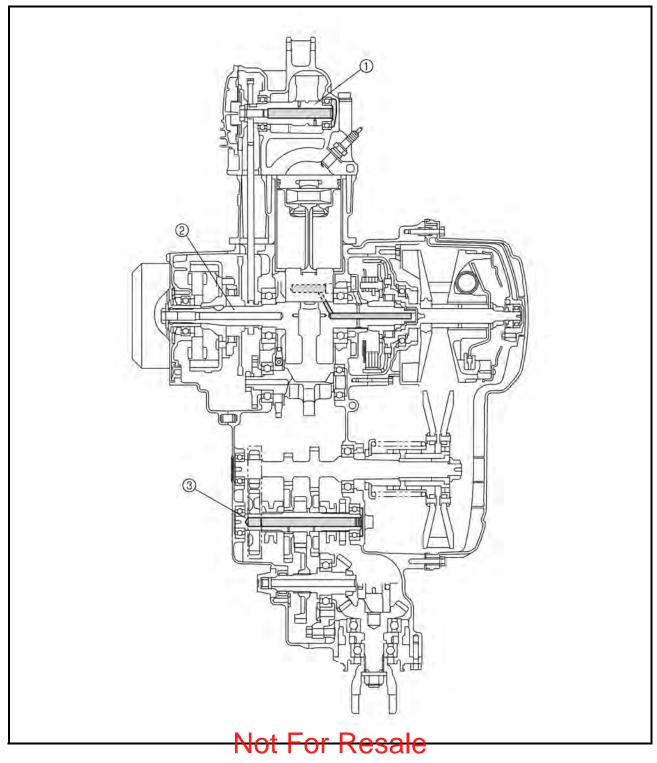


- ① Radiator
- ② Thermostat
- A To coolant reservoir

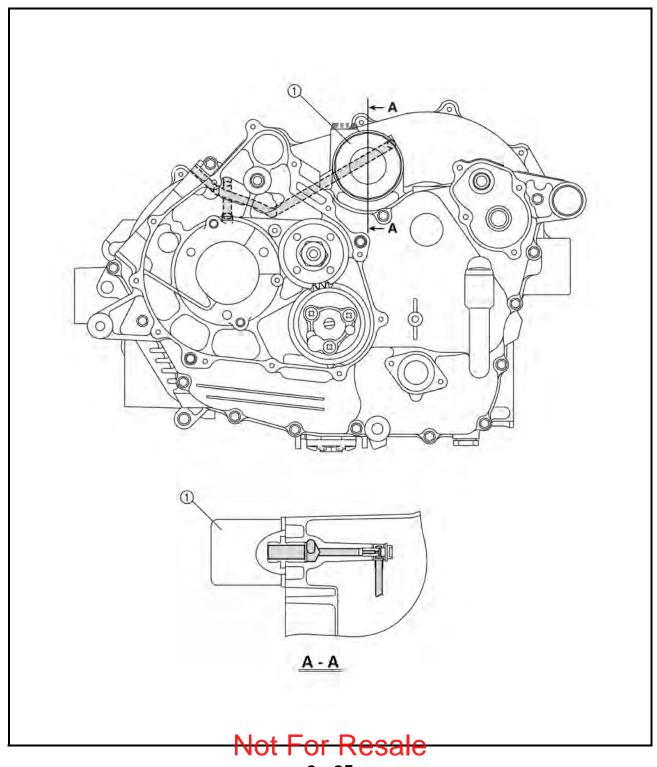


OIL FLOW DIAGRAMS

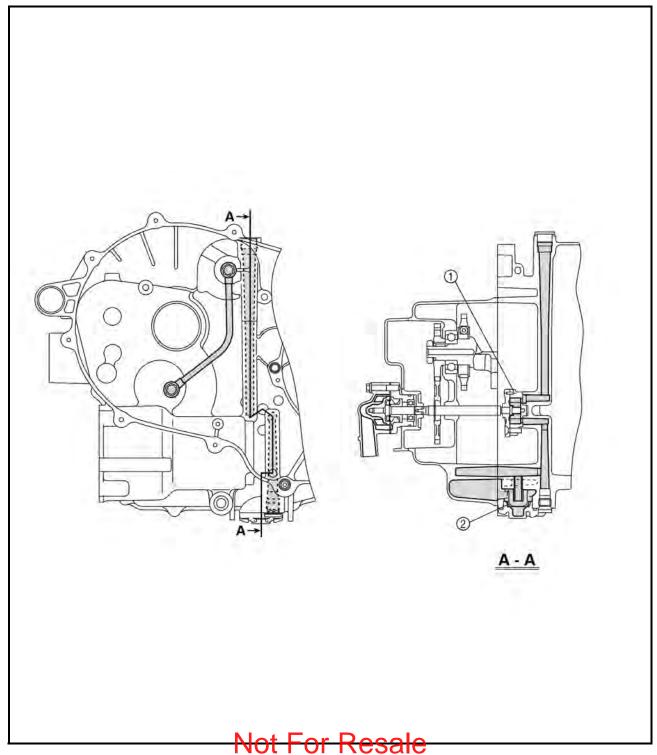
- ① Camshaft
- ② Crankshaft
- ③ Drive axle



1) Oil filter



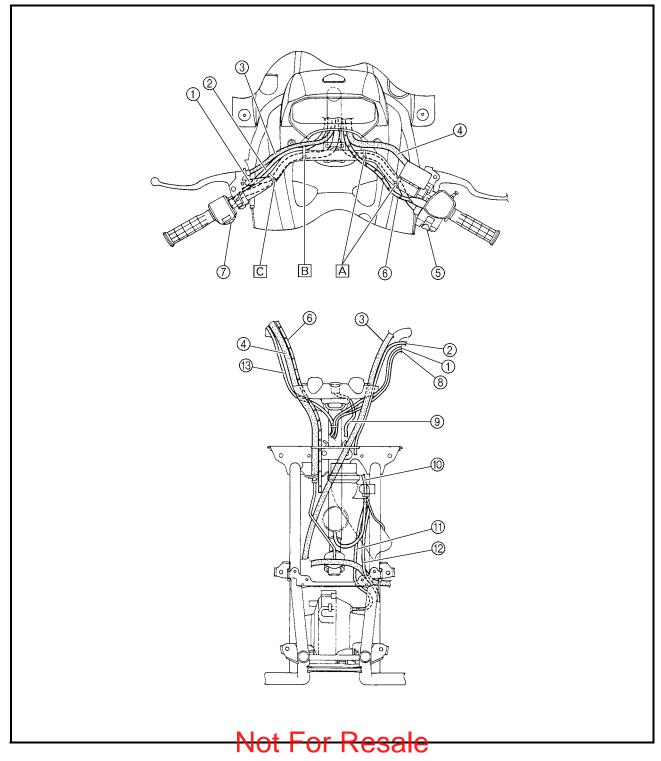
- Oil pump
 Oil strainer



CABLE ROUTING

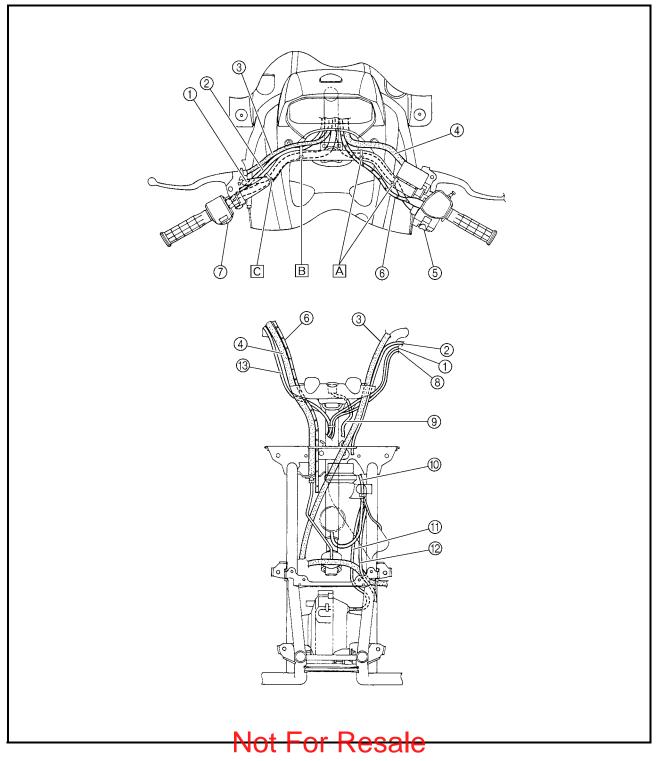
- ① Rear brake switch lead
- ② Starter cable
- ③ Rear brake cable
- 4 Front brake hose
- ⑤ On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch
- 6 Throttle cable
- 7 Handlebar switch
- (8) Handlebar switch lead

- Main switch lead
- 1 Fan motor breather hose
- 1) Differential gear case breather hose
- ② Sub-wire harness (to gear motor)
- On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch lead

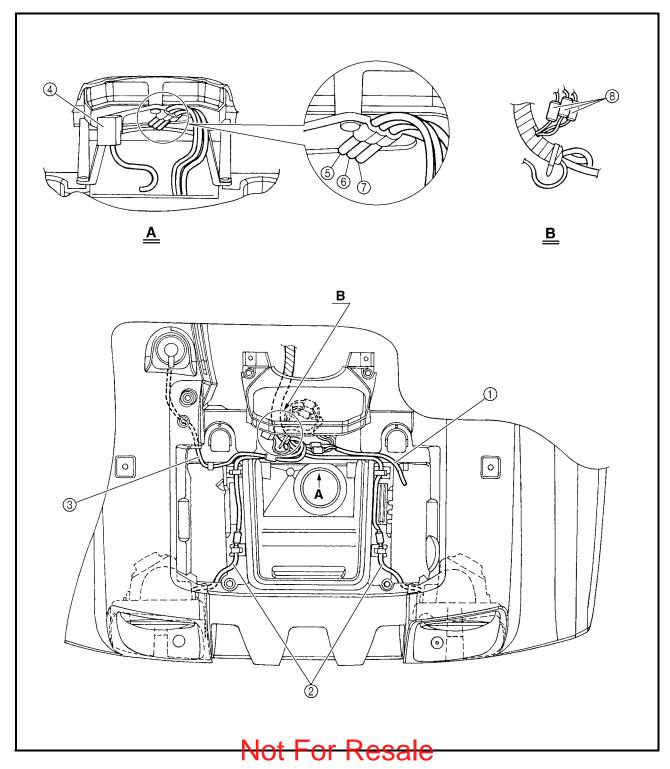




- A Fasten the on-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch lead behind the handlebar with a plastic band.
- B Fasten the starter cable, handlebar switch lead and rear brake switch lead behind the handlebar with a plastic band.
- © Fasten the handlebar switch lead and rear brake switch lead behind the handlebar with a plastic band.



- ① Sub-wire harness
- ② Headlight lead
- 3 Auxiliary DC jack lead
- 4 Four-wheel drive relay 3
- ⑤ Fan motor breather hose
- ⑥ Differential gear case breather hose
- ⑦ Coolant reservoir breather hose
- ® Meter assembly coupler

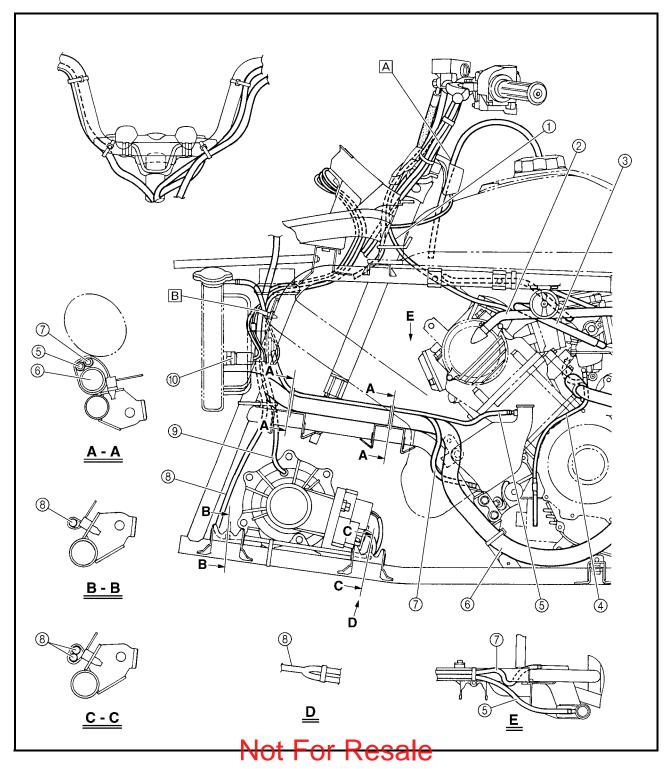


CABLE ROUTING |SPEC



- 1) Starter cable
- ② Cylinder head breather hose
- ③ Fuel hose
- (4) Carburetor drain hose
- (5) Coolant reservoir breather hose
- (6) Radiator outlet hose
- ⑦ Coolant reservoir hose
- Sub-wire harness
- Differential gear case breather hose
- 10 Thermo switch 2

- A Insert the fuel tank breather hose into the hole of the handlebar cover.
- B Fasten the sub-wire harness, differential gear case breather hose, coolant reservoir hose, coolant reservoir breather hose, thermo switch lead 2 and fan motor breather hose with a plastic band.

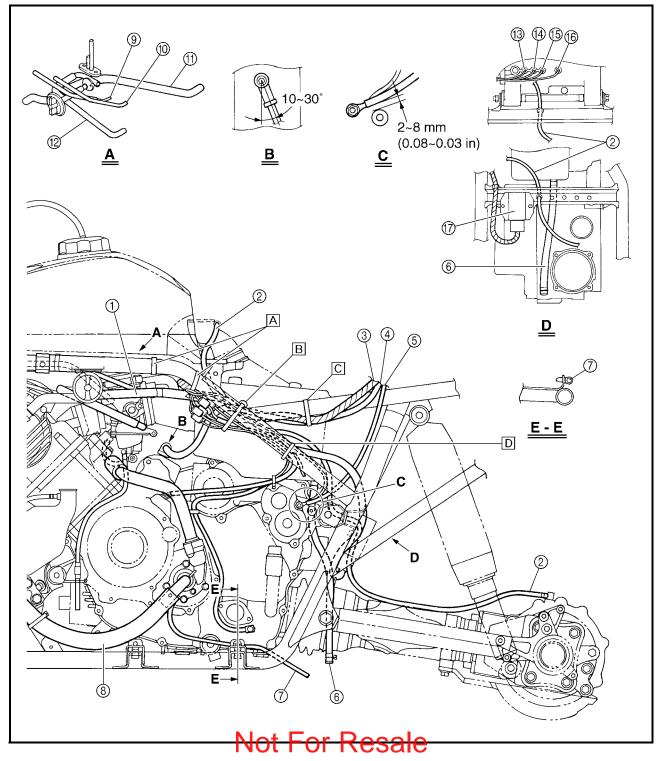


CABLE ROUTING |SPEC



- 1) Cylinder head breather hose
- ② Final drive gear case breather hose
- ③ Wire harness
- 4 Starter motor lead
- **(5)** Negative battery lead
- (6) Air filter case check hose
- 7 Water pump breather hose
- ® Radiator outlet hose
- Starter cable
- (1) Float chamber air vent hose
- (1) Cylinder head breather hose

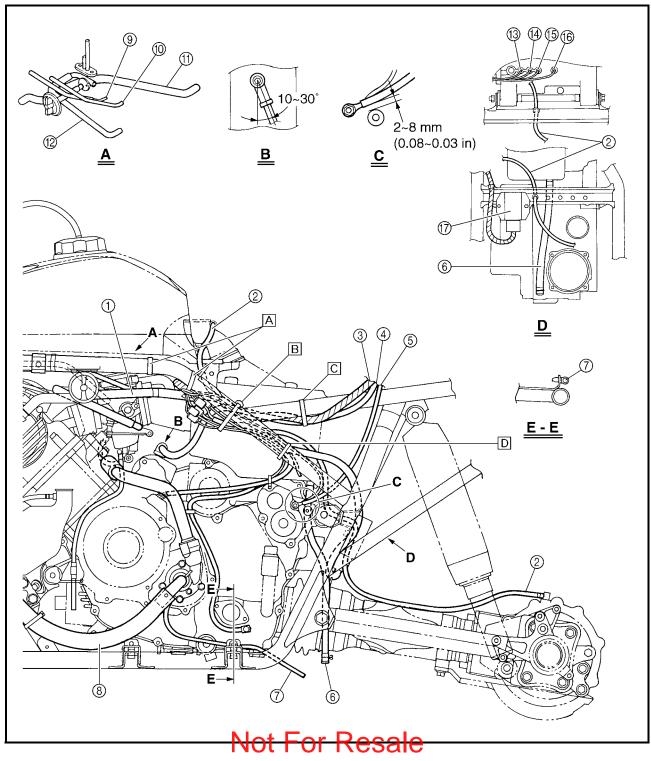
- 12) Fuel hose
- 13 Low-range switch
- 14 High-range switch
- (5) Neutral switch lead
- 16 Reverse switch lead
- Rectifier/regulator



CABLE ROUTING |SPEC

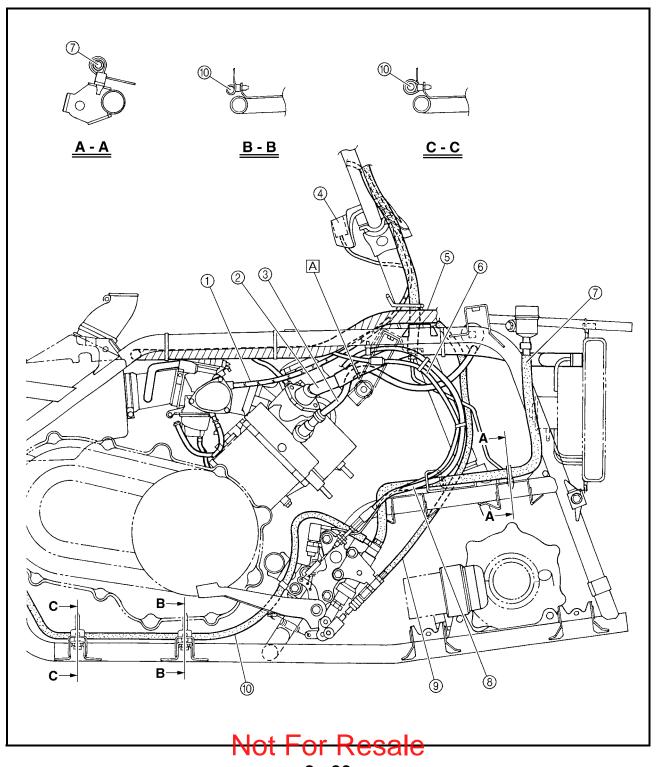


- A Fasten the wire harness with a plastic band.
- B Fasten the starter motor lead, wire harness, negative battery lead, final gear case breather hose, rectifier/regulator lead, low-range switch lead, high-range switch lead, neutral switch lead, reverse switch lead, speed sensor lead and A.C. magneto lead with a plastic band.
- © Fasten the wire harness, starter motor lead with a plastic band.
- ☐ Fasten the low-range switch lead, high-range switch lead, neutral switch lead, reverse switch lead, speed sensor lead, A.C. magneto lead, rectifier/regulator lead and negative battery lead with a plastic band.

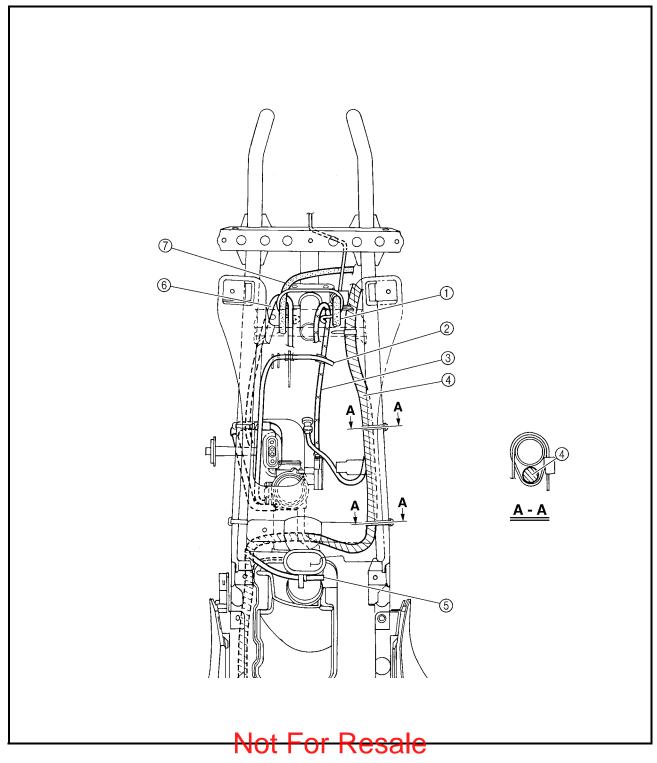


- 1) Throttle cable
- ② Radiator inlet hose
- 3 Spark plug lead
- 4 Main switch
- (5) Wire harness
- (6) Rear brake light switch lead
- ⑦ Rear brake fluid reservoir hose
- (8) Select lever control cable
- (10) Rear brake hose

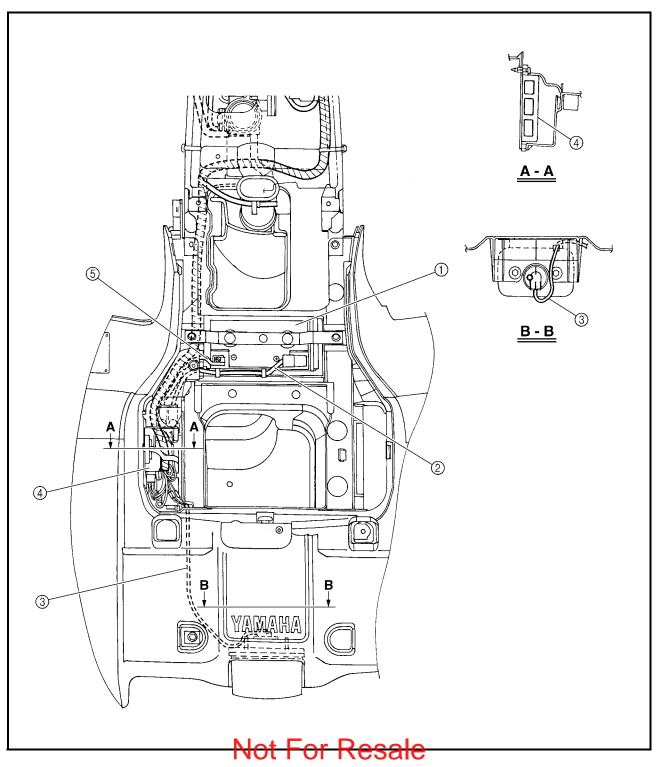
A Fasten the radiator inlet hose and spark plug lead with a plastic band.



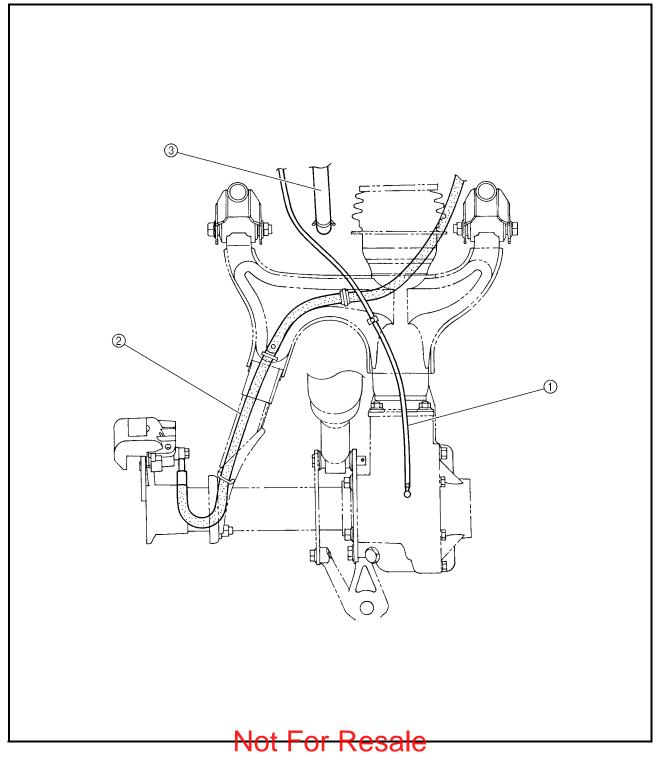
- ① Front brake hose
- ② Float chamber air vent hose
- ③ Throttle cable
- Wire harness
- ⑤ Final drive gear case breather hose
- 6 Starter cable
- ⑦ Rear brake cable



- ① Battery
- ② Positive battery lead
- ③ Tail/brake light lead
- 4 CDI unit
- S Negative battery lead



- ① Final drive gear case breather hose
- ② Rear brake hose
- 3 Air filter case check hose



INTRODUCTION/ PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION



EB300000

PERIODIC CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended checks and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as to new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION

				INITIAL		EVI	EVERY	
ITEM	ROUTINE	Whichever comes first	mile (km)	200 (320)	750 (1,200) 75	1,500 (2,400)	1,500 (2,400)	3,000 (4,800) 300
Valves*	Check valve clearance. Adjust if necessary.		hours	20	75	150) ()	0
Cooling system	Check coolant leakage. Repair if necessary. Replace coolant every 24 m	onths.		0	0	0	0	0
Spark plug	Check condition.Adjust gap and clean.Replace if necessary.			0	0	0	0	0
Air filter element	Clean. Replace if necessary.			(Eve More often	ry 20–40 h in wet or c		.)
Carburetor*	Check and adjust idle speedAdjust if necessary.	d/starter operation			0	0	0	0
Crankcase breather system*	Check breather hose for craReplace if necessary.	icks or damage.				0	0	0
Exhaust system*	Check for leakage.Tighten if necessary.Replace gasket(s) if necess	ary.				0	0	0
Spark arrester	Clean.					0	0	0
Fuel line*	Check fuel hose for cracks of Replace if necessary.	or damage.				0	0	\bigcirc
Engine oil	Replace. (Warm engine bef	ore draining.)		0		0	\circ	0
Engine oil filter cartridge	Replace.			0		0		0
Engine oil strainer*	Clean.			0		0		0
Final gear oil Differential gear oil	Check oil level/oil leakage.Replace every 12 months.			0				\circ
Front brake*	Check operation/fluid leakage Correct if necessary.	ge. (See NOTE pa	age 3-2.)	0	0	0	0	0
Rear brake*	Check operation/fluid leakage Correct if necessary.	ge. (See NOTE pa	age 3-2.)	0	0	0	0	0
V-belt*	Check operation. Check for cracks or damage	e.		0		0	0	0
Wheels*	Check balance/damage/run Repair if necessary.	out.		0		0	0	0
Wheel bearing*	Check bearing assemblies fReplace if damaged.	or looseness/dam	age.	0		0	0	0

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION



			INITIAL			EVERY		
ITEM	ROUTINE	Whichever comes first	mile (km)	200 (320)	750 (1,200)	1,500 (2,400)	1,500 (2,400)	3,000 (4,800)
		➾	hours	20	75	150	150	300
Front and rear suspension*	Check operation. Correct if necessary.					0		0
Steering system*	Check operation./Replace if damaged.Check toe-in./Adjust if necessary.			0	0	0	0	0
Drive shaft universal joint*	• Lubricate.**					0	0	0
Engine mount*	Check for cracks or damage).				0	0	0
Front axle boots*	Check operation. Replace if damaged.			0				0
Fittings and fasteners*	Check all chassis fittings anCorrect if necessary.	d fasteners.		0	0	0	0	0

^{*} It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer.

NOTE:

- Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4
- Brake fluid replacement:
- 1. When disassembling the master cylinder or caliper, replace the brake fluid. Normally check the brake fluid level and add fluid as required.
- 2.On the inner parts of the master cylinder and caliper, replace the oil seals every two years.
- 3. Replace the brake hoses every four years, or if cracked or damaged.

A WARNING	
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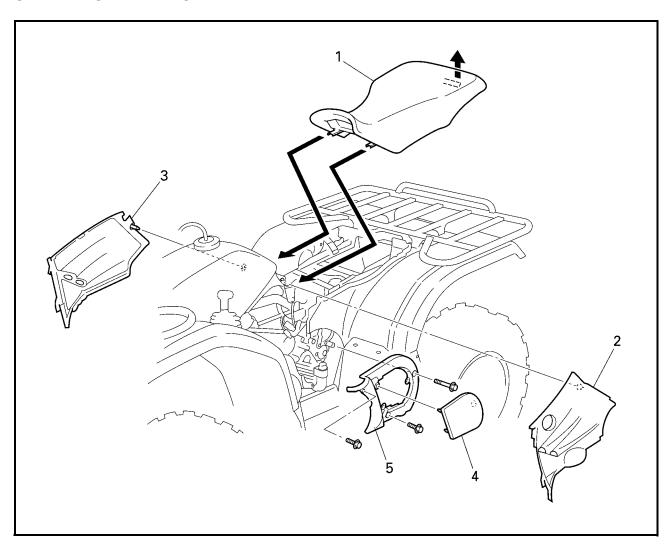
Indicates a potential hazard that could result in serious injury or death.

^{**} Lithium-soap-based grease

SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK



SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK **SEAT AND SIDE PANELS**

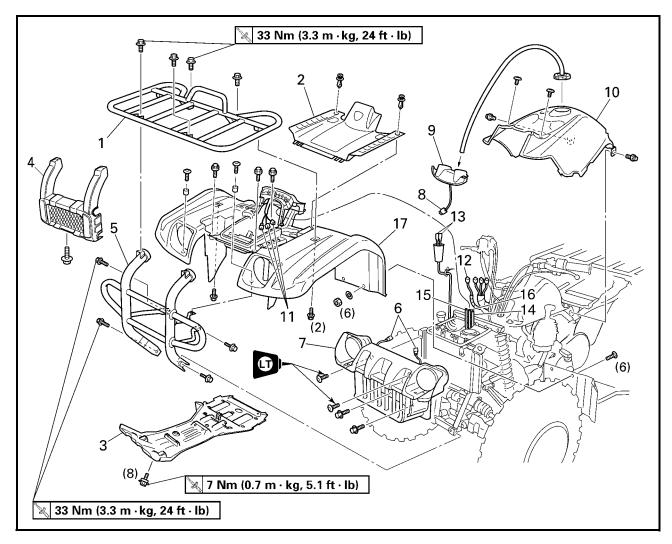


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the seat and side panels		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Seat	1	NOTE: Pull up the seat lock lever, then pull up on the rear of the seat.
2	Fuel tank side panel (left)	1	
3	Fuel tank side panel (right)	1	
4	Engine side panel	1	
5	Engine side cover	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK



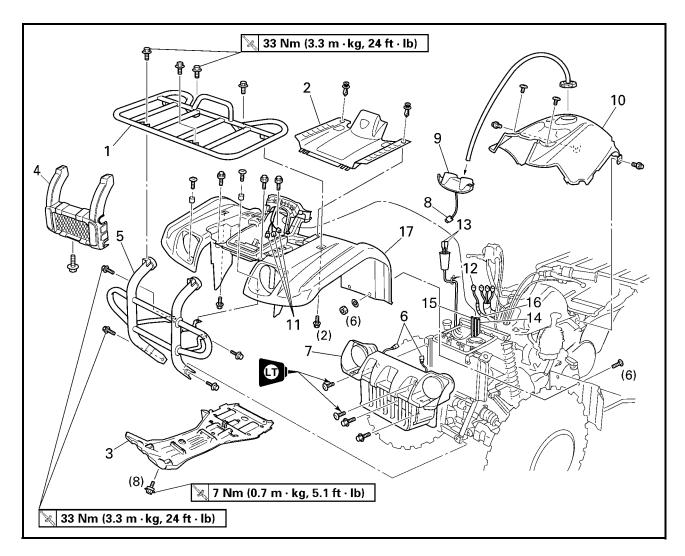
FRONT CARRIER, FRONT BUMPER AND FRONT FENDER



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front carrier, front bumper and front fender		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Seat and fuel tank side panels		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS".
1	Front carrier	1	
2	Front fender panel	1	
3	Engine skid plate	1	
4	Front bumper cover	1	
5	Front bumper	1	
6	Headlight coupler	2	Disconnect.
7	Front grill	1	
8	Main switch coupler	1	Disconnect.
9	Handlebar cover	1	
10	Fuel tank cover	1	

SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK



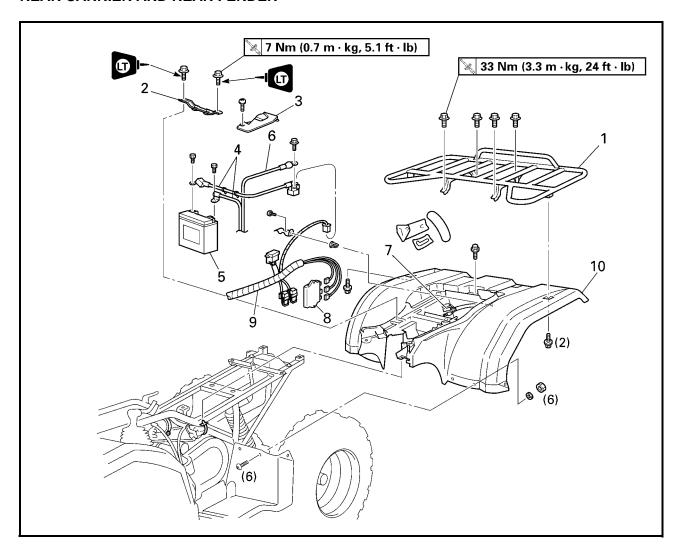


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
11	Meter assembly coupler	3	Disconnect.
12	Four-wheel drive relay 3 coupler	1	Disconnect.
13	Auxiliary DC jack connector	2	Disconnect.
14	Coolant reservoir breather hose	1	
15	Fan motor breather hose	1	
16	Differential gear case breather hose	1	
17	Front fender	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK



REAR CARRIER AND REAR FENDER

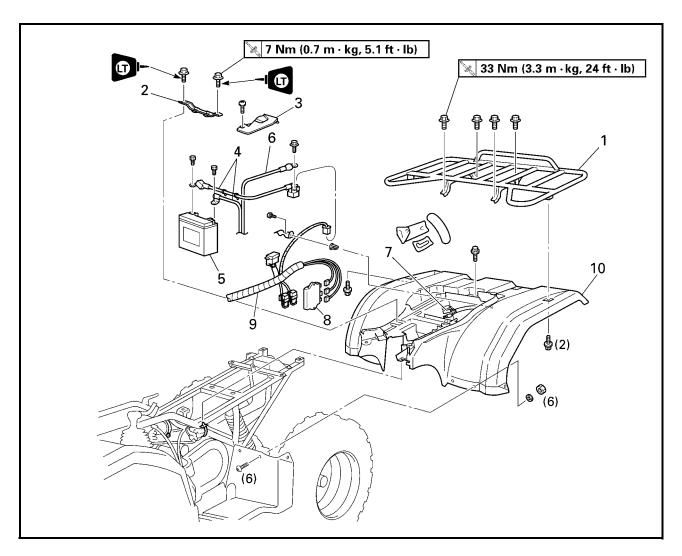


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear carrier and rear		Remove the parts in the order below.
	fender		
	Seat and fuel tank side panels		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS".
	Fuel tank		Refer to "FUEL TANK".
1	Rear carrier	1	
2	Battery holding bracket	1	
3	Battery lead cover	1	
4	Battery lead	2	Disconnect.
			CAUTION:
			First disconnect the negative lead,
			then disconnect the positive lead.
5	Battery		
6	Starter relay ground lead	1	Disconnect.
7	Tail/brake light connector	3	Disconnect.

Not For Resale

SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK



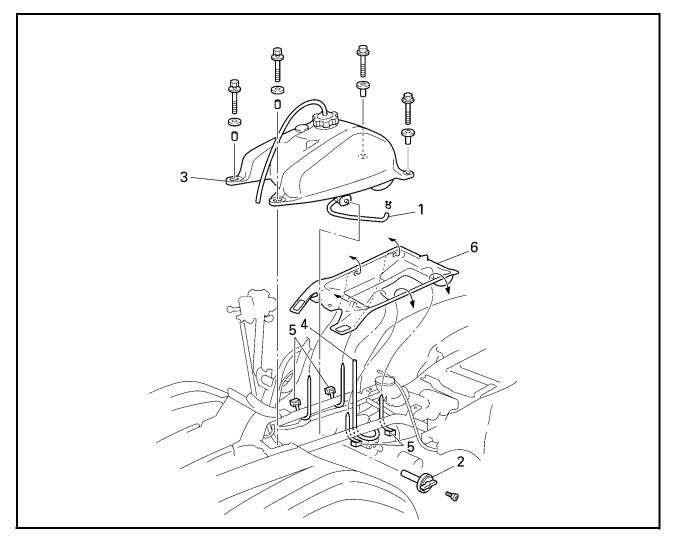


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
8	CDI unit	1	
9	Wire harness	1	
10	Rear fender	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK



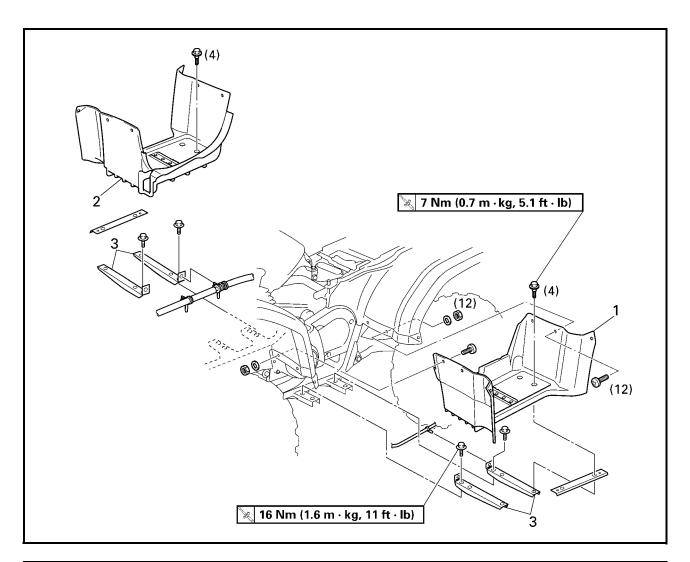
FUEL TANK



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the fuel tank		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Seat and fuel tank side panels		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS".
	Fuel tank cover		Refer to "FRONT CARRIER, FRONT
			BUMPER AND FRONT FENDER".
1	Fuel hose	1	NOTE:
			Before disconnecting the fuel hose, turn
			the fuel cock to "OFF".
2	Fuel cock lever	1	
3	Fuel tank	1	NOTE:
			When installing the fuel tank, pass the
			fuel tank breather hose through the hole
			of the handlebar protector.
4	Float chamber air vent hose	1	
5	Plastic band	4	
6	Rubber cover	1	
	Niet Eau	D -	For installation, reverse the removal
	Not For	Ke	Scot tellure.



FOOTREST BOARDS



Order	Job name/Part name		Remarks
	Removing the footrest boards		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Fuel tank side panels		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS".
1	Left footrest board	1	
2	Right footrest board	1	
3	Footrest bracket	4	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE



ENGINE

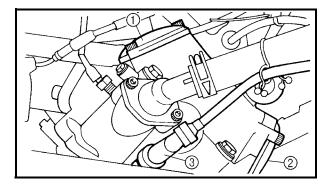
ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE

NOTE

- The valve clearance must be adjusted when the engine is cool to the touch.
- Adjust the valve clearance when the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) on the compression stroke.

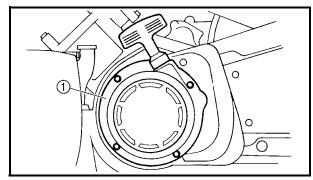
1.Remove:

- Seat
- Front carrier
- Front fender
- Fuel tank
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".



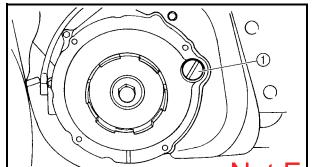
2.Remove:

- Tappet cover (intake) ①
- Tappet cover (exhaust) ②
- 3.Disconnect:
- Spark plug cap ③
- 4.Remove:
- Spark plug



5.Remove:

• Recoil starter (1)



6.Remove:

• Timing plug ①

ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE

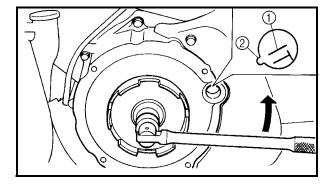


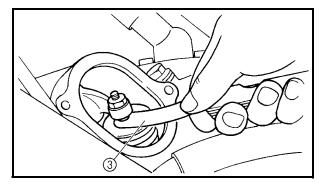
7.Check:

Valve clearance
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Valve clearance (cold): Intake: 0.06 ~ 0.10 mm (0.0024 ~ 0.0039 in) Exhaust: 0.16 ~ 0.20 mm (0.0063 ~ 0.0079 in)





Checking steps:

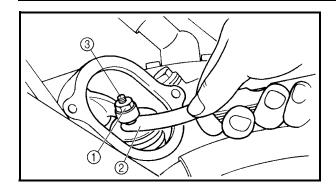
- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
- Align the "T" mark ① on the rotor with the stationary pointer ② on the crankcase cover.
 When the "T" mark is aligned with the stationary pointer, the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.).

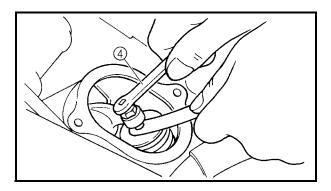
NOTE:

- When the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) on the compression stroke, there should be clearance between the valve stem tips and their respective rocker arm adjusting screws.
- If there is no clearance, rotate the crankshaft counterclockwise one turn.
- Measure the valve clearance using a feeler gauge ③.

ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE







8.Adjust:

Valve clearance

A 1"

Adjustment steps:

- ◆Loosen the locknut ①.
- Insert a feeler gauge ② between the adjuster end and the valve end.
- Turn the adjuster ③ clockwise or counterclockwise with the valve adjusting tool ④ until the proper clearance is obtained.



Tappet adjusting tool: P/N. YM-08035, 90890-01311

 Hold the adjuster to prevent it from moving and then tighten the locknut.



Locknut: 20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb)

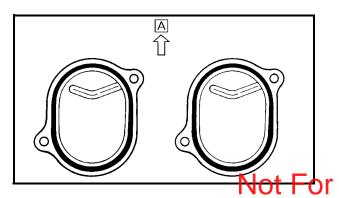
- Measure the valve clearance.
- If the clearance is incorrect, repeat the above steps until the proper clearance is obtained.

9.Install:

All removed parts

NOTE:

Install all removed parts in the reverse order of their disassembly. Note the following points.



10.Install:

Recoil starter ¬

10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

Spark plug

18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb)

Tappet covers

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

NOTE:

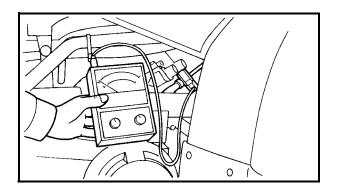
Install the tappet covers with the ridge facing

ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE/ ADJUSTING THE IDLING SPEED



- 11.Install:
- Fuel tank
- Front fender
- Front carrier
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".



ADJUSTING THE IDLING SPEED

- 1.Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
- 2.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panels
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS
 AND FUEL TANK".
- 3.Attach:
- Inductive tachometer or engine tachometer (to the spark plug lead)



Inductive tachometer: P/N. YU-8036-A Engine tachometer: P/N. 90890-03113

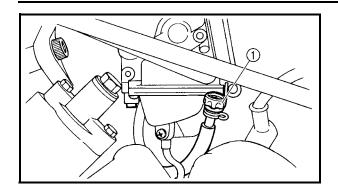
- 4.Check:
- Engine idling speed
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Engine idling speed: 1,450 ~ 1,550 r/min

ADJUSTING THE IDLING SPEED/ ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE LEVER FREE PLAY





5.Adjust:

• Engine idling speed

Adjustment steps:

● Turn the throttle stop screw ① in or out until the specified idling speed is obtained.

Turning in	Idling speed becomes higher.
Turning out	Idling speed becomes lower.

6.Detach:

• Inductive or engine tachometer

7.Adjust:

 Throttle lever free play Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE LEVER FREE PLAY".



Throttle lever free play: 3 ~ 5 mm (0.12 ~ 0.20 in)

8.Install:

- Fuel tank side panels
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

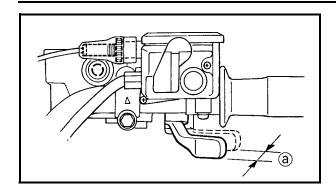
ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE LEVER FREE PLAY

NOTE:

Engine idling speed should be adjusted properly before adjusting the throttle lever free play.

ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE LEVER FREE PLAY





1.Check:

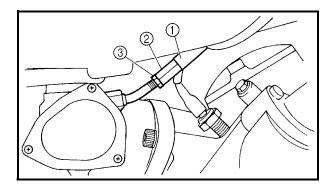
Throttle lever free play ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Throttle lever free play: 3 ~ 5 mm (0.12 ~ 0.20 in)

2.Remove:

- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (right)
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".



3.Adjust:

• Throttle lever free play

Adjustment steps:

First step:

- Pull back the adjuster cover ①.
- Loosen the locknut ② on the carburetor side.
- ◆Turn the adjuster ③ in or out until the correct free play is obtained.

Turning in	Free play is increased.		
Turning out	Free play is decreased.		

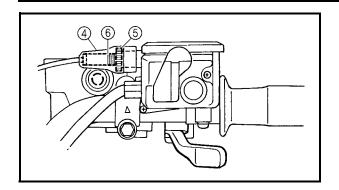
- Tighten the locknut ②.
- Push in the adjuster cover ①.

NOTE

If the free play cannot be adjusted here, adjust it at the throttle lever side of the cable.

ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE LEVER FREE PLAY/ **ADJUSTING THE SPEED LIMITER**





Second step:

- Pull back the adjuster cover 4.
- Loosen the locknut ⑤.
- Turn the adjuster ⑥ in or out until the correct free play is obtained.

Turning in	Free play is increased.
Turning out	Free play is decreased.

- ◆Tighten the locknut ⑤.
- Push in the adjuster cover 4.

▲ WARNING

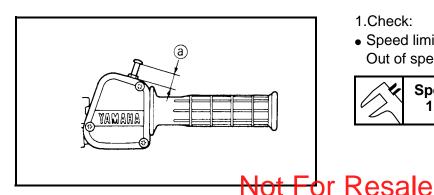
After adjusting the free play, turn the handlebar to the right and left to make sure that the engine idling speed does not increase.

4.Install:

- Fuel tank side panel (right)
- Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

ADJUSTING THE SPEED LIMITER

The speed limiter keeps the carburetor throttle from becoming fully-opened even when the throttle lever is applied to the maximum position. Screwing in the adjuster stops the engine speed from increasing.



- 1.Check:
- Speed limiter length @ Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

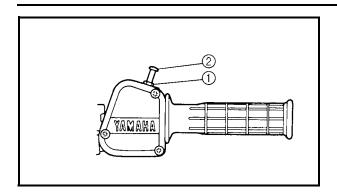


Speed limiter length: 12 mm (0.47 in)

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ADJUSTING THE SPEED LIMITER/ ADJUSTING THE STARTER CABLE





2.Adjust:

Speed limiter length

Speed limiter length adjustment steps:

◆Loosen the locknut ①.

●Turn the adjuster ② in or out until the specified speed limiter length is obtained.

Turning in	Speed limiter length is decreased.
Turning out	Speed limiter length is increased.

Tighten the locknut.

A WARNING

- Particularly for a beginner rider, the speed limiter should be screwed in completely. Screw it out little by little as their riding technique improves. Never remove the speed limiter for a beginning rider.
- For proper throttle lever operation do not turn out the adjuster more than 12 mm (0.47 in). Also, always adjust the throttle lever free play to 3 ~ 5 mm (0.12 ~ 0.20 in).

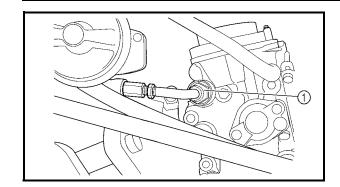
ADJUSTING THE STARTER CABLE

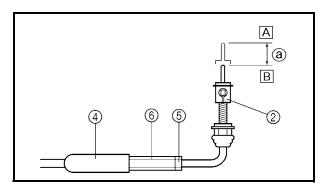
1.Remove:

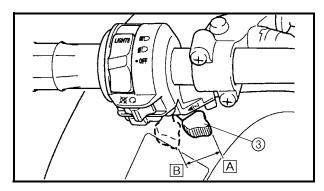
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (left)
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

ADJUSTING THE STARTER CABLE









2.Adjust:

Adjustment steps:

 Disconnect the starter cable ① from the carburetor body.

NOTE:

Do not remove the starter plunger ② from the starter cable.

• Measure the starter plunger stroke distance

a of the starter lever 3 fully close to fully open position. If the distance is out of specification adjust it as described below.



Starter plunger stroke distance: 15 mm (0.59 in)

- A Fully closed position
- B Fully open position
- Pull back the boot 4.
- Loosen the locknut ⑤.
- Turn the adjuster 6 in or out until the correct free play is obtained.

Turning in	Free play increased.
Turning out	Free play decreased.

- Tighten the locknut ⑤.
- Push in the boot (4).
- Connect the starter cable to the carburetor.

A WARNING

After adjusting the cable, turn the handlebar to right and left, and make sure that the engine idling speed does not increase.

3.Install:

- Fuel tank side panel (left)
- Seat
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

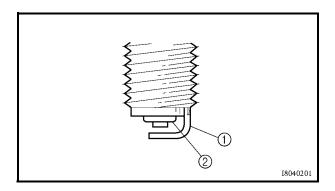
CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG



CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG

- 1.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (right)
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".
- 2.Remove:
- Spark plug
- 3.Check:
- Spark plug type
 Incorrect → Replace.

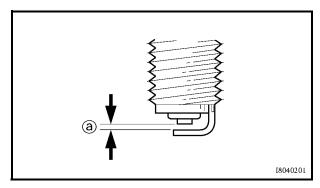
Standard spark plug: DR8EA/NGK



4.Check:

- Electrode ①
 Wear/damage → Replace.
- Insulator ②
 Abnormal color → Replace.

 Normal color is a medium-to-light tan color.
- 5.Clean the spark plug with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.



6.Measure:

Plug gap ⓐ
 Use a wire gauge or feeler gauge.

 Out of specification → Regap.



Spark plug gap:

0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024 ~ 0.028 in)

7. Tighten:

Spark plug

18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.

8.Install:

- Fuel tank side panel (right)
- Seat Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

Not For Resale

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CHECKING THE IGNITION TIMING



CHECKING THE IGNITION TIMING

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Engine idling speed and throttle cable free play should be adjusted properly before checking the ignition timing.

- 1.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (right) Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".
- 2.Attach:
- Inductive tachometer or engine tachometer
- Timing light (to spark plug lead)



Inductive tachometer: P/N. YU-8036-A Engine tachometer: P/N. 90890-03113 Timing light: P/N. YM-33277-A, 90890-03141

- 3.Check:
- Ignition timing

Checking steps:

•Warm up the engine and keep it at the specified speed.



Engine speed: 1,450 ~ 1,550 r/min

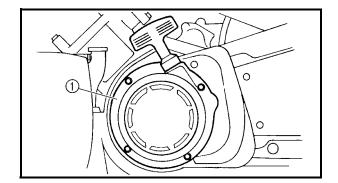
- Remove the recoil starter ①.
- Remove the timing plug ②.
- ◆Visually check the stationary pointer ③ to verify it is within the required firing range (4) indicated on the flywheel.

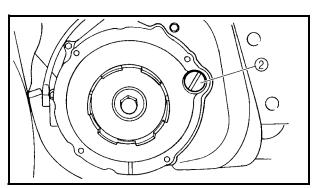
Incorrect firing range → Check the pulser coil assembly.

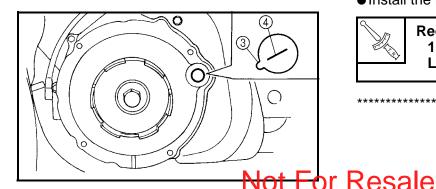
- Install the timing plug.
- Install the recoil starter.



Recoil starter bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb) **LOCTITE®**







CHECKING THE IGNITION TIMING/ MEASURING THE COMPRESSION PRESSURE



- 4.Detach:
- Timing light
- Inductive tachometer or engine tachometer
 5.Install:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (right)
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

MEASURING THE COMPRESSION PRESSURE

NOTE: ______ Insufficient compression pressure will result in a loss of performance.

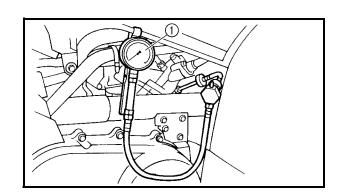
1.Check:

Valve clearance
 Out of specification → Adjust.
 Refer to "ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE".

- Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
- 3.Stop the engine.
- 4.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (right)
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".
- 5.Remove:
- Spark plug
- 6.Attach:
- Adapter
- Compression gauge ①



Compression gauge: P/N. YU-33223, 90890-03081 Adapter: P/N. YU-33223-3, 90890-04082



MEASURING THE COMPRESSION PRESSURE



7.Measure:

Compression pressure

Above the maximum pressure:

Check the cylinder head, valve surfaces, and piston crown for carbon deposits.

Below the minimum pressure:

Squirt a few drops of oil into the affected cylinder and measure again.

Refer to the table below.

Compression pressure (with oil introduced into cylinder)			
Reading Diagnosis			
Higher than without oil Worn or damaged pistons			
Same as without oil	Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible.		



Compression pressure (at sea level):

Standard:

1,270 kPa (12.7 kg/cm², 181 psi)

Minimum:

1,105 kPa (11.1 kg/cm², 158 psi)

Maximum:

1,422 kPa (14.2 kg/cm², 202 psi)

Measurement steps:

 Crank over the engine with the electric starter (be sure the battery is fully charged) with the throttle wide-open until the compression reading on the gauge stabilizes.

A WARNING

When cranking the engine, ground the spark plug lead to prevent sparking.

8.Install:

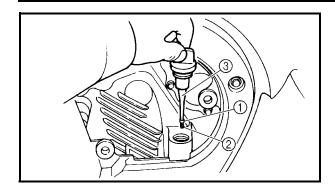
9.Remove:

- Fuel tank side panel (right)
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL





CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL

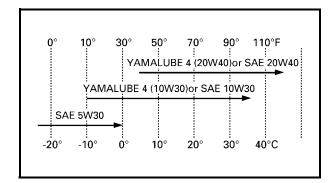
- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Remove:
- Engine side panel Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".
- 3.Check:
- Engine oil level
 Oil level should be between the maximum level mark ① and minimum level mark ②.
 Oil level low → Add oil to the proper level.

NOTE: _

Do not screw the dipstick ③ in when checking the oil level.



Recommended oil: Follow the left chart.



NOTE:

Recommended oil classification:

API Service "SE", "SF" type or equivalent (e.g. "SF-SE-CC", "SF-SE-SD" etc.)

CAUTION:

Do not allow foreign material to enter the crankcase.

- 4.Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
- 5.Stop the engine and check the oil level again.

NOTE:

Wait a few minutes until the oil settles before checking the oil level.

A WARNING

Never remove the dipstick just after high speed operation because the heated oil could spurt out. Wait until the oil cools down before removing the dipstick.

6.Install:

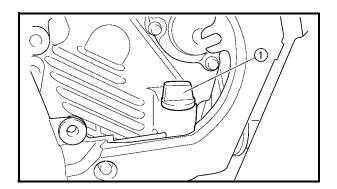
• Engine side panel

CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL



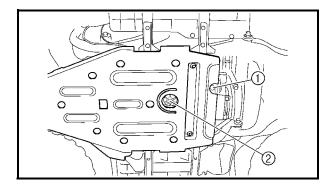
CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL

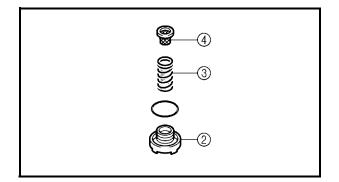
- 1.Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
- 2.Stop the engine and place an oil pan under the engine.
- 3.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (left)
- Engine side cover Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".
- 4.Remove:
- Engine oil filler plug (dipstick) ①



5.Remove:

- Engine oil drain bolt ①
 Drain the engine oil.
- Oil strainer cover ②
- Compression spring ③
- Oil strainer (4)
- 6.Clean:
- Oil strainer





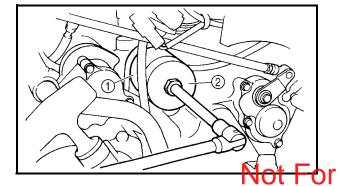
7.If the oil filter cartridge is also to be replaced, perform the following procedure.

Replacement steps: Remove the oil filte

 Remove the oil filter cartridge ① with an oil filter wrench ②.

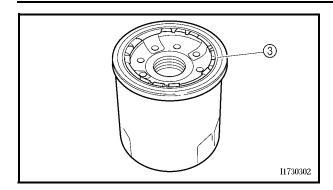


Oil filter wrench: P/N. YU-38411, 90890-01426



CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL





 Lubricate the O-ring ③ of the new oil filter cartridge with a thin coat of engine oil.

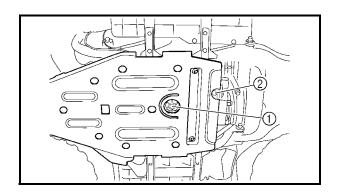
CAUTION:

Make sure that the O-ring ③ is positioned correctly in the groove of the oil filter cartridge.

• Tighten the new oil filter cartridge to specification with an oil filter wrench.



Oil filter cartridge: 17 Nm (1.7 m • kg, 12 ft • lb)



8.Install:

- Oil strainer
- Compression spring
- Oil strainer cover ①

32 Nm (3.2 m • kg, 23 ft • lb)

• Engine oil drain bolt 2

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

9.Fill:

 Crankcase
 Refer to "CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL".



Oil quantity:

Periodic oil change: 2.3 L (2.0 lmp qt, 2.4 US qt) With oil filter replacement: 2.4 L (2.1 lmp qt, 2.5 US qt) Total amount: 2.6 L (2.3 lmp qt, 2.7 US qt)

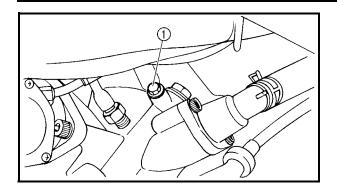
10.Install:

- Engine oil filler plug
- 11. Warm up the engine for a few minutes, then stop the engine.
- 12.Check:
- Engine (for engine oil leaks)
- Oil level
- Refer to "CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL".

Not For Resale

CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL/ CLEANING THE AIR FILTER





13.Check:

• Engine oil pressure

• Slightly loosen the oil gallery bolt ①.

- Start the engine and keep it idling until engine oil starts to seep from the oil gallery bolt. If no engine oil comes out after one minute, turn the engine off so that it will not seize
- Check the engine oil passages, the oil filter cartridge and the oil pump for damage or leakage. Refer to "CRANKCASE" in CHAPTER 4.
- Start the engine after solving the problem(-s) and check the engine oil pressure again.
- Tighten the oil gallery bolt to specification.

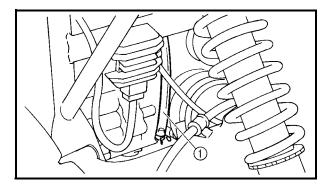


Oil gallery bolt: 7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)

14.Install:

- Engine side cover
- Fuel tank side panel (left)
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".



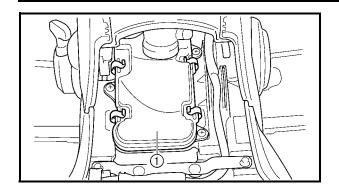
CLEANING THE AIR FILTER

NOTE:

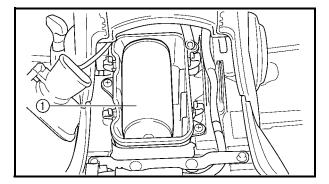
There is a check hose ① at the bottom of the air filter case. If dust and/or water collects in this hose, clean the air filter element and air filter case.

CLEANING THE AIR FILTER



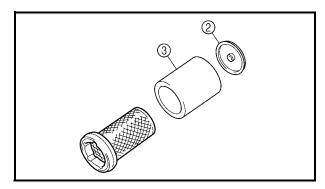


- 1.Remove:
- Seat
- 2.Remove:
- Air filter case cover (1)



3.Remove:

- Air filter element assembly ①
- Air filter element cap
- Air filter element



- ② Air filter element cap
- ③ Air filter element

CAUTION:

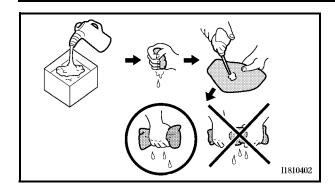
Never operate the engine with the air filter element removed. This will allow unfiltered air to enter, causing rapid wear and possible engine damage. Additionally, operation without the filter element will affect carburetor tuning with subsequent poor performance and possible engine overheating.

4.Check:

Air filter element
 Damaged → Replace.

CLEANING THE AIR FILTER





5.Clean:

• Air filter element

Cleaning steps:

 Wash the element gently, but thoroughly in solvent.

A WARNING

Use a cleaning solvent which is designed to clean parts only. Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents as they may cause a fire or explosion.

 Squeeze the excess solvent out of the element and let it dry.

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Do not twist or wring out the element. This could damage the foam material.

- Apply engine oil to the element.
- Squeeze out the excess oil.

NOTE: _

The element should be wet but not dripping.

6.Install:

- Air filter element
- Air filter case cover

NOTE:

To prevent air leaks make sure that the sealing surface of the element matches the sealing surface of the case.

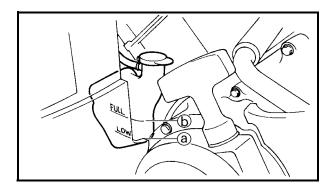
 Seat
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

CHECKING THE COOLANT LEVEL



CHECKING THE COOLANT LEVEL

- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (left)



3.Check:

Coolant level

The coolant level should be between the minimum level mark (a) and maximum level mark (b).

Below the minimum level mark \rightarrow Add the recommended coolant to the proper level.

CAUTION:

- Adding water instead of coolant lowers the antifreeze content of the coolant. If water is used instead of coolant, check and if necessary, correct the antifreeze concentration of the coolant.
- Use only distilled water. However, soft water may be used if distilled water is not available.
- 4.Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 5.Check:
- Coolant level

NOTE:

Before checking the coolant level, wait a few minutes until the coolant has settled.

6.Install:

- Fuel tank side panel (left)
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

CHANGING THE COOLANT

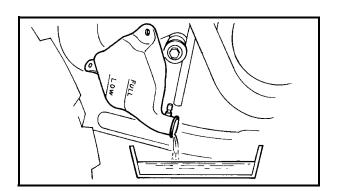


CHANGING THE COOLANT

- 1.Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank side panel (left)
- Engine side cover
- Front carrier
- Engine skid plate
- Front fender

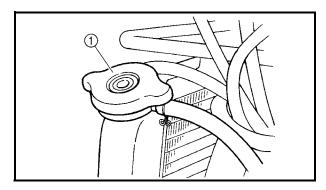
Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

- Left footrest board Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS".
- 2.Remove:
- Plastic band ①
- Coolant reservoir bolts (2)
- Coolant reservoir cap ③
- 3.Disconnect:
- Coolant reservoir breather hose (4)



4.Drain:

- Coolant (from the coolant reservoir)
- 5.Connect:
- Coolant reservoir breather hose
- 6.Install:
- Coolant reservoir bolts
- Plastic band



7.Remove:

Radiator cap (1)

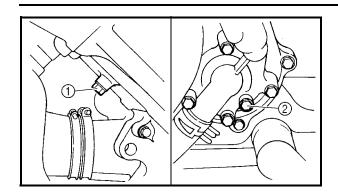
A WARNING

A hot radiator is under pressure. Therefore, do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap as follows: Place a thick rag or a towel over the radiator cap and slowly turn the radiator

radiator cap and slowly turn the radiator cap counterclockwise toward the detent to allow any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, turn the radiator cap counterclockwise while pressing down on it and then remove it.

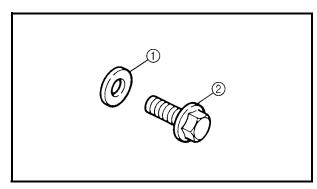
CHANGING THE COOLANT





8.Remove:

- Coolant drain bolt (cylinder) ①
 (along with the copper washer)
- Coolant drain bolt (water pump) ②
 (along with the copper washer)
- 9.Drain:
- Coolant



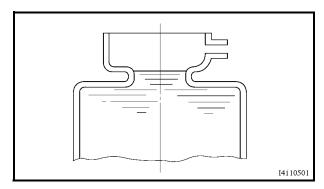
10.Check:

- Copper washer ①
- Coolant drain bolt ②
 Damage → Replace.
- 11.Install:
- Coolant drain bolt (water pump)

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

• Coolant drain bolt (cylinder)

10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)



12.Fill:

Cooling system
 (with the specified amount of the recommended coolant)



Recommended antifreeze

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines

Mixing ratio

1:1 (antifreeze:water)

Quantity

Total amount

1.32 L (1.16 Imp qt, 1.40 US qt)
Coolant reservoir capacity

0.39 L (0.34 Imp qt, 0.41 US qt)

Handling notes for coolant

Coolant is potentially harmful and should be handled with special care.

A WARNING

- If coolant splashes in your eyes, thoroughly wash them with water and consult a doctor.
- If coolant splashes on your clothes, quickly wash it away with water and then with soap and water.
- If coolant is swallowed, induce vomiting and get immediate medical attention.

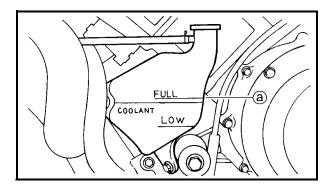
CHANGING THE COOLANT



- Adding water instead of coolant lowers the antifreeze content of the coolant. If water is used instead of coolant, check, and if necessary, correct the antifreeze concentration of the coolant.
- Use only distilled water. However, soft water may be used if distilled water is not available.
- If coolant comes into contact with painted surfaces, immediately wash them with water.
- Do not mix different types of antifreeze.

13.Install:

Radiator cap



14.Fill:

Coolant reservoir
 (with the recommended coolant to the maximum level mark (a))

15.Install:

Coolant reservoir cap

16.Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.

17.Check:

Coolant level

Refer to "CHECKING THE COOLANT LEVEL".

NOTE:

Before checking the coolant level, wait a few minutes until the coolant has settled.

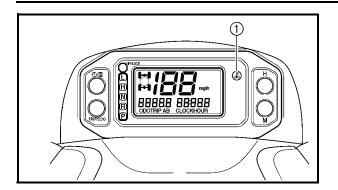
18.Install:

- Left footrest board Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS".
- Front fender
- Engine skid plate
- Front carrier
- Engine side cover
- Fuel tank side panel (left)
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

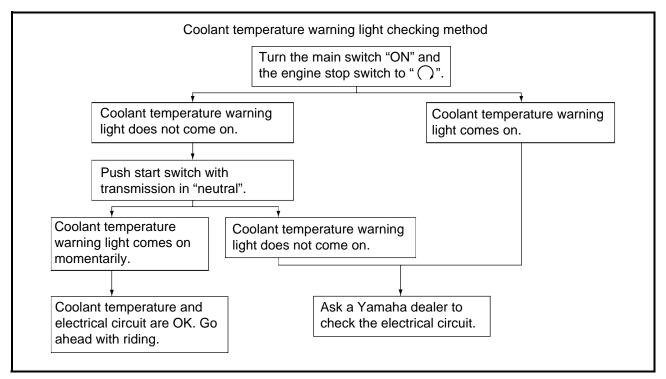
COOLANT TEMPERATURE WARNING LIGHT CHECK/ CHECKING THE V-BELT

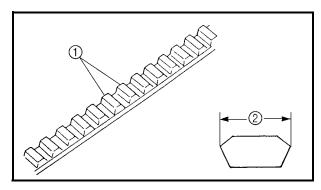




COOLANT TEMPERATURE WARNING LIGHT CHECK

① Coolant temperature warning light





CHECKING THE V-BELT

- 1.Remove:
- Right footrest board
- Crankcase cover (right)
 Refer to "PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES" in CHAPTER 4.
- 2.Check:
- V-belt ①
 Cracks/wear/scaling/chipping → Replace.
 Oil/grease → Check primary sheave and secondary sheave.
- 3.Measure:
- V-belt width ②
 Out of specification → Replace.

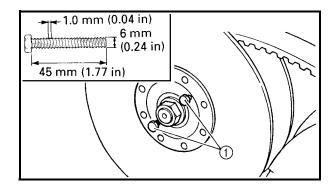


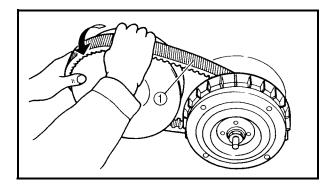
V-belt width: 30.7 mm (1.21 in)

<Limit:> 27.6 mm (10.9 in)

CHECKING THE V-BELT/ CLEANING THE SPARK ARRESTER









V-belt

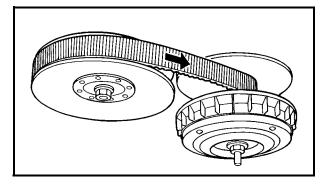
Replacing steps:

•Install the bolts ① (90101-06016) into the secondary fixed sheave hold.

NOTE:

Tightening the bolts ① will push the secondary sliding sheave away, causing the gap between the secondary fixed and sliding sheaves to widen.

● Remove the V-belt ① from the primary sheave and secondary sheave.



● Install the V-belt.

NOTE:

Install the V-belt so that its arrow faces the direction shown in the illustration.

Remove the bolts.

CLEANING THE SPARK ARRESTER

1.Clean:

Spark arrester

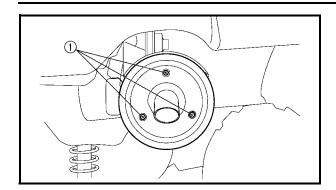
Cleaning steps:

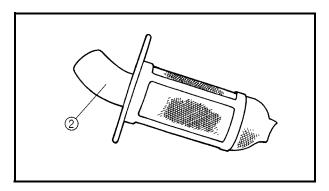
▲ WARNING

- Select a well-ventilated area free of combustible materials.
- Always let the exhaust system cool before performing this operation.
- Do not start the engine when removing the tailpipe from the muffler.

CLEANING THE SPARK ARRESTER







- Remove the bolt 1.
- Remove the tailpipe ② by pulling it out of the muffler.
- ◆Tap the tailpipe lightly with a soft-face hammer or suitable tool, then use a wire brush to remove any carbon deposits from the spark arrester portion of the tailpipe and the inner contact surfaces of the muffler.
- Insert the tailpipe ② into the muffler and align the bolt holes.
- Insert the bolt ① and tighten it.

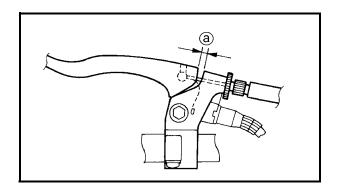
ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE



CHASSIS ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE

▲ WARNING

Always adjust both the brake pedal and the rear brake lever whenever adjusting the rear brake.

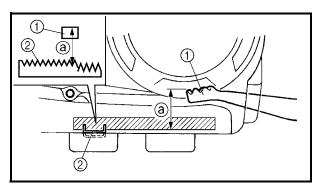


1.Check:

Rear brake lever free play ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Rear brake lever free play: 0.5 ~ 2 mm (0.02 ~ 0.08 in)



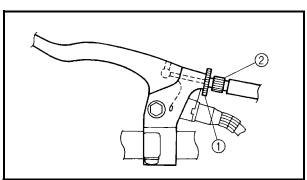
2.Check:

Rear brake pedal height @
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Rear brake pedal height: 70 ~ 80 mm (2.76 ~ 3.15 in)

- 1 Brake pedal
- ② Footrest



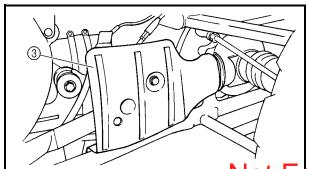
3.Adjust:

- Rear brake lever free play
- Rear brake pedal height

Adjustment steps:

●Loosen the locknut (handlebar) ① and fully screw in the brake lever cable adjuster (handlebar) ②.

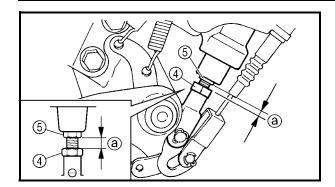
Remove the rear brake master cylinder cover
3.

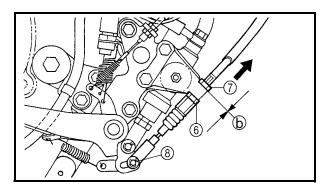


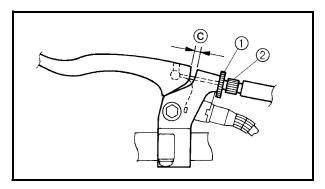
Not For Resale

ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE









- Loosen the locknut (4).
- Turn the adjusting bolt ⑤ until the brake pedal height is within the specified limits.



Brake pedal height: 70 ~ 80 mm (2.76 ~ 3.15 in)

● Tighten the locknut ④.

NOTE:

When adjusting the brake pedal height make sure the locknut-to-adjusting bolt clearance ⓐ does not exceed 6 mm (0.24 in).

- Loosen the locknut 6.
- Pull up the brake outer cable and turn the brake cable adjusting (nut) ⑦ until the clearance ⓑ is within the specified limits.



Clearance (b): Less than 1 mm (0.04 in)

NOTE: .

Make sure the pin (8) is all the way to the right of the link plate hole.

- Hold the adjusting nut ⑦ and tighten the locknut ⑥.
- ●Turn the brake lever cable adjuster (handlebar) ② until the rear brake lever free play ⓒ is within the specified limits.



Rear brake lever free play: 0.5 ~ 2 mm (0.02 ~ 0.08 in)

Tighten the locknut (handlebar) ①.

- Adjust the select lever control cable.
 Refer to "ADJUSTING THE SELECT LEVER CONTROL CABLE AND SHIFT ROD".
- Install the rear brake master cylinder cover.

A WARNING

After this adjustment is performed, lift the front and rear wheels off the ground by placing a block under the engine, and spin the rear wheels to ensure there is no brake drag. If any brake drag is noticed perform the above steps again.

CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL



CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL

1.Place the machine on a level surface.

NOTE:

When checking the brake fluid level, make sure that the top of the brake fluid reservoir top is horizontal.

2.Remove: (rear brake)

- Front carrier
- Front fender panel
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS
 AND FUEL TANK".
- 3.Check:
- Brake fluid level Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line $\textcircled{1} \rightarrow \texttt{Fill}$ up.



Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

- A Front brake
- **B** Rear brake

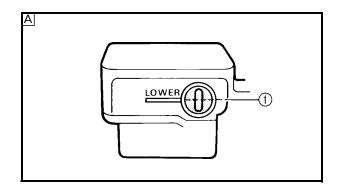
CAUTION:

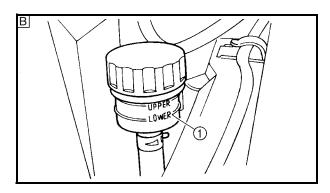
Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

A WARNING

- Use only the designed quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in a vapor lock.
- 4.Install: (rear brake)
- Front fender panel
- Front carrier

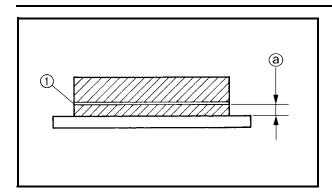
Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".





CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE PAD/ CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE PAD





CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE PAD

- 1.Remove:
- Front wheels
- 2.Check:
- Brake pad

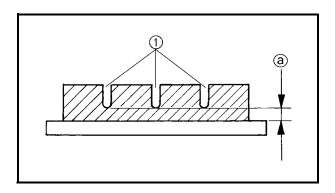
Wear indicators groove 1 almost touch the brake disc \rightarrow Replace the brake pads as a set.

Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKES" in CHAPTER 8.



Brake pad wear limit ⓐ: 1 mm (0.04 in)

- 3. Operate the brake lever.
- 4.Install:
- Front wheels



CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE PAD

- 1.Remove:
- Rear wheel (left)
- 2.Check:
- Brake pad

Wear indicator groove ① almost disappeared \rightarrow Replace the brake pads as a set.

Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKES" in CHAPTER 8.

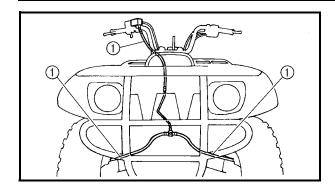


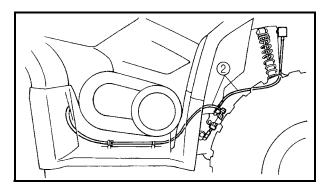
Brake pad wear limit ⓐ: 1 mm (0.04 in)

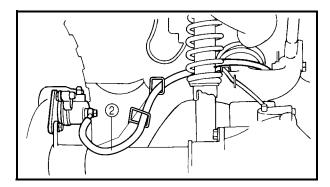
- 3. Operate the brake lever or brake pedal.
- 4.Install:
- Rear wheel (left)

CHECKING THE BRAKE HOSE









CHECKING THE BRAKE HOSE

- 1.Remove:
- Seat
- Front carrier
- Front fender
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".
- Right footrest board Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS".
- 2.Check:
- Front brake hoses ①
- Rear brake hoses ②
 Cracks/wear/damage → Replace.

 Fluid leakage → Replace the hose.
 Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKES" in CHAPTER 8.

NOTE: _

Hold the machine in an upright position and apply the front or rear brake.

3.Check:

 $\bullet \mbox{ Brake hose clamp} \\ \mbox{ Loosen} \rightarrow \mbox{ Tighten}.$

4.Install:

- Right footrest board
 Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS".
- Front fender
- Front carrier
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM



BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM

▲ WARNING

Bleed the brake system if:

- The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose or brake pipe have been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid has been very low.
- The brake operation has been faulty.

A loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.

- 1.Bleed:
- Brake system

Air bleeding steps:

- a.Add the proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- b.Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
- c.Connect the clear plastic hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw ②.
- A Front
- B Rear
- d.Place the other end of the hose into a container.
- e.Slowly apply the brake lever or pedal several times
- f. Pull the lever in or push down on the pedal and hold it.
- g.Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever or pedal to travel towards its limit.
- h.Tighten the bleed screw when the lever or pedal limit has been reached, then release the lever or pedal.
- i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until all the air bubbles have disappeared from the fluid.
- j. Tighten the bleed screw.

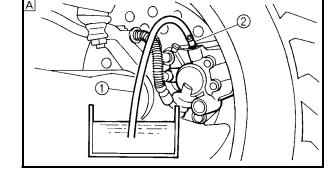


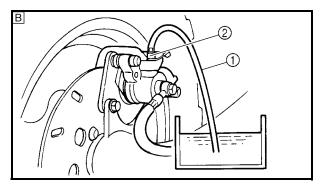
Bleed screw:

6 Nm (0.6 m • kg, 4.3 ft • lb)

NOTE:

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid settle for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.





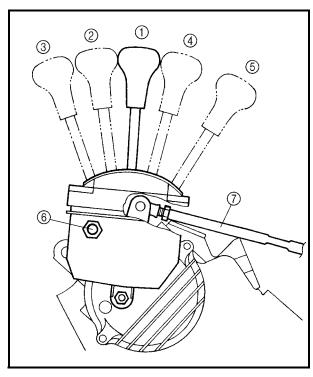


k.Add brake fluid to the proper level.

Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL".

▲ WARNING

Check the operation of the brake after bleeding the brake system.



ADJUSTING THE SELECT LEVER **CONTROL CABLE AND SHIFT ROD**

- ① NEUTRAL
- ② HIGH
- ③ LOW
- 4 REVERSE
- ⑤ PARK
- ⑥ Control cable
- (7) Select lever shift rod

A WARNING

Before moving the select lever, bring the machine to a complete stop and return the throttle lever to its closed position. Otherwise the transmission may damaged.

1.Adjust:

• Rear brake pedal free play Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE".



- Select lever control cable
- Select lever shift rod

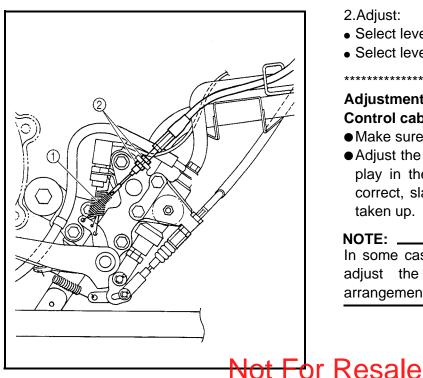
Adjustment steps:

Control cable:

- Make sure the select lever is in NEUTRAL.
- Adjust the control cable so there is zero free play in the cable. When the adjustment is correct, slack in the return spring 1) will be taken up.

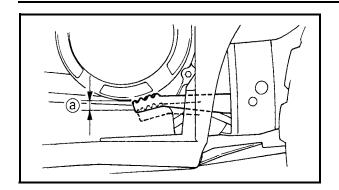
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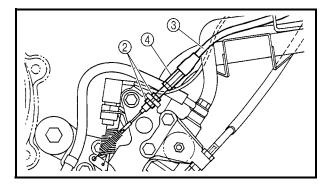
In some cases it will be necessary to further adjust the cable with the locknuts 2 arrangement that holds the cable to its mount.



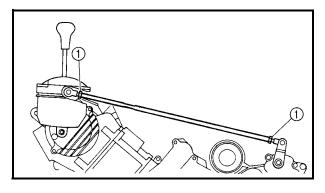
ADJUSTING THE SELECT LEVER CONTROL CABLE AND SHIFT ROD/ ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH







- •When the brake begins to work "a = 20 ~ 30 mm (0.8 ~ 1.2 in)", verify that the select lever can be shifted to REVERSE from NEUTRAL, to PARK from REVERSE and to NEUTRAL from REVERSE.
- ●Before the brake begins to work "@ = 0 ~ 20 mm (0 ~ 0.8 in)", verify that the select lever cannot be shifted to REVERSE from NEUTRAL, to REVERSE from PARK and to NEUTRAL from REVERSE.
- ◆Check that locknuts ② are tightened correctly.
- If the operation of the select lever is incorrect, adjust the select lever control cable ③ with the adjuster ④.



Select lever shift rod:

- Make sure the select lever is in NEUTRAL.
- Loosen both locknuts (1).
- Adjust the shift rod length for smooth and correct shifting.

Tighten the locknuts (1).

ADJUSTING THE REA	R BRAKE	LIGHT
SWITCH		

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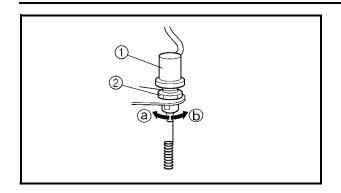
The rear brake light switch is operated by movement of the brake pedal.

The rear brake light switch is properly adjusted when the brake light comes on just before the braking effect starts.

- 1.Check:
- Brake light operation timing Incorrect → Adjust.

ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH/ CHECKING THE FINAL GEAR OIL LEVEL

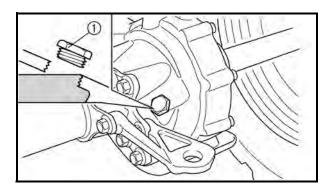




2.Adjust:

- Rear brake light switch operation timing
- Hold the main body ① of the rear brake light switch so that it does not rotate and turn the adjusting nut ② in direction ③ or ⑤ until the rear brake light comes on at the proper time.

Direction ⓐ	Brake light comes on sooner.
Direction (b)	Brake light comes on later.



CHECKING THE FINAL GEAR OIL LEVEL

- 1.Place the machine on a level place.
- 2.Remove:
- Oil filler bolt (1)
- 3.Check:
- Oil level
 Oil level should be up to the brim of the hole.
 Oil level low → Add oil to the proper level.



Recommended oil:

SAE 80 API "GL-4" Hypoid gear

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Take care not allow foreign material to enter the final gear case.

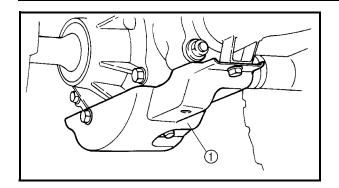
4.Install:

Oil filler bolt

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

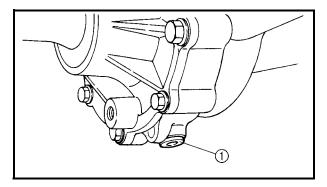
CHANGING THE FINAL GEAR OIL





CHANGING THE FINAL GEAR OIL

- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Remove:
- Final gear case protector ①
- 3.Place a receptacle under the final gear case.



- 4.Remove:
- Oil filler bolt
- Drain plug ①
- 5.Drain:
- Final gear oil

6.Install:

Drain plug

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Check the gasket (drain plug). If it is damaged, replace it with a new one.

7.Fill:

Final gear case



Periodic oil change:

0.23 L (0.20 Imp qt, 0.24 US qt) Total amount:

0.25 L (0.22 Imp qt, 0.26 US qt) Recommended oil:

SAE 80 API "GL-4" Hypoid gear oil

CAUTION:

Take care not to allow foreign material to enter the final gear case.

8.Check:

Oil level

Refer to "CHECKING THE FINAL GEAR OIL LEVEL".

9.Install:

Oil filler bolt

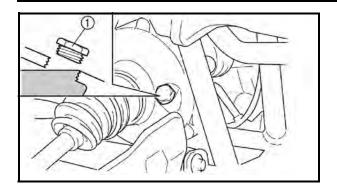
23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

Final gear case protector

🔀 16 Nm (1.6 m • kg, 11 ft • lb)

CHECKING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR OIL/ CHANGING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR OIL





CHECKING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR OIL

- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Remove:
- Oil filler bolt (1)
- 3.Check:
- Oil level

Oil level should be up to the brim of hole. Oil level low \rightarrow Add oil to proper level.



Recommended oil:

SAE 80 API "GL-4" Hypoid gear

Oil quantity (periodic oil change): 0.23 L (0.20 Imp qt, 0.24 US qt)

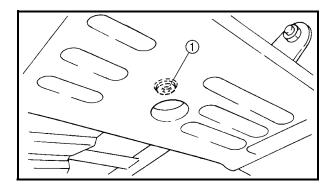
CAUTION:

Take care not allow foreign material to enter the gear case.

4.Install:

Oil filler bolt

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)



CHANGING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR OIL

- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Place a receptacle under the differential gear case.
- 3.Remove:
- Oil filler bolt
- Drain plug 1

CHANGING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR OIL/CHECKING THE CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINT DUST BOOT



- 4.Drain:
- Differential gear oil

5.Install:

Drain plug

10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Check the gasket (drain plug). If it is damaged, replace it with new one.

6.Fill:

Differential gear case



Periodic oil change:

0.23 L (0.20 Imp qt, 0.24 US qt) Total amount:

0.28 L (0.25 Imp qt, 0.30 US qt) Recommended oil:

SAE 80 API "GL-4" Hypoid gear

NOTE:

If gear oil is filled to the brim of the oil filler hole, oil may start leaking from the differential gear case breather hose. Therefore, check the quantity of the oil, not its level.

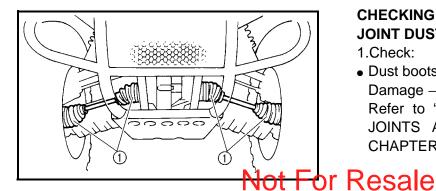
CAUTION:

Take care not to allow foreign material to enter the differential gear case.

7.Install:

Oil filler bolt

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)



CHECKING THE CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINT DUST BOOT

1.Check:

• Dust boots ①

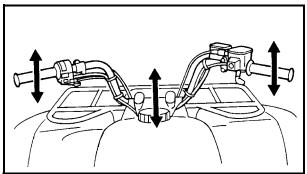
Damage \rightarrow Replace.

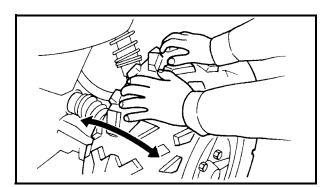
Refer to "FRONT CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINTS AND DIFFERENTIAL GEAR" in CHAPTER 7.

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CHECKING THE STEERING SYSTEM/ ADJUSTING THE TOE-IN







CHECKING THE STEERING SYSTEM

- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Check:
- Steering assembly bushings Move the handlebar up and down, and/or back and forth.

Excessive play → Replace the steering stem bushings.

3.Check:

Tie-rod ends

Turn the handlebar to the left and/or right until it stops completely, then move the handlebar from the left to the right slightly. Tie-rod end has any vertical play → Replace the tie-rod end(s).

- 4. Raise the front end of the machine so that there is no weight on the front wheels.
- 5.Check:
- Ball joints and/or wheel bearings Move the wheels laterally back and forth. Excessive free play → Replace the front arms (upper and lower) and/or wheel bearings.

ADJUSTING THE TOE-IN

- 1.Place the machine on a level surface.
- 2.Measure:
- Toe-in Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

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Toe-in:

0 ~ 10 mm (0 ~ 0.39 in) (with tire touching the ground)

Measurement steps:

NOTE:

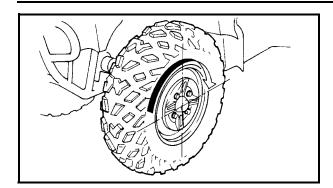
Before measuring the toe-in, make sure that the tire pressure is correct.

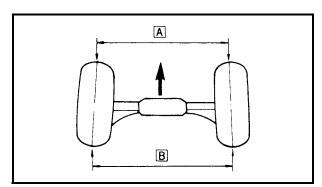
- Mark both front tire tread centers.
- Face the handlebar straight ahead.

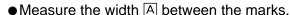
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ADJUSTING THE TOE-IN



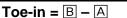






- Rotate the front tires 180° until the marks are exactly opposite one another.
- Measure the width

 B between the marks.
- Calculate the toe-in using the formula given below.



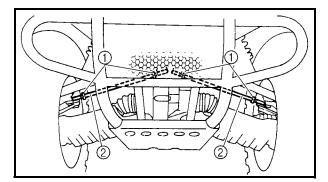
• If the toe-in is incorrect, adjust it.

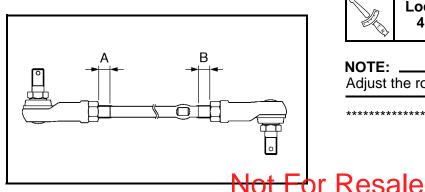
3.Adjust:

Toe-in

A WARNING

- Be sure that both tie-rods are turned the same amount. If not, the machine will drift right or left even though the handlebar is positioned straight. This may lead to mishandling and an accident.
- After setting the toe-in to specification, run the machine slowly for some distance with both hands lightly holding the handlebar and check that the handlebar responds correctly. If not, turn either the right or left tie-rod within the toe-in specification.





Adjustment steps:

Mark both tie-rods ends. This reference point will be needed during adjustment.

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- Loosen the locknuts (tie-rod end) ① of both tie-rods.
- The same number of turns should be given to both the right and left tie-rods 2 until the specified toe-in is obtained. This is to keep the length of the rods the same.
- Tighten the rod end locknuts of both tie rods.

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Locknut (rod end): 40 Nm (4.0 m • kg, 29 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Adjust the rod ends so that A and B are equal.



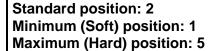
ADJUSTING THE FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

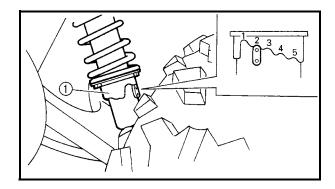


Always adjust both front shock absorber spring preload to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.



Spring preload
 Turn the adjuster ① to increase or decrease the spring preload.





ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

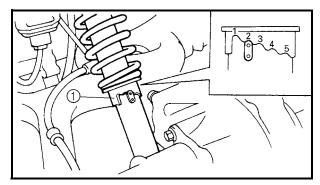
1.Adjust:

Spring preload
 Turn the adjuster ① to increase or decrease the spring preload.

NOTE:

The spring preload of the rear shock absorber can be adjusted to suit the rider's preference, weight, and the riding conditions.

Standard position: 2
Minimum (Soft) position: 1
Maximum (Hard) position: 5



CHECKING THE TIRE

A WARNING

This model is equipped with low pressure tires. It is important that they be inflated correctly and maintained at the proper pressures.

CHECKING THE TIRE



• TIRE CHARACTERISTICS

1)Tire characteristics influence the handling of ATV's. The tires listed below have been approved by Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. for this model. If other tire combinations are used, they can adversely affect your machine's handling characteristics and are therefore not recommended.

	Manufacturer	Size	Туре
Front	CHENG SHIN	AT25 × 8-12	M911Y
Rear	CHENG SHIN	AT25×10-12	M912Y

TIRE PRESSURE

- 1)Recommended tire pressure Front 25 kPa (0.25 kg/cm², 3.6 psi) Rear 25 kPa (0.25 kg/cm², 3.6 psi)
- 2)Tire pressure below the minimum specification could cause the tire to dislodge from the rim under severe riding conditions.

The following are minimums:

Front 22 kPa (0.22 kg/cm², 3.2 psi)

Rear 22 kPa (0.22 kg/cm², 3.2 psi)

3)Use no more than

Front 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm², 36 psi)

Rear 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm², 36 psi)

when seating the tire beads. Higher pressures may cause the tire to burst.

Inflate the tires slowly and carefully.

Fast inflation could cause the tire to burst.

MAXIMUM LOADING LIMIT

1)Vehicle load limit (total weight of cargo, rider and accessories, and tongue weight): 210 kg (463 lb)

2)Front carrier: 40 kg (88 lb)

3)Rear carrier: 80 kg (176 lb)

4)Storage box: 2.0 kg (4.4 lb)

5)Trailer hitch:

Pulling load (total weight of trailer and

cargo): 500 kg (1,102 lb)

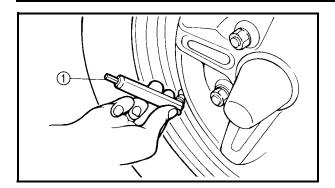
Tongue weight (vertical weight on trailer

hitch point): 15 kg (33 lb)

Be extra careful of the machine balance and stability when towing a trailer.

CHECKING THE TIRE





1.Measure:

Tire pressure (cold tire pressure)
 Out of specification → Adjust.

NOTE:

- The low-pressure tire gauge ① is included as standard equipment.
- If dust or the like is stuck to this gauge, it will not provide the correct readings. Therefore, take two measurements of the tire's pressure and use the second reading.

Cold tire pressure	Front	Rear
Standard	25 kPa (0.25 kg/cm², 3.6 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kg/cm², 3.6 psi)
Minimum	22 kPa (0.22 kg/cm², 3.2 psi)	22 kPa (0.22 kg/cm², 3.2 psi)
Maximum	28 kPa (0.28 kg/cm², 4.0 psi)	28 kPa (0.28 kg/cm², 4.0 psi)

A WARNING

Uneven or improper tire pressure may adversely affect the handling of this machine and may cause loss of control.

- Maintain proper tire pressures.
- Set tire pressures when the tires are cold.
- Tire pressures must be equal in both front tires and equal in both rear tires.

2.Check:

Tire surfaces
 Wear/damage → Replace.

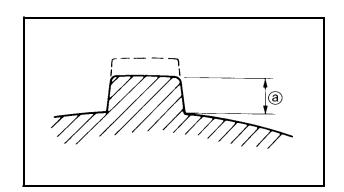


Tire wear limit @:

Front and rear: 3.0 mm (0.12 in)

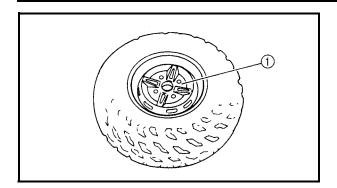
▲ WARNING

It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When tire wear is out of specification, replace the tire immediately.



CHECKING THE WHEEL/ CHECKING AND LUBRICATING THE CABLE





CHECKING THE WHEEL

- 1.Check:
- Wheels ①
 Damage/bends → Replace.

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Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.

A WARNING

- Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.
- Ride conservatively after installing a tire to allow it to seat itself properly on the rim.

CHECKING AND LUBRICATING THE CABLE

A WARNING

A damaged cable sheath may cause corrosion and interfere with the cable movement. An unsafe condition may result so replace a damaged cable as soon as possible.

- 1.Check:
- Cable sheath
 Damage → Replace.
- 2.Check:
- Cable operation
 Unsmooth operation → Lubricate or replace.

Recommended lubricant:

Yamaha chain and cable lube or Engine oil

NOTE:

Hold the cable end up and apply several drops of lubricant to the cable.

3.Apply:

 Lithium-soap-based grease (onto end of the cable)

LUBRICATING THE LEVERS, PEDAL, ETC.



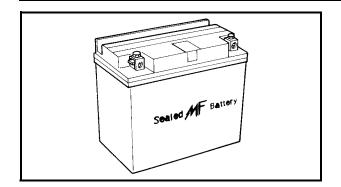
LUBRICATING THE LEVERS, PEDAL, ETC.

1.Lubricate the pivoting parts.



Recommended lubricant: Yamaha chain and cable lube or Engine oil





ELECTRICAL CHECKING THE BATTERY

NOTE:

Since the MF battery is a sealed type battery, it is not possible to measure the specific gravity of the electrolyte in order to check the charge state of the battery. Therefore, the charge of the battery has to be checked by measuring the voltage at the battery terminals.

CAUTION:

CHARGING METHOD

- This is a sealed type battery. Never remove the sealing caps. If the sealing caps have been removed, the balance will not be maintained and battery performance will deteriorate.
- Charging time, charging current and charging voltage for the MF battery are different from those of general type batteries. The MF battery should be charged as explained in "CHARGING METHOD". If the battery is overcharged, the electrolyte level will drop considerably. Therefore, take special care when charging the battery.

A WARNING

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid which is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause severe burns or permanent eye injury.
- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

Antidote (EXTERNAL):

- SKIN Wash with water.
- EYES Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

Antidote (INTERNAL):

 Drink large quantities of water or milk followed with milk of magnesia, beaten egg or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

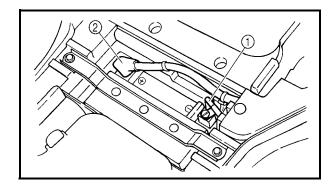


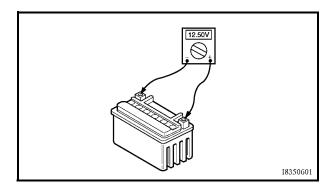
Batteries generate explosive hydrogen gas. Always follow these preventive measures:

- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes, etc.)
- DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

- 1.Remove:
- Seat
- Battery holding bracket
- Battery lead cover
 Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS
 AND FUEL TANK".





- 2.Disconnect:
- Battery leads

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First disconnect the negative lead ①, then disconnect the positive lead ②.

- 3.Remove:
- Battery
- 4.Check:
- Battery condition

Battery condition checking steps:

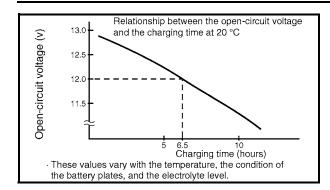
 Connect a digital voltmeter to the battery terminals.

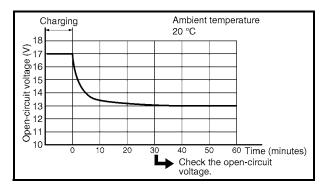
Tester (-	+) lead $ ightarrow$	battery	(+)	terminal
Tester (-	-) lead $ ightarrow$	battery	(-)	terminal

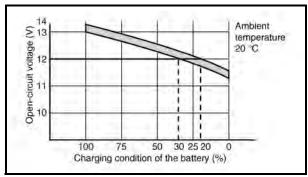
NOTE:

The charge state of an MF battery can be checked by measuring the open-circuit voltage (i.e. the voltage when the positive terminal is disconnected).









Open-circuit voltage	Charging time
12.8 V or higher	No charging is necessary.

 Check the condition of the battery using the following charts.

Example:

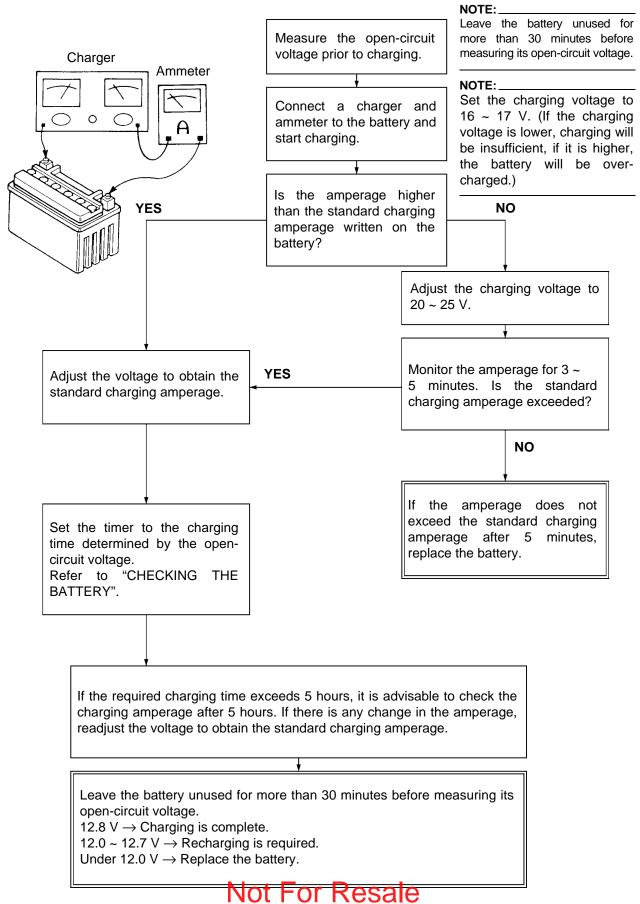
- Open-circuit voltage = 12.0 V
- Charging time = 6.5 hours
- ◆ Charge condition of the battery = 20 ~ 30%
- Charging method for MF batteries

CAUTION:

- If it is impossible to set the standard charging current, be careful not to overcharge.
- When charging the battery, be sure to remove it from the motorcycle. (If charging has to be done with the battery mounted on the motorcycle, be sure to disconnect the wire at the negative terminal.)
- Never remove the sealing caps of an MF battery.
- Make sure that the charging clips are in full contact with the terminal and that they are not shorted together. (A corroded clip on the charger may cause the battery to generate heat in the contact area. A weak clip spring may cause sparks.)
- Before removing the clips from the battery terminals, be sure to turn off the charger's power switch.
- The open-circuit voltage variation for the MF battery, after charging, is shown below. As shown in the figure, the opencircuit voltage stabilizes about 30 minutes after charging has been completed. Therefore, wait 30 minutes after charging is completed before measuring the open-circuit voltage.

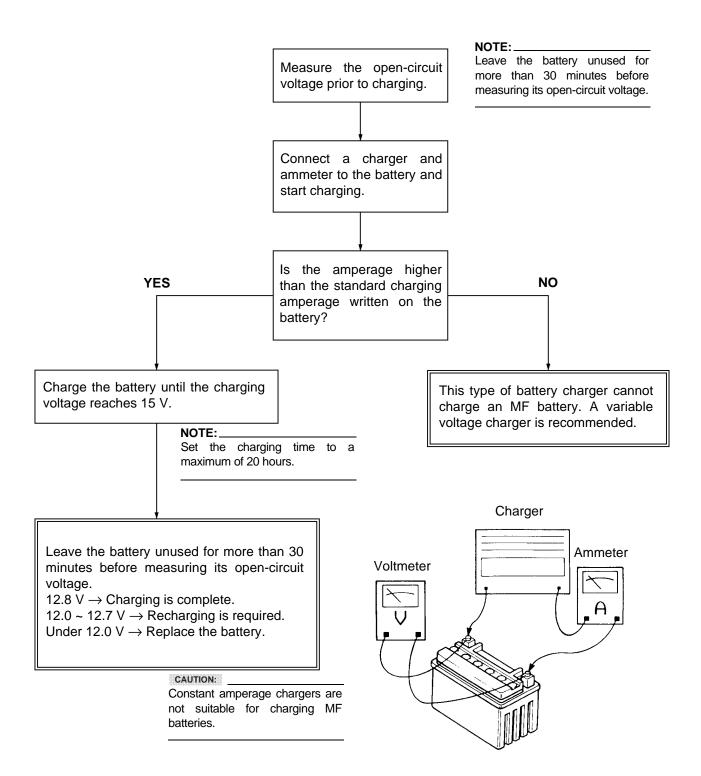


Charging method using a variable voltage charger





Charging method using a constant voltage charger



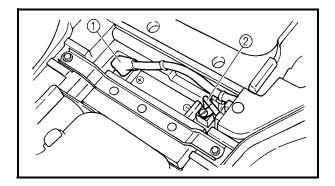
CHECKING THE BATTERY/ CHECKING THE FUSE



5.Check:

 Battery terminals Dirty \rightarrow Clean with a wire brush. Poor connection \rightarrow Correct.

After cleaning the terminals, apply a light coat of grease.



6.Install:

Battery

7.Connect:

Battery leads

CAUTION:

First, connect the positive lead (1), then connect the negative lead 2.

8.Install:

- Battery lead cover
- Battery holding bracket
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

CHECKING THE FUSE

CAUTIC	

Always turn off the main switch when checking or replacing a fuse. Otherwise, a short circuit may occur.

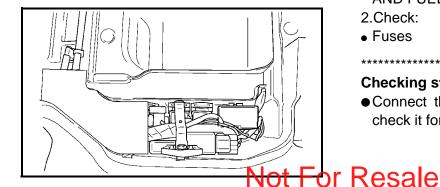
- 1.Remove:
- Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".

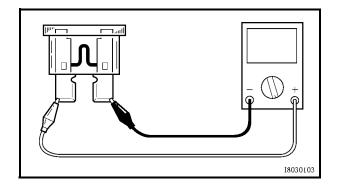
- 2.Check:
- Fuses

Checking steps:

 Connect the pocket tester to the fuse and check it for continuity.



CHECKING THE FUSE



NOTE:

Set the tester to the " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.



Pocket tester: P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112

• If the tester indicates ∞, replace the fuse.

, I

3.Replace:

Blown fuse

Replacement steps:

- Turn off the ignition.
- Install a new fuse of the proper amperage.
- Turn on switches to verify operation of the related electrical devices.

• If the fuse immediately blows again, check the electrical circuit.

Description	Current rating	Quantity
Main	30 A	1
Headlight	15 A	1
Ignition	10 A	1
Terminal (Auxiliary DC jack)	10 A	1
4WD (Four- wheel drive)	3 A	1
Signaling system fuse	10 A	1
Backup fuse (odometer)	10 A	1
Reserve	30 A	1
Reserve	15 A	1
Reserve	10 A	1
Reserve	3 A	1

▲ WARNING

Never use a fuse with a rating other than that specified. Never use other materials in place of a fuse. An improper fuse may cause extensive damage to the electrical system, a malfunction of the lighting and ignition

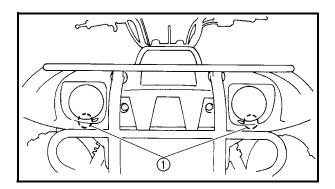
CHECKING THE FUSE/ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM/CHANGING THE HEADLIGHT BULB



4.Install:

Seat

Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK".



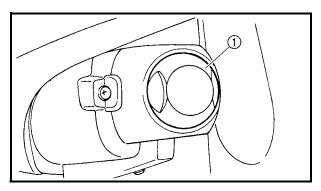
ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM

1.Adjust:

• Headlight beam (vertically)

Turn the adjuster ① in or out.

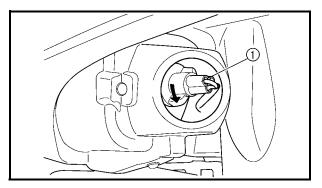
Turning in	Headlight beam raised.
Turning out	Headlight beam lowered.



CHANGING THE HEADLIGHT BULB

1.Remove:

• Cover 1



2.Remove:

- Bulb holder (1)
- Bulb

NOTE:

Turn the bulb holder counterclockwise and remove the defective bulb.

A WARNING

Keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb while it is on, since it will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.

CHANGING THE HEADLIGHT BULB



3.Install:

Bulb New
 Secure the new bulb with the headlight unit.

0										

Avoid touching the glass part of the bulb. Keep it free from oil; otherwise, the transparency of the glass, life of the bulb, and luminous flux will be adversely affected. If oil gets on the bulb, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

4.Install:

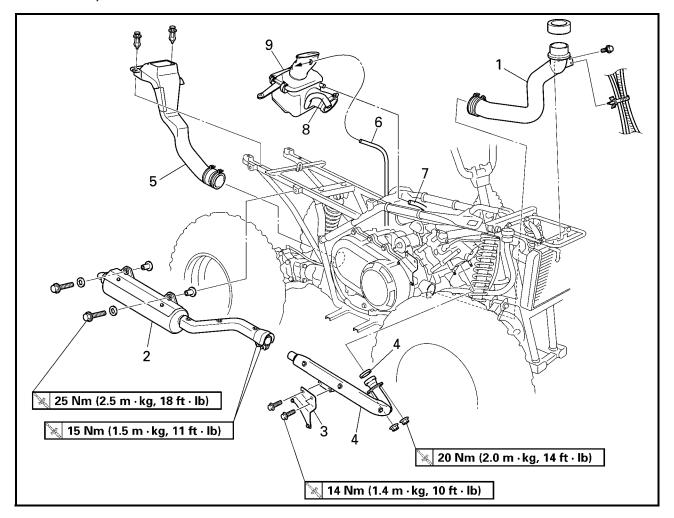
- Bulb holder
- Cover



ENGINE

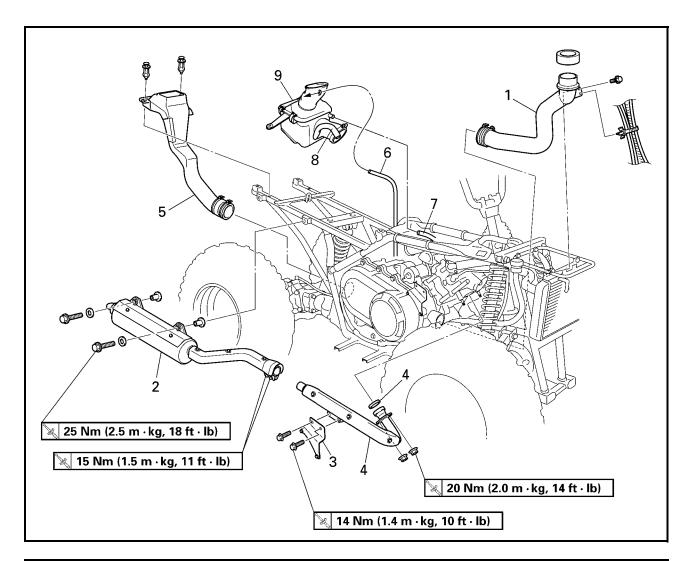
ENGINE REMOVAL

AIR DUCTS, MUFFLER AND EXHAUST PIPE



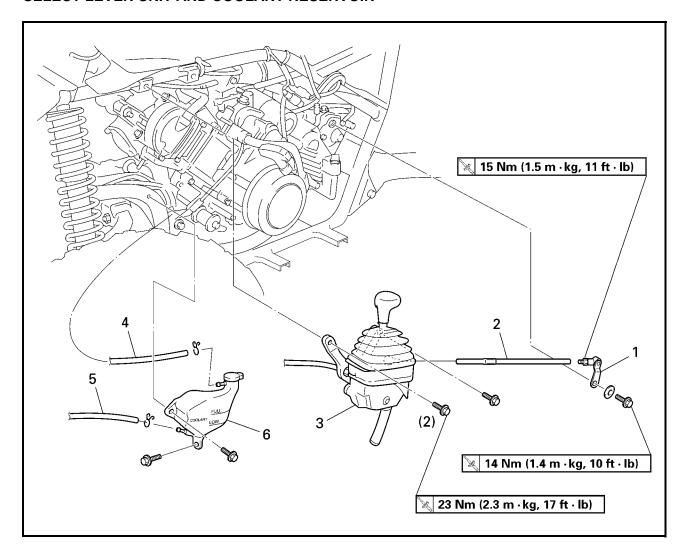
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the air ducts, muffler and exhaust pipe		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Engine oil		Drain. Refer to "CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL" in CHAPTER 3.
	Front and rear fender/footrest boards Fuel tank/rubber cover		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Coolant		Drain. Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" in CHAPTER 3.
	Carburetor assembly		Refer to "CARBURETOR" in CHAPTER 6.
1	Air duct assembly 1	1	
2	Muffler	1	
3	Exhaust pipe stay 1	1	
4	Exhaust pipe/gasket	1/1	
5	Air duct assembly 2	1	

Not For Resale



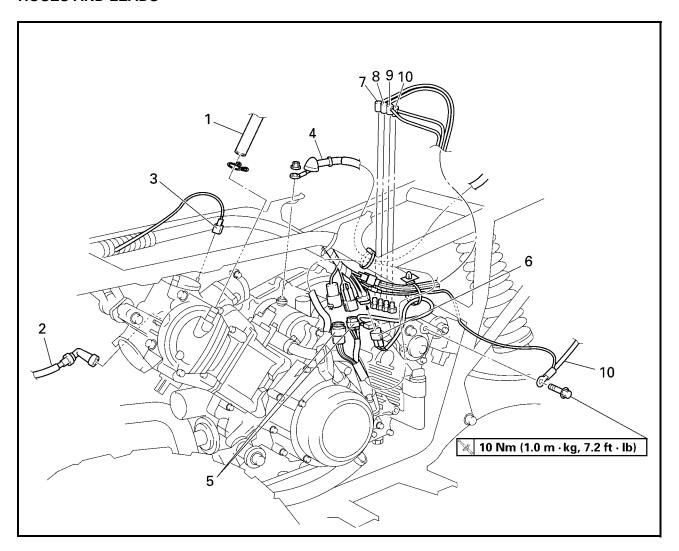
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
6	Final drive gear case breather hose	1	
7	Cylinder head breather hose	1	
8	Vacuum chamber breather hose	1	
9	Air filter case	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.

SELECT LEVER UNIT AND COOLANT RESERVOIR



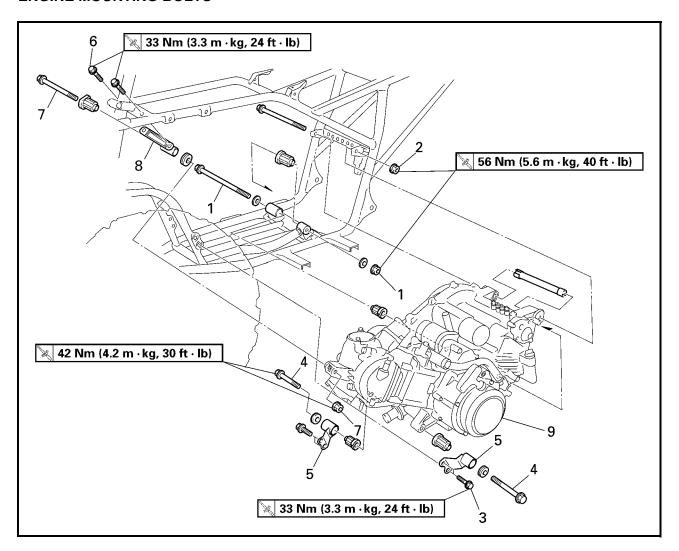
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the select lever unit and coolant reservoir		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Shift arm	1	
2	Select lever shift rod	1	
3	Select lever unit	1	
4	Coolant reservoir breather hose	1	
5	Coolant reservoir hose	1	
6	Coolant reservoir	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

HOSES AND LEADS

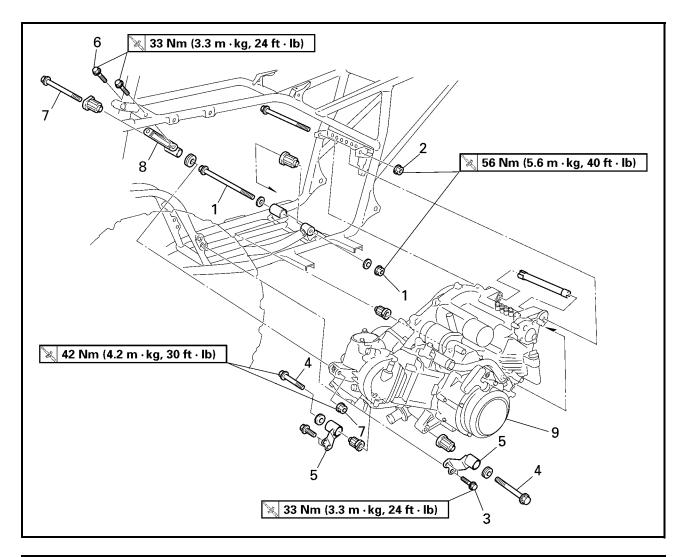


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the hoses and leads		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Water pump inlet hose		Refer to "WATER PUMP" in CHAPTER 5.
1	Cylinder head breather hose	1	
2	Spark plug lead	1	
3	Thermo switch 1 lead	1	
4	Starter motor lead	1	
5	A.C. magneto lead coupler	2	
6	Speed sensor lead coupler	1	
7	Reverse switch lead	1	Green/White
8	Neutral switch lead	1	Sky blue
9	High-range switch	1	Blue/White
10	Low-range switch	1	White/Red
11	Engine ground lead	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

ENGINE MOUNTING BOLTS



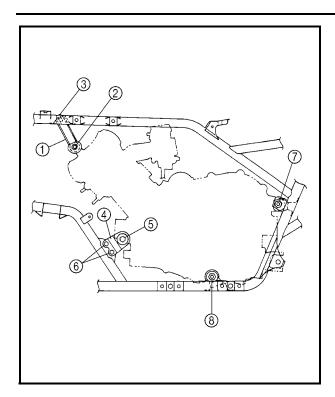
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the engine mounting bolts		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Rear wheels		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS" in CHAPTER 8.
	Swingarm		Refer to "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM" in CHAPTER 8.
1	Engine mounting bolt (rear-lower)/nut	1/1	
2	Engine mounting bolt (rear-upper)/nut	1/1	CAUTION:
3	Engine bracket bolt (front-lower)	4	Install all of the bolts/nuts and then
4	Engine mounting bolt (font-lower)	2	tighten them to full torque
5	Engine bracket (front-lower)	2	specifications.
6	Engine bracket bolt (front-upper)	2	-
7	Engine mounting bolt (front-upper)/nut	1/1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE ENGINE".
8	Engine bracket (front-upper)	1	μ



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
9	Engine assembly	1	NOTE: Remove the engine assembly from the left side of the machine. For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

ENGINE REMOVAL





INSTALLING THE ENGINE

1.Install:

- Engine bracket (front upper) (1)
- Engine mount bolt (front upper)/nut ②
- Engine bracket bolt (front upper) ③
- Engine bracket (front lower) 4
- Engine mount bolt (front lower) ⑤
- Engine bracket bolt (front lower) 6
- Engine mount bolt (rear upper)/nut ⑦
- Engine mount bolt (rear lower)/nut (8)

NOTE:

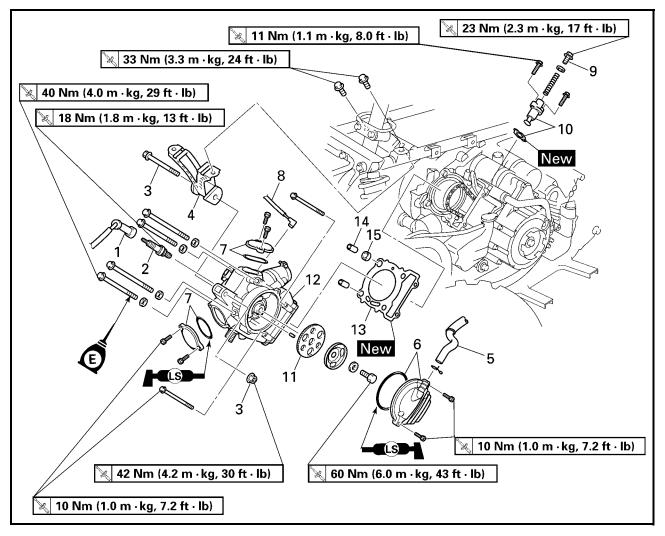
Do not fully tighten the bolts and nuts.

2. Tighten:

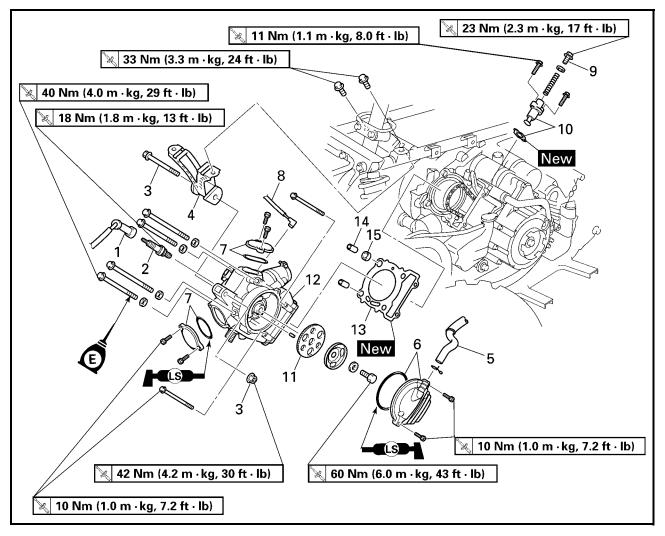
- Engine mount bolt (front upper)/nut ②
 - 3 42 Nm (4.2 m kg, 30 ft lb)
- Engine bracket bolt (front upper) ③
 - 🔌 33 Nm (3.3 m kg, 24 ft lb)
- Engine mount bolt (front lower) ⑤
 - 30 ft lb)
- Engine bracket bolt (front lower) ⑥
 - 33 Nm (3.3 m kg, 24 ft lb)
- Engine mount bolt (rear upper)/nut ⑦
 - > 56 Nm (5.6 m kg, 40 ft lb)
- Engine mount bolt (rear lower)/nut (8)
 - ≥ 56 Nm (5.6 m kg, 40 ft lb)





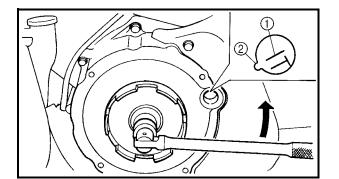


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the cylinder head		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Fuel tank/rubber cover		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS
	Front fender/air filter case		AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Air duct assembly 1		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL".
	Exhaust pipe/muffler		FREIEI IO ENGINE REMOVAL.
	Carburetor assembly		Refer to "CARBURETOR" in CHAPTER 6.
	Recoil starter/timing plug		Refer to "ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE" in CHAPTER 3.
	Thermostat		Refer to "THERMOSTAT" in CHAPTER 5.
1	Spark plug lead	1	
2	Spark plug	1	
3	Engine mount bolt (upper)/nut	1/1	
4	Engine bracket (upper)	1	



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
5	Cylinder head breather hose	1	
6	Camshaft sprocket cover/O-ring	1/1	
7	Tappet cover/O-ring	2/2	
8	Thermo switch 1 lead	1	Disconnect.
9	Timing chain tensioner cap bolt	1	
10	Timing chain tensioner/gasket	1/1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
11	Camshaft sprocket	1	CYLINDER HEAD".
12	Cylinder head	1	
13	Cylinder head gasket	1	
14	Dowel pin	2	
15	O-ring	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.





REMOVING THE CYLINDER HEAD

1.Align:

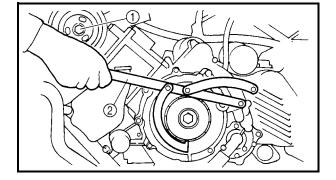
"T" mark (with stationary pointer)

Checking steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
- Align the "T" mark ① on the rotor with the stationary pointer ② on the crankcase cover. When the "T" mark is aligned with the stationary pointer, the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.).

NOTE:

- When the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) on the compression stroke, there should be clearance between the valve stem tips and their respective rocker arm adjusting screws.
- If there is no clearance, rotate the crankshaft counterclockwise one turn.



2.Loosen:

• Camshaft sprocket bolt (1)

NOTE:

Use the rotor holding tool ② to hold the starter pulley.



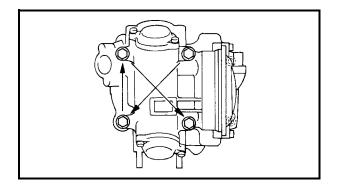
Rotor holding tool: P/N. YU-01235, 90890-01235

3.Loosen:

- Timing chain tensioner cap bolt
- 4.Remove:
- Timing chain tensioner
- Camshaft sprocket

NOTE:

- Fasten a safety wire to the timing chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.
- When removing the camshaft sprocket, it is not necessary to separate the timing chain.

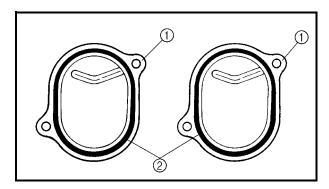


5.Remove:

Cylinder head

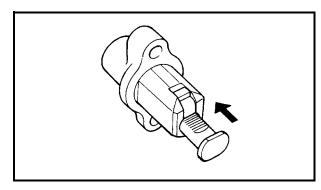
NOTE: _

- Loosen the 6 mm bolts first.
- Working in a crisscross pattern, loosen each 10 mm bolt 1/4 of a turn. After all the bolts are loosened, remove them.



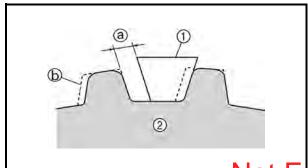
CHECKING THE TAPPET COVER

- 1.Check:
- Tappet covers ①
- O-rings ②
 Cracks/damage → Replace.



CHECKING THE TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER

- 1.Check:
- One-way cam operation (tensioner)
 Unsmooth operation → Replace.



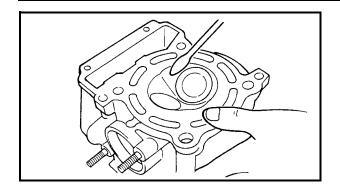
CHECKING THE CAMSHAFT SPROCKET

- 1.Check:
- Camshaft sprocket
 Wear/damage → Replace the camshaft
 sprocket and timing chain as a set.
- a 1/4 of a tooth
- (b) Correct
- 1 Timing chain
- ② Sprocket

Not For Resale







CHECKING THE CYLINDER HEAD

- 1.Eliminate:
- Carbon deposits (from the combustion chambers)
 Use a rounded scraper.

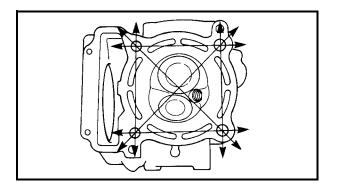
NOTE:

Do not use a sharp instrument to avoid damaging or scratching:

- Spark plug threads
- Valve seats

2.Check:

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bullet & Cylinder \ head \\ & Scratches/damage \rightarrow Replace. \end{tabular}$
- Cylinder head water jacket
 Mineral deposits/rust → Eliminate.



3.Measure:

Cylinder head warpage
 Out of specification → Resurface.



Cylinder head warpage: Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

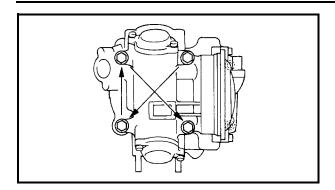
Measurement and resurfacing steps:

- Place a straightedge and a feeler gauge across the cylinder head.
- Use a feeler gauge to measure the warpage.
- If the warpage is out of specification, resurface the cylinder head.
- Place a 400 ~ 600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and resurface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

To ensure an even surface rotate the cylinder head several times.





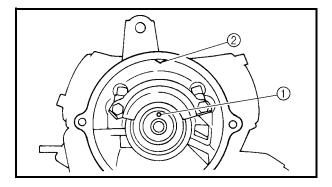


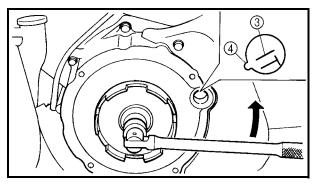
INSTALLING THE CYLINDER HEAD

- 1.Install:
- Cylinder head
- Bolt (M10) **№** 40 Nm (4.0 m • kg, 29 ft • lb) • Bolt (M6) × 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

NOTE:

- Lubricate the washer with engine oil.
- Tighten the bolts (M10) in two stages and a crisscross pattern.





2.Install:

Camshaft sprocket

Installing steps:

- Rotate the camshaft to align the camshaft pin 1) with the cylinder head match mark 2).
- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
- Align the "T" mark ③ on the rotor with the stationary pointer (4) on the crankcase cover. When the "T" mark is aligned with the stationary pointer, the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.).

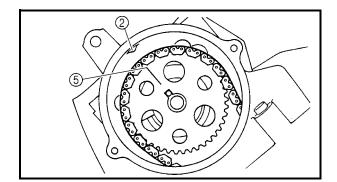
CAUTION:

Do not turn the crankshaft during the camshaft sprocket installation.

- Place the timing chain onto the camshaft sprocket.
- Install the camshaft sprocket onto the camshaft and finger tighten the sprocket bolt.



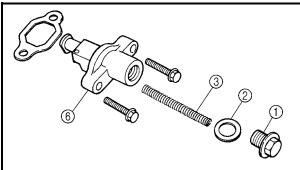




NOTE:

Be sure the "I" mark (5) on the camshaft sprocket is aligned with the match mark ② on the cylinder head.

- Force the camshaft clockwise and counterclockwise to remove timing chain slack.
- Insert a screwdriver into the timing chain tensioner hole and push the timing chain guide inward.
- •While pushing the timing chain guide, be sure that the camshaft sprocket "I" mark ⑤ is aligned with the cylinder head match mark 2).
- If the marks are aligned, tighten the camshaft sprocket bolt. If the marks are not aligned, change the meshing position of the camshaft sprocket and timing chain.



3.Install:

Timing chain tensioner

Installation steps:

- Remove the tensioner cap bolt ①, washer ② and spring (3).
- Release the timing chain tensioner one-way cam (4) and push the tensioner rod (5) all the way in.
- Install the tensioner 6 with a new gasket into the cylinder.



Bolts (timing chain tensioner): 11 Nm (1.1 m • kg, 8.0 ft • lb)

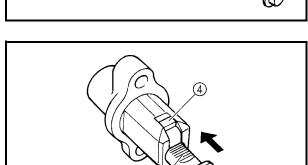
A WARNING

Always use a new gasket.

Install the spring, washer and cap bolt.



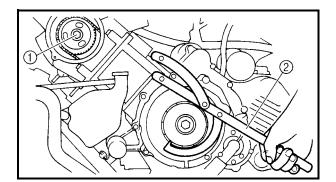
Cap bolt (timing chain tensioner): 23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)



CYLINDER HEAD







4.Tighten:

• Camshaft sprocket bolt ①

№ 60 Nm (6.0 m • kg, 43 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Use the rotor holding tool ② to hold the starter pulley.



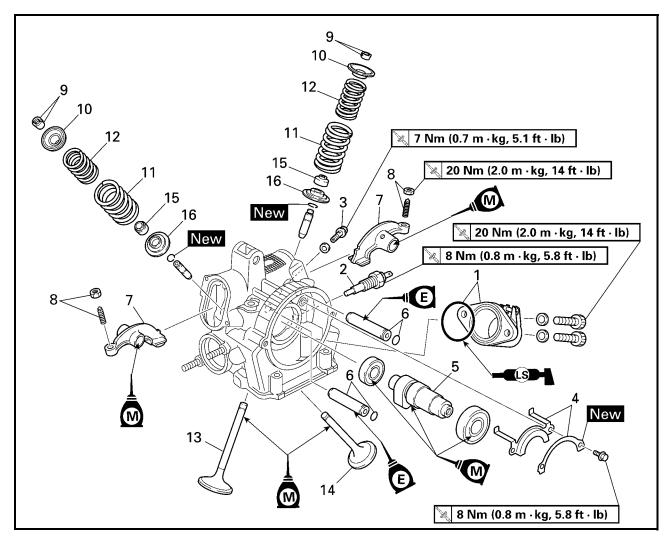
Rotor holding tool: P/N. YU-01235, 90890-01235

5.Check:

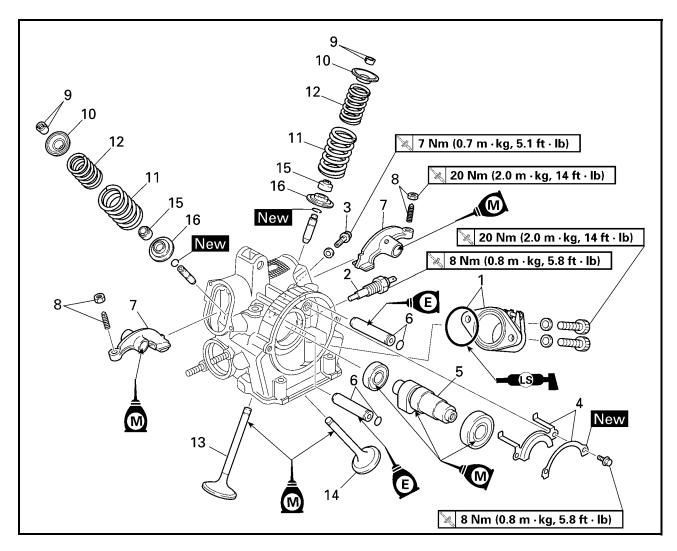
- Camshaft sprocket "I" mark
- $\bullet \mbox{ Rotor "T" mark} \\ \mbox{Out of alignment} \rightarrow \mbox{Adjust}.$





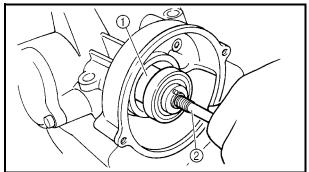


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the camshaft, rocker arms and valves		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Intake manifold/O-ring	1/1	
2	Thermo switch	1	
3	Oil check bolt	1	
4	Lock washer/bearing retainer	1/1	
5	Camshaft	1	Defende "DEMONING INICEALLING THE
6	Rocker arm shaft/O-ring	2/2	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE CAMSHAFT AND ROCKER ARM".
7	Rocker arm	2	CAMBIAI I AND ROCKER ARM .
8	Locknut/valve adjuster	2/2	
9	Valve cotter	4	
10	Valve spring retainer	2	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE VALVE AND VALVE SPRING".
11	Valve spring (outer)	2	TVALVE AND VALVE SPRING.



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
12	Valve spring (inner)	2	7
13	Valve (intake)	1	
14	Valve (exhaust)	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE VALVE AND VALVE SPRING".
15	Valve stem seal	2	VALVE AND VALVE SPRING.
16	Valve spring seat	2	\sqcup
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.





REMOVING THE CAMSHAFT AND ROCKER ARM

- 1.Remove:
- Camshaft (1)

NOTE: _

Screw in a M10 bolt ② into the thread hole on the camshaft, and pull out the camshaft.

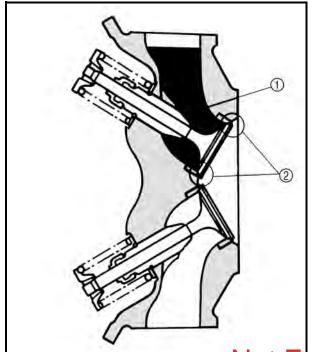
2.Remove:

- Rocker arm shafts (intake and exhaust) ①
- Rocker arms ②

Use a slide hammer (3) to remove the rocker arm shafts.



Slide hammer set: P/N. YU-01083-A Slide hammer bolt (M6): P/N. 90890-01083 Weight: P/N. 90890-01084



REMOVING THE VALVE AND VALVE **SPRING**

1.Check:

 Valve sealing Leakage at the valve seat → Check the valve face, valve seat and valve seat width. Refer to "CHECKING THE VALVE AND VALVE SPRING".

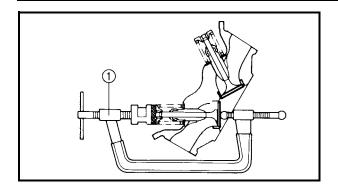
Checking steps:

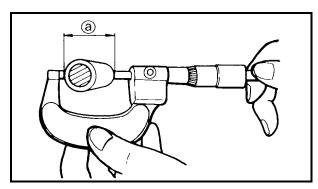
● Pour a clean solvent ① into the intake and exhaust ports.

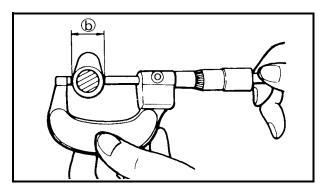
• Check that the valve seals properly. There should be no leakage at the valve seat

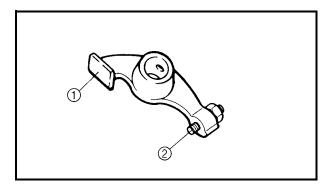
For Resale











2.Remove:

Valve cotters

NOTE:

Attach a valve spring compressor ① between the valve spring retainer and the cylinder head to remove the valve cotters.



Valve spring compressor: P/N. YM-04019, 90890-04019

CHECKING THE CAMSHAFT

- 1.Check:
- Cam lobes
 Pitting/scratches/blue discoloration →
 Replace.
- 2.Measure:
- Cam lobes length ⓐ and ⓑ.
 Out of specification → Replace.



Camshaft lobe limit:

Intake:

- (a) 40.52 mm (1.595 in)
- **(b)** 32.08 mm (1.263 in)

Exhaust:

- **a** 40.52 mm (1.595 in)
- **(b)** 32.08 mm (1.263 in)

CHECKING THE ROCKER ARM AND CAMSHAFT

- 1.Check:
- Camshaft lobe contact surface ①
- Valve adjusters ②
 Blue discoloration/pitting/scratches →
 Replace.



- 2.Check:
- Rocker arms
- Rocker arm shafts
 Damage/wear → Replace.



- Check the two contact areas on the rocker arms for signs of abnormal wear.
- 1) Rocker arm shaft hole
- Camshaft lobe contact surface Excessive wear → Replace.
- Check the surface of the rocker arm shafts.
 Blue discoloration/pitting/scratches →
 Replace/check lubrication.
- Measure the inside diameter (a) of the rocker arm holes.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Rocker arm inside diameter: 12.000 ~ 12.018 mm (0.4724 ~ 0.4731 in)





Rocker arm outside diameter: 11.981 ~ 11.991 mm (0.4717 ~ 0.4721 in)

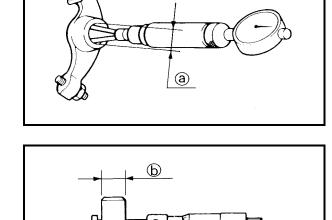
 Calculate the clearance by subtracting the rocker arm shaft outside diameter from the rocker arm inside diameter.

Clearance greater than 0.08 mm (0.003 in) \rightarrow Replace the defective part(s).

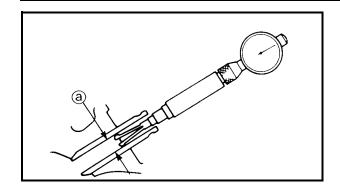


Rocker arm to shaft standard clearance:

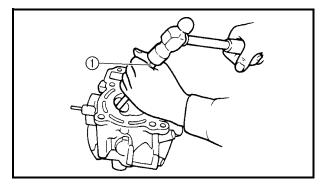
0.009 ~ 0.037 mm (0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)

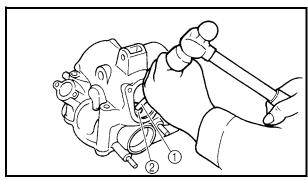


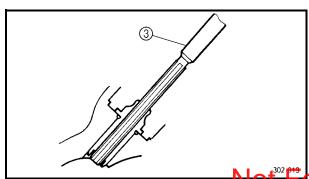




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CHECKING THE VALVE AND VALVE SPRING

- 1.Measure:
- Stem-to-guide clearance

Stem-to-guide clearance = valve guide inside diameter (a) – valve stem diameter (b)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the valve guide.



Clearance (stem to guide):

Intake:

0.010 ~ 0.037 mm (0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)

<Limit>: 0.080 mm (0.0031 in)

Exhaust:

0.030 ~ 0.057 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0022 in)

<Limit>: 0.100 mm (0.0039 in)

2.Replace:

Valve guide

Replacement steps:

NOTE:

To ease guide removal, installation and to maintain correct fit, heat the cylinder head to 100 °C (212 °F) in an oven.

- Remove the valve guide using a valve guide remover (1).
- Install the new valve guide using a valve guide remover ① and valve guide installer ②.
- After installing the valve guide, bore the valve guide using a valve guide reamer ③ to obtain proper stem-to-guide clearance.



Valve guide remover (7.0 mm): P/N. YM-01225-A, 90890-01225 Valve guide installer (7.0 mm): P/N. YM-04017, 90890-04017 Valve guide reamer (7.0 mm): P/N. YM-01227, 90890-01227

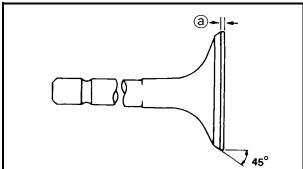
NOT	E:
A ftor	

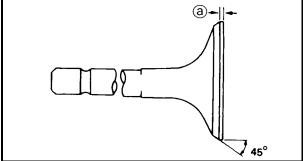
After replacing the valve guide reface the valve seat.

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- 3.Check:
- Valve face Pitting/wear \rightarrow Grind the face.
- Valve stem end Mushroom shape or diameter larger than the body of the stem \rightarrow Replace.





4.Measure:

 Margin thickness @ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

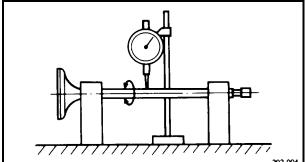


Margin thickness:

Intake:

1.0 ~ 1.4 mm (0.0394 ~ 0.0551 in) **Exhaust:**

0.8 ~ 1.2 mm (0.0315 ~ 0.0472 in)



5.Measure:

 Runout (valve stem) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



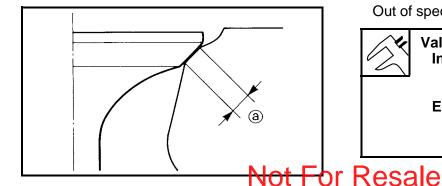
Runout limit:

0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

- When installing a new valve always replace the guide.
- If the valve is removed or replaced always replace the oil seal.

6.Eliminate:

- Carbon deposits (from the valve face and valve seat)
- 7.Check:
- Valve seats Pitting/wear \rightarrow Reface the valve seat.
- 8.Measure:
- Valve seat width @ Out of specification \rightarrow Reface the valve seat.





Valve seat width:

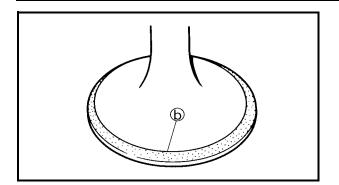
Intake:

1.2 ~ 1.4 mm (0.0472 ~ 0.0551 in) <Limit>: 1.6 mm (0.0630 in)

Exhaust:

1.2 ~ 1.4 mm (0.0472 ~ 0.0551 in) <Limit>: 1.6 mm (0.0630 in)





Measurement steps:

- Apply Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) (b) to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
- Measure the valve seat width. Where the valve seat and valve face made contact, blueing will have been removed.
- If the valve seat is too wide, too narrow, or the seat is not centered, the valve seat must be refaced.

9.Lap:

- Valve face
- Valve seat

NOTE:

After refacing the valve seat or replacing the valve and valve guide, the valve seat and valve face should be lapped.

Lapping steps:

 Apply a coarse lapping compound to the valve face.

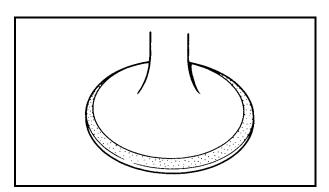
CAUTION:

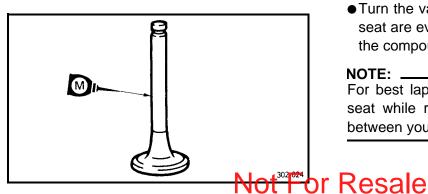
Do not let the compound enter the gap between the valve stem and the guide.

- Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the valve stem.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Turn the valve until the valve face and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off all of the compound.

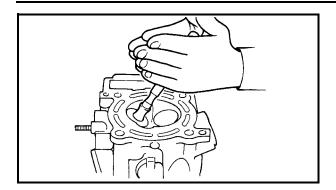
NOTE:

For best lapping results, lightly tap the valve seat while rotating the valve back and forth between your hands.







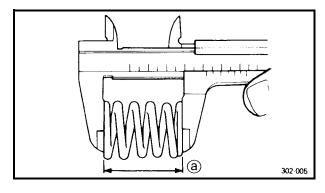


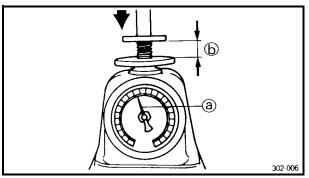
 Apply a fine lapping compound to the valve face and repeat the above steps.

NOTE:

After every lapping operation be sure to clean off all of the compound from the valve face and valve seat.

- Apply Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
- Measure the valve seat width again. If the valve seat width is out of specification, reface and relap the valve seat.





10.Measure:

 Valve spring free length @ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Free length (valve spring):

39.9 mm (1.57 in)

<Limit>: 37.9 mm (1.49 in)

Outer:

43.27 mm (1.70 in)

<Limit>: 41.27 mm (1.62 in)

11.Measure:

 Compressed spring force @ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

(b) Installed length



Compressed spring force:

104.9 ~ 120.6 N at 33.6 mm

 $(10.70 \sim 12.30 \text{ kg})$

23.58 ~ 27.11 lb at 1.32 in)

Outer:

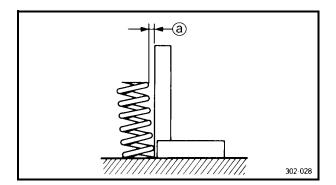
235.4 ~ 251.1 N at 36.6 mm

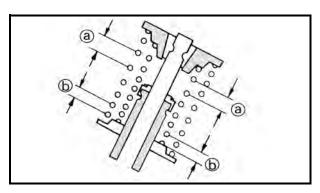
 $(24.00 \sim 25.60 \text{ kg})$

52.91 ~ 56.45 lb at 1.44 in)









12.Measure:

 Spring tilt @ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Spring tilt limit:

Inner:

2.5°/1.6 mm (0.06 in)

Outer:

2.5°/1.6 mm (0.06 in)

INSTALLING THE VALVE AND VALVE SPRING

1.Apply:

• Molybdenum disulfide oil (onto the valve stem and valve stem seal)

2.Install:

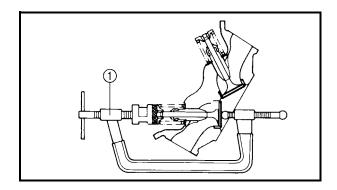
- Valve spring seats
- Valve stem seals

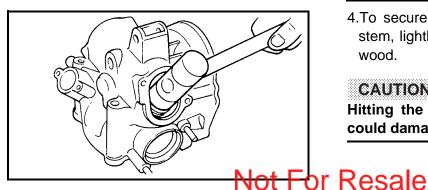
 New
- Valves
- Valve springs (inner and outer)
- Valve spring retainers

NOTE:

Install the valve springs with the larger pitch (a) facing upwards.

(b) Smaller pitch





3.Install:

Valve cotters

Install the valve cotters while compressing the valve spring with the valve spring compressor

①.



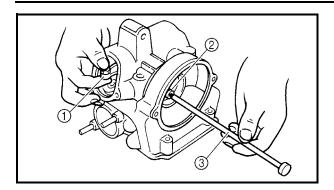
Valve spring compressor: P/N. YM-04019, 90890-04019

4.To secure the valve cotters onto the valve stem, lightly tap the valve tip with a piece of wood.

CAUTION:

Hitting the valve tip with excessive force could damage the valve.

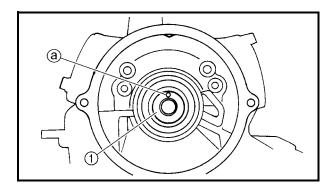




INSTALLING THE CAMSHAFT AND ROCKER ARM

- 1.Apply:
- Engine oil (onto the rocker arm shafts)
- 2.Install:
- Rocker arms 1)
- Rocker arm shafts (intake and exhaust) ②

Use a slide hammer bolt ③ to install the rocker arm shaft.



3.Install:

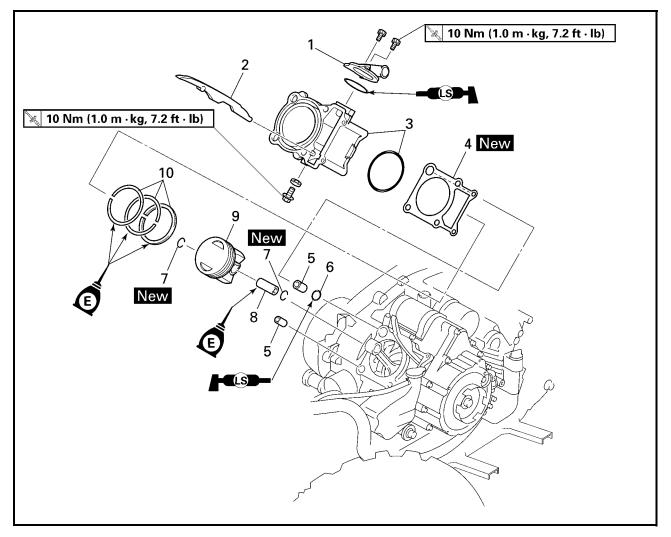
• Camshaft ①

NOTE:

Install the camshaft pin hole @ facing up.







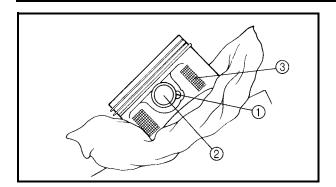
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the cylinder and piston		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Cylinder head		Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD".
	Water pump outlet hose/pipe		Refer to "WATER PUMP" in CHAPTER 5.
1	Coolant inlet joint	1	
2	Timing chain guide (exhaust)	1	
3	Cylinder/O-ring	1/1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE CYLINDER".
4	Cylinder gasket	1	
5	Dowel pin	2	
6	O-ring	1	
7	Piston pin clip	2	
8	Piston pin	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
9	Piston	1	PISTON".
10	Piston ring set	1	$oldsymbol{\sqcup}$
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

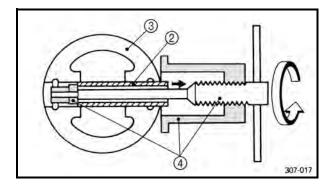
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REMOVING THE PISTON

- 1.Remove:
- Piston pin clips ①
- Piston pin ②
- Piston ③

NOTE:

Before removing piston pin, deburr the clip groove and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and the piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the piston pin puller 4.



Piston pin puller: P/N. YU-01304, 90890-01304

CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

2.Remove:

Piston rings

NOTE:

Spread the end gaps apart while at the same time lifting the piston ring over the top of the piston crown.

CHECKING THE TIMING CHAIN GUIDE

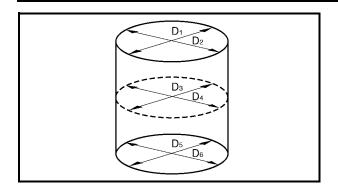
- 1.Check:
- Exhaust side timing chain guide Wear/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE CYLINDER AND PISTON

- 1.Check:
- Cylinder and piston walls
 Vertical scratches → Rebore or replace the cylinder and the piston.
- Cylinder water jacket
 Mineral deposits/rust → Eliminate.







2.Measure:

• Piston-to-cylinder clearance

Measurement steps:

1st step:

 Measure the cylinder bore "C" with the cylinder bore gauge.

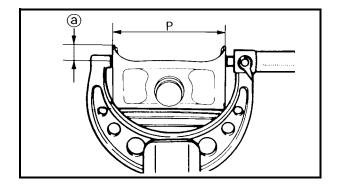
NOTE:

Measure cylinder bore "C" by taking side-toside and front-to-back measurements of the cylinder. Then, find the average of the measurements.

Cylinder bore "C"	84.500 ~ 84.510 mm (3.3268 ~ 3.3272 in)
Max. taper "T"	0.05 mm (0.0016 in)
Out of round "R"	0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

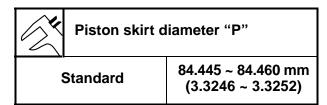
"C"= maximum of D₁ ~ D₆
"T"= maximum of D₁, or D₂ – maximum of D₅ or D₅
"R"= maximum of D₁, D₃ or D₅ − minimum of D₂, D₄ or D₆

• If out of specification, replace the cylinder, and the piston and piston rings as a set.



2nd step:

- Measure piston skirt diameter "P" with a micrometer.
- (a) 5.0 mm (0.20 in) from the piston bottom edge



 If out of specification, replace the piston and piston rings as a set.



3rd step:

• Find the piston-to-cylinder clearance with the following formula.

Piston-to-cylinder clearance = Cylinder bore "C" -Piston skirt diameter "P"

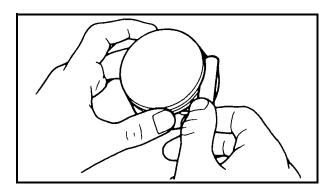


Piston-to-cylinder clearance: 0.040 ~ 0.065 mm

 $(0.0016 \sim 0.0026 in)$

<Limit>: 0.150 mm (0.0059 in)

• If out of specification, rebore or replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as a set.



CHECKING THE PISTON RING

1.Measure:

 Ring side clearance Use a feeler gauge. Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston and rings as a set.

NOTE:

Clean carbon from the piston ring grooves and rings before measuring the side clearance.

Ī	XX		Side clearar	nce
			Standard	Limit
	Top ring		0.03 ~ 0.07 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0028 in)	0.12 mm (0.0047 in)
	2nd ring	-	0.02 ~ 0.06 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0024 in)	0.12 mm (0.0047 in)

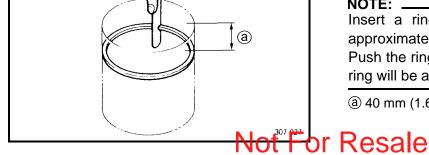
2.Position:

 Piston ring (in cylinder)

NOTE:

Insert a ring into the cylinder and push it approximately 40 mm (1.6 in) into the cylinder. Push the ring with the piston crown so that the ring will be at a right angle to the cylinder bore.

ⓐ 40 mm (1.6 in)





- 3.Measure:
- Ring end gap
 Out of specification → Replace.

	_	_	_	
N	n	т	F	=

You cannot measure the end gap on the expander spacer of the oil control ring. If the oil control ring rails show excessive gap, replace all three rings.

\\\\\\\\\\	End gap	
	Standard	Limit
Top ring	0.20 ~ 0.40 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0157 in)	0.65 mm (0.0256 in)
2nd ring	0.40 ~ 0.60 mm (0.0157 ~ 0.0236 in)	0.95 mm (0.0374 in)
Oil ring	0.2 ~ 0.7 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0276 in)	-

CHECKING THE PISTON PIN

- 1.Check:
- Piston pin
 Blue discoloration/grooves → Replace, then check the lubrication system.
- 2.Measure:
- Piston pin-to-piston clearance

Measurement steps:

Measure the piston pin outside diameter (a).
 If out of specification, replace the piston pin.



Outside diameter (piston pin):

19.991 ~ 20.000 mm (0.7870 ~ 0.7874 in)

<Limit>: 19.971 mm (0.7863 in)

Measure the piston inside diameter (b).



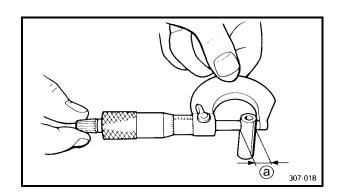
Piston pin bore inside diameter:

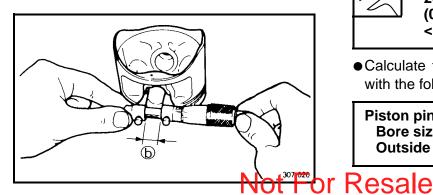
20.004 ~ 20.015 mm (0.7876 ~ 0.7880 in)

<Limit>: 20.045 mm (0.7892 in)

 Calculate the piston pin-to-piston clearance with the following formula.

Piston pin-to-piston clearance = Bore size (piston pin) (b) - Outside diameter (piston pin) (a)



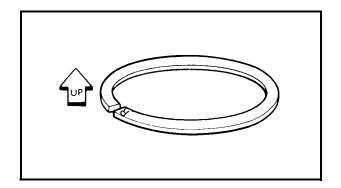


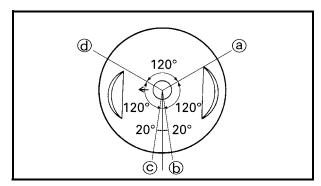


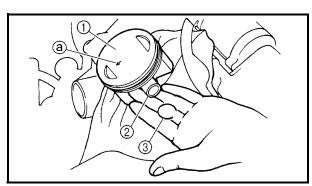
• If out of specification, replace the piston.



Piston pin-to-piston clearance: 0.004 ~ 0.024 mm (0.00016 ~ 0.00094 in) <Limit>: 0.074 mm (0.0029 in)







INSTALLING THE PISTON

1.Install:

 Piston rings (onto the piston)

NOTE:

- Be sure to install the piston rings so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the upper side of the rings.
- Lubricate the piston and piston rings liberally with engine oil.

2.Position:

- Top ring
- 2nd ring
- Oil ring

Offset the piston ring end gaps as shown.

- (a) Top ring end
- (b) Oil ring end (upper)
- © Oil ring end (lower)
- d 2nd ring end

3.Install:

- Piston (1)
- Piston pin ②
- Piston pin clips ③ New

NOTE:

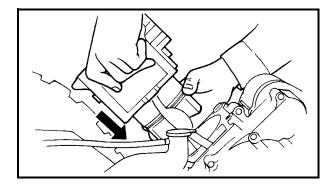
- Apply engine oil onto the piston pin, piston ring and piston.
- Be sure that the arrow mark (a) on the piston points to the exhaust side of the engine.
- Before installing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



4.Lubricate:

- Piston
- Piston rings
- Cylinder

NOTE:		
	liberal coating of engine oil.	



INSTALLING THE CYLINDER

1.Install:

Cylinder

NOTE:

Install the cylinder with one hand while compressing the piston rings with the other hand.

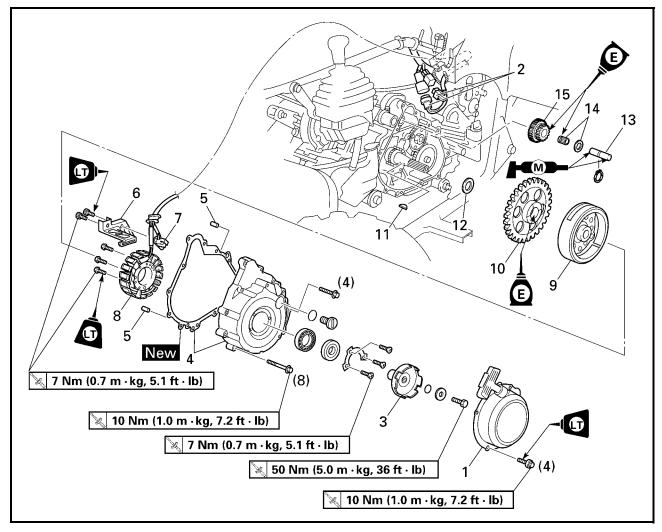
CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the timing chain damper during installation.
- Pass the timing chain through the timing chain cavity.

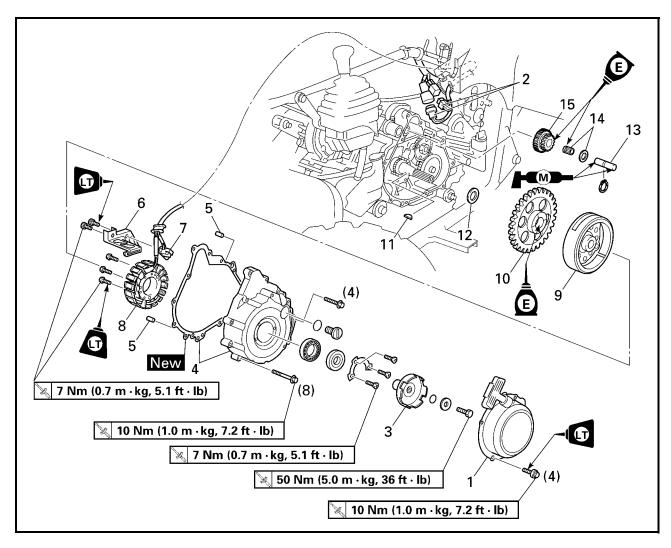




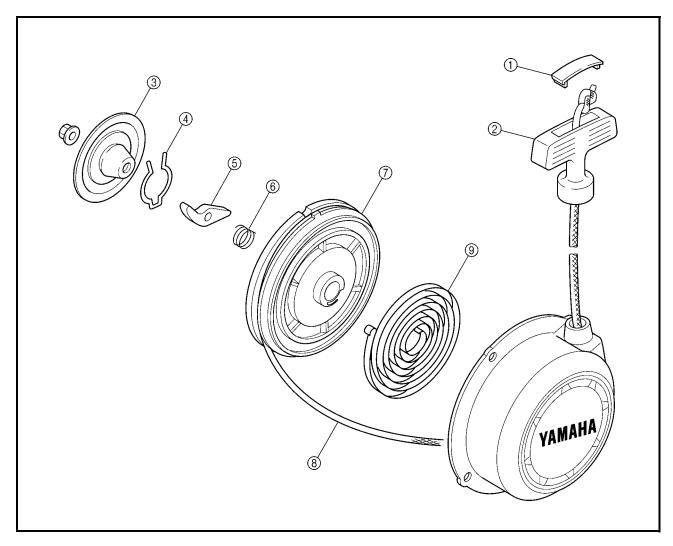




Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the CDI magneto		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Engine oil		Drain. Refer to "CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL" in CHAPTER 3.
	Seat and side panels		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS" in CHAPTER 3.
	Left footrest board		Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS" in CHAPTER 3.
1	Recoil starter assembly	1	
2	A.C. magneto coupler	2	Disconnect.
3	Starter pulley	1	Defer to "DEMON/INIC/INICTALLING THE
4	Crankcase cover (left)/gasket	1/1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE A.C. MAGNETO".
5	Dowel pin	2	TA.O. WAONE TO .
6	Lead holder	1	



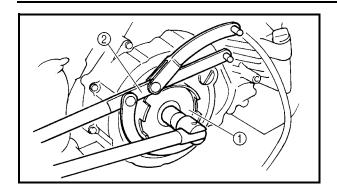
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
7	Pickup coil	1	
8	Stator assembly	1	
9	Rotor	1	
10	Starter wheel gear	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE A.C. MAGNETO".
11	Woodruff key	1	JA.C. WAGNETO.
12	Washer	1	
13	Starter idle gear shaft	1	
14	Washer/bearing	1/1	
15	Starter idle gear	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

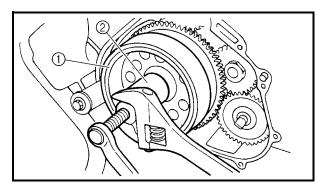


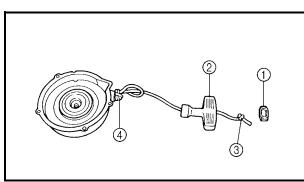
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the recoil starter		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Сар	1	
2	Starter handle	1	
3	Friction plate	1	
4	Pawl spring	1	Refer to "DISASSEMBLING/
(5)	Drive pawl	1	ASSEMBLING THE RECOIL
6	Spring	1	STARTER".
7	Sheave drum	1	
8	Rope	1	
9	Coil spring	1	Ц
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.

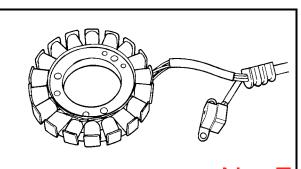












REMOVING THE A.C. MAGNETO

- 1.Remove:
- Starter pulley 1

NOTE:

Use the rotor holding tool ② to hold the starter pulley.



Rotor holding tool: P/N. YU-01235, 90890-01235

2.Remove:

- Crankcase cover (left)
- Gasket
- Dowel pins

NOTE:

Working in a crisscross pattern, loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn. Remove them after all of them are loosened.

3.Remove:

• Rotor (1)

NOTE:

Use the flywheel puller 2.



Flywheel puller:

P/N. YM-01404, 90890-01404

DISASSEMBLING THE RECOIL STARTER

- 1.Remove:
- Cap (1)
- Starter handle 2

NOTE:

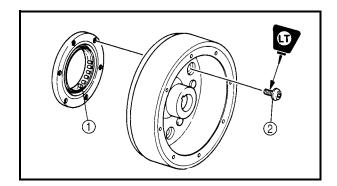
Before untying the knot ③ above the starter handle, make a knot ④ in the rope so that the rope is not pulled into the case.

CHECKING THE CDI MAGNETO

- 1.Check:
- Stator assembly
- Pickup coil
 Damage → Replace.

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CHECKING THE STARTER CLUTCH

1.Check:

- Starter one-way clutch (1) Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.
- Bolts ② (starter clutch) Loose → Replace with a new one, and clinch the end of the bolt.

NOTE:

The arrow mark on the starter clutch must face inward, away from the rotor.

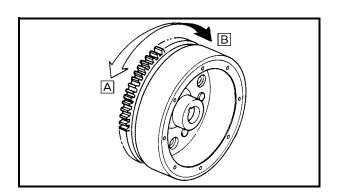


Bolts (starter clutch): 30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb) **LOCTITE®**

Checking steps:

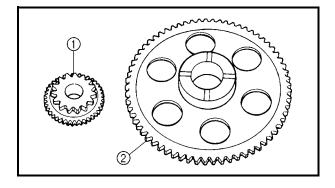
- Install the starter wheel gear to the starter clutch, and hold the starter clutch.
- When turning the starter wheel gear counterclockwise A, the starter clutch and the wheel gear should be engaged. If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.
- When turning the starter wheel gear clockwise B, the starter wheel gear should turn freely.

If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.



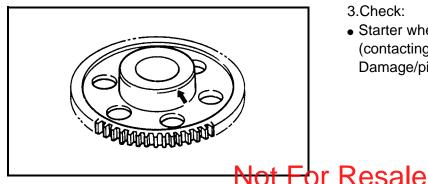
2.Check:

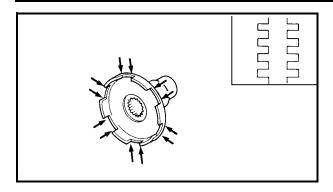
- Gear teeth (starter idle) (1)
- Gear teeth (starter wheel) (2) Burrs/chips/roughness/wear \rightarrow Replace.



3.Check:

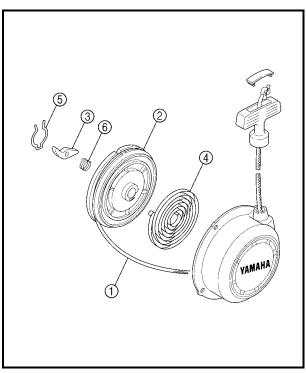
 Starter wheel gear (contacting surface) Damage/pitting/wear \rightarrow Replace.





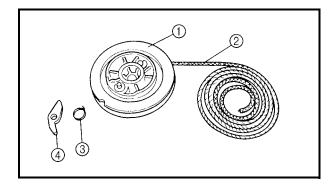
CHECKING THE STARTER PULLEY

- 1.Check:



CHECKING THE RECOIL STARTER

- 1.Check:
- Rope ①
- Sheave drum ②
- Coil spring 4
- Pawl spring ⑤
- Spring ⑥
 Fatigue → Replace.

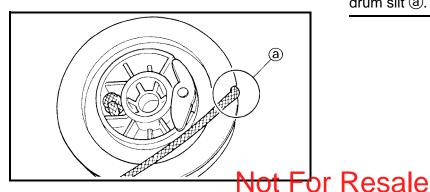


ASSEMBLING THE RECOIL STARTER

- 1.Install:
- Sheave drum ①
- Rope ②
- Pawl spring ③
- Drive pawl 4

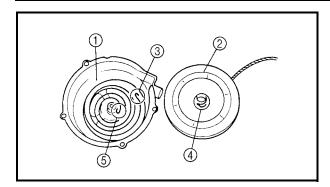
NOTE: _

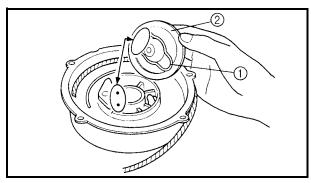
Wind the rope 4-1/2 turns clockwise around the sheave drum. Then insert the rope into the drum slit (a).













- Starter spring 1
- Sheave drum assembly ②

NOTE:

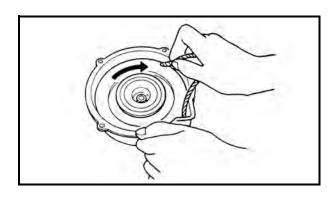
- Mesh the spring hook ③ with the case slit, then wind the spring clockwise into the case from the larger to smaller diameter.
- Mesh the sheave drum hook ④ with the spring hook ⑤.

3.Install:

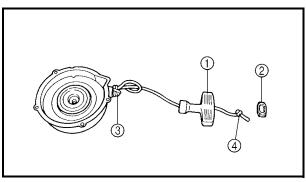
- Spring ①
- Friction plate ②
- Nut

NOTE:

Insert the spring hooks into the pawl side holes.



4.Turn the sheave drum 3-turn clockwise to give preload to the spring.



5.Install:

- Starter handle (1)
- Cap (2)

NOTE:

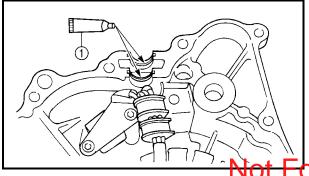
- Pass the rope through the case hole and make a knot ③ on the rope so that the rope is not pulled into the case.
- Untile the knot ③ after making a knot ④ above the handle.

INSTALLING THE A.C. MAGNETO

- 1.Apply:
- Sealant (Quick Gasket®) ①
 (into the slit)



Sealant (Quick Gasket®): P/N. ACC-11001-05-01 Yamaha bond No. 1215: P/N. 90890-85505





2.Install:

Woodruff key

Rotor

NOTE:

 Before installing the rotor, clean the outside of the crankshaft and the inside of the rotor.

 After installing the rotor, check that the rotor rotates smoothly. If not, reinstall the key and rotor.

3.Install:

Dowel pins

Gasket New

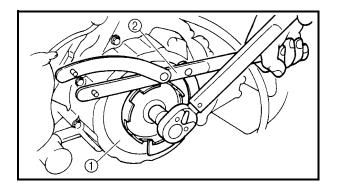
Crankcase cover (left)

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

NOTE:

 When installing the crankcase cover (left), use a long rod to hold the rotor in position from the outside. This will make assembly easier. Be careful not to damage the oil seal.

 Tighten the bolts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.



4.Install:

• Starter pulley 1

№ 50 Nm (5.0 m • kg, 36 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Use a rotor holding tool ② to hold the starter pulley.



Rotor holding tool:

P/N. YU-01235, 90890-01235

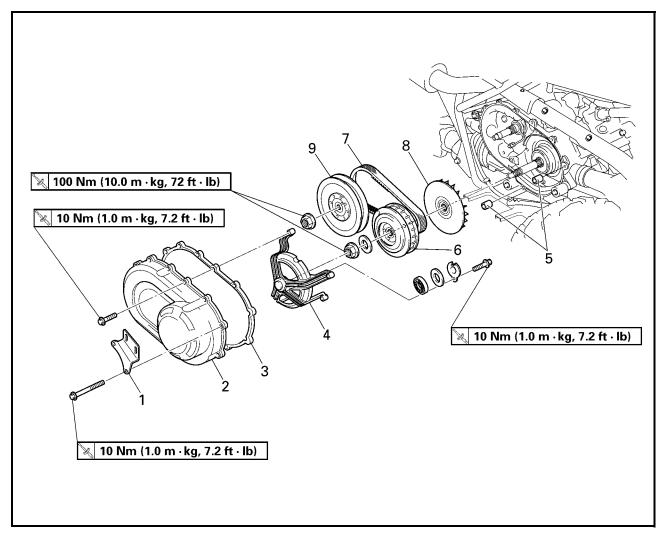
NOTE:

Before installing the starter pulley, do not forget to install the O-ring.

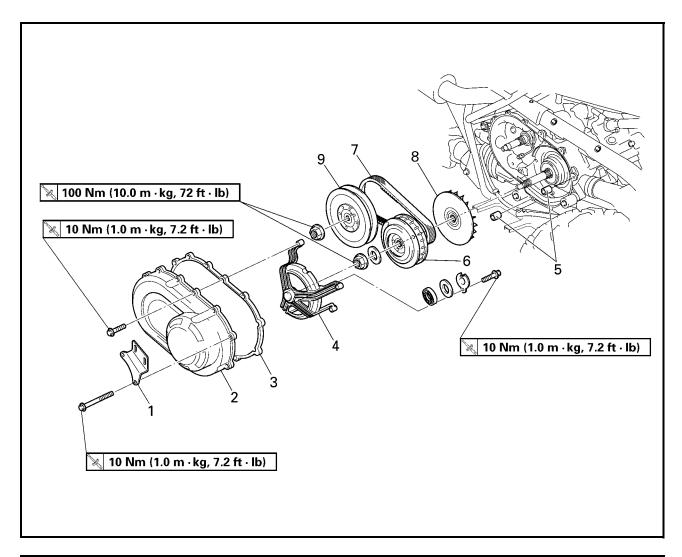


PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES





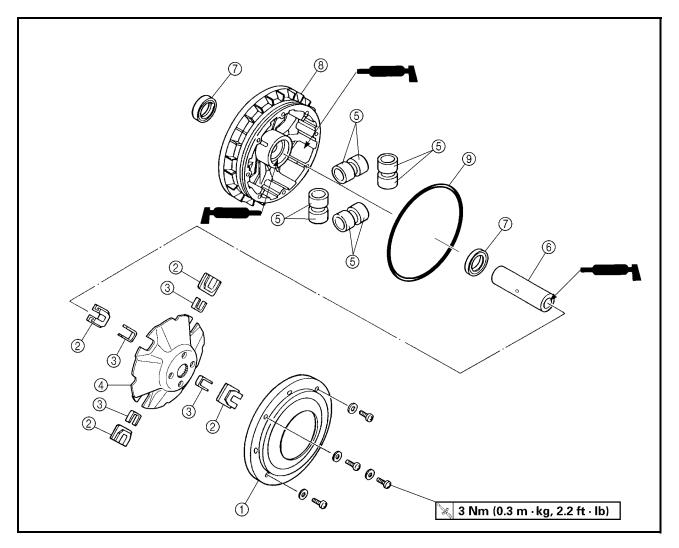
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the primary and		Remove the parts in the order below.
	secondary sheave		
	Front fender		Deterte "CEAT CARRIERS FENDERS
	Rear fender		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Right footrest board		AND TOLL TANK III OHAFTER 3.
1	Exhaust pipe bracket	1	
2	Drive belt cover	1	
3	Rubber gasket	1	
4	Bearing housing	1	
5	Dowel pin	2	
6	Primary sliding sheave assembly	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
7	V-belt	1	□PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES".



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
8	Primary fixed sheave		Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
9	Secondary sheave assembly	1	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES". For installation, reverse the removal procedure.



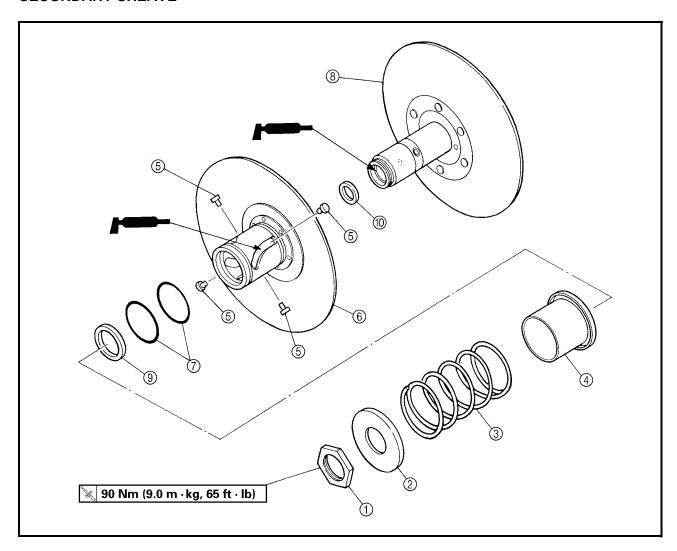
PRIMARY SLIDING SHEAVE



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the primary sliding sheave		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Primary pulley sheave cap	1	h
2	Primary pulley slider	4	
3	Spacer	4	
4	Primary pulley cam	1	Defeate "ACCEMBLING THE DDIMARY
(5)	Primary pulley weight	8	Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE PRIMARY SHEAVE".
6	Collar	1	STIEAVE .
7	Oil seal	2	
8	Primary sliding sheave	1	
9	O-ring	1	u
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.

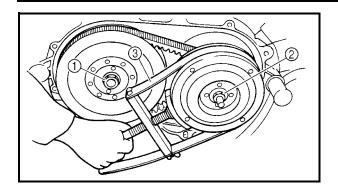


SECONDARY SHEAVE



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the secondary		Remove the parts in the order below.
	sheave		
1	Nut	1	
2	Spring seat	1	
3	Compression spring	1	
4	Spring seat	1	Refer to "DISASSEMBLING/ ASSEMBLING THE SECONDARY
(5)	Guide pin	4	SHEAVE".
6	Secondary sliding sheave	1	OTIE/WE:
7	O-ring	2	
8	Secondary fixed sheave	1	ľ
9	Oil seal	1	
10	Oil seal	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.





REMOVING THE PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES

- 1.Loosen:
- Nut (secondary sheave) (1)
- Nut (primary sheave) ②

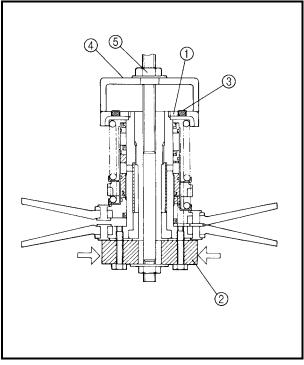
NOTE:

- Use the sheave holder (3) to hold the primary
- First, loosen the nut (secondary sheave) 2, then loosen the nut (primary sheave) (1).



Sheave holder:

P/N. YU-01880, 90890-01701



DISASSEMBLING THE SECONDARY SHEAVE

- 1.Remove:
- Nut (1)

Removing steps:

● Attach the sheave fixed block ②, locknut wrench (3) and sheave spring compressor (4) to the secondary sheave assembly.



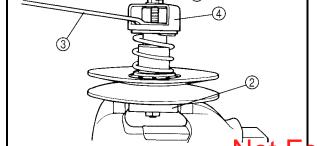
Sheave fixed block: P/N. YM-04135, 90890-04135

Locknut wrench: P/N. 90890-01348

Sheave spring compressor:

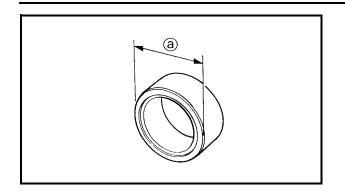
P/N. YM-04134, 90890-04134

- Place the sheave fixed block in a vise and secure it.
- Tighten the sheave spring compressor nut ⑤ and compress the spring.
- ●Loosen the nut ① with the locknut wrench
- Remove the nut (1).
- Remove the sheave spring compressor and locknut wrench.



or Resale





CHECKING THE PRIMARY SHEAVE

1.Check:

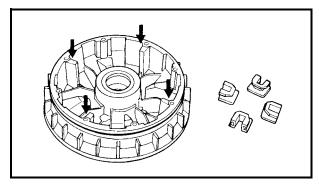
Weight outside diameter ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the weight.



Weight outside diameter:

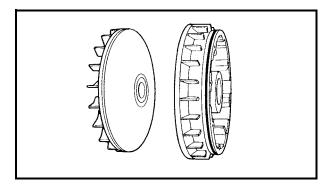
30 mm (1.18 in)

<Limit>: 29.5 mm (1.16 in)



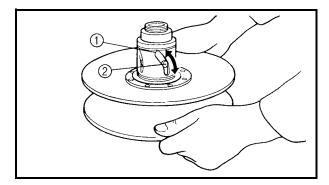
2.Check:

- Primary pulley slider
- Primary sliding sheave splines
 Wear/cracks/damage → Replace.
- Spacer
- Primary pulley cam
 Cracks/damage → Replace.



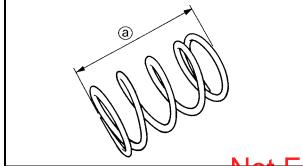
3.Check:

- Primary sliding sheave
- Primary fixed sheave
 Cracks/damage → Replace.



CHECKING THE SECONDARY SHEAVE

- 1.Check:
- Secondary fixed sheave smooth operation
- $\bullet \mbox{ Secondary sliding sheave smooth operation} \\ \mbox{ Scratches/damage} \rightarrow \mbox{ Replace as a set.}$
- 2.Check:
- Torque cam groove ①
 Wear/damage → Replace.
- 3.Check:
- Guide pin ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.
- 4.Check:
- Secondary sheave spring Damage → Replace.
- 5.Measure:
- Secondary sheave spring free length ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the secondary sheave spring.





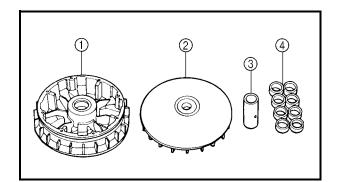
Free length:

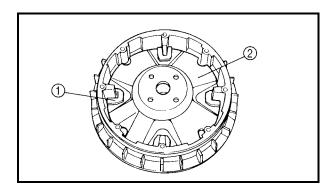
121.4 mm (4.78 in)

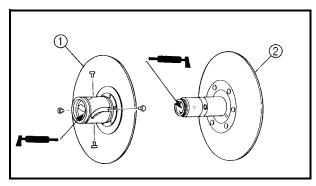
<Limit>: 115.33 mm (4.54 in)

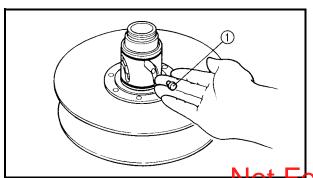
Not For Resale











ASSEMBLING THE PRIMARY SHEAVE

1.Clean:

- Primary sliding sheave face (1)
- Primary fixed sheave face (2)
- Collar (3)
- Weight 4)
- Primary pulley cam face

NOTE: .

Remove any excess grease.

2.Install:

• Weight 1

NOTE:

- Apply Yamaha Grizzly grease (120 g) to the whole outer surface of the weight and install.
- Apply Yamaha Grizzly grease to the inner surface of the collar.
- Apply Yamaha Grizzly grease to the inner surface of the primary sliding sheave.

3.Install:

- Spacer
- Slider (1)
- Primary pulley cam ②
- Primary sliding sheave cap

3 Nm (0.3 m • kg, 2.2 ft • lb)

ASSEMBLING THE SECONDARY SHEAVE

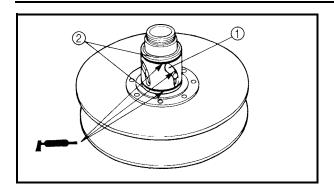
1.Apply:

- BEL-RAY assembly lube[®] (to the secondary sliding sheave 1) inner surface and oil seals)
- BEL-RAY assembly lube® (to the bearings, oil seals and inner surface of the secondary fixed sheave 2)

2.Install:

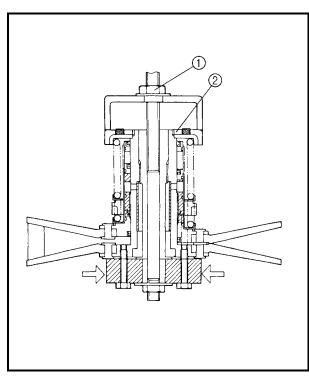
• Guide pin ①





3.Apply:

 BEL-RAY assembly lube[®] (to the guide pin sliding groove 1), and O-ring ② New)



4.Install:

- Spring seat
- Compression spring
- Spring seat
- Nut

Installing steps:

 Attach the sheave fixed block, locknut wrench and sheave spring compressor to the secondary sheave assembly.



Sheave fixed block: P/N. YM-04135, 90890-04135 Locknut wrench: P/N. 90890-01348 **Sheave spring compressor:** P/N. YM-04134, 90890-04134

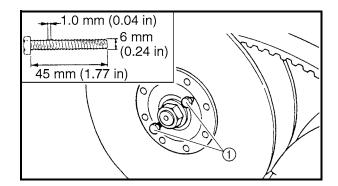
- Place the sheave fixed block in a vise and
- ◆ Tighten the sheave spring compressor nut ① and compress the spring.
- ●Install the nut ② and tighten it to the specified torque using the locknut wrench.

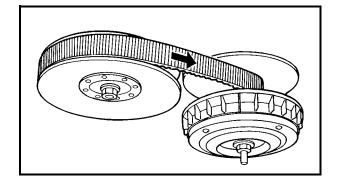


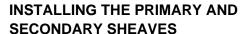
Nut:

90 Nm (9.0 m • kg, 65 ft • lb)

• Remove the sheave spring compressor, locknut wrench, and sheave fixed block.





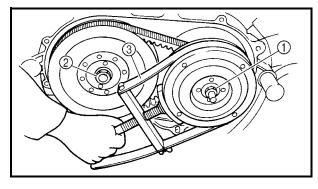


1.Install:

- Secondary sheave assembly
- V-belt
- Primary sheave assembly

NOTE:

- Tightening the bolts (1) will push the secondary sliding sheave away, causing the gap between the secondary fixed and sliding sheaves to widen.
- Install the V-belt so that its arrow faces the direction show in the illustration.



2.Tighten:

• Nut (primary sheave) ①

🗽 100 Nm (10.0 m • kg, 72 ft • lb)

Nut (secondary sheave) ②

🗽 100 Nm (10.0 m • kg, 72 ft • lb)

NOTE: .

- Use the sheave holder (3) to hold the primary sheave.
- First, tighten the nut (primary sheave) ①, then tighten the nut (secondary sheave) 2.

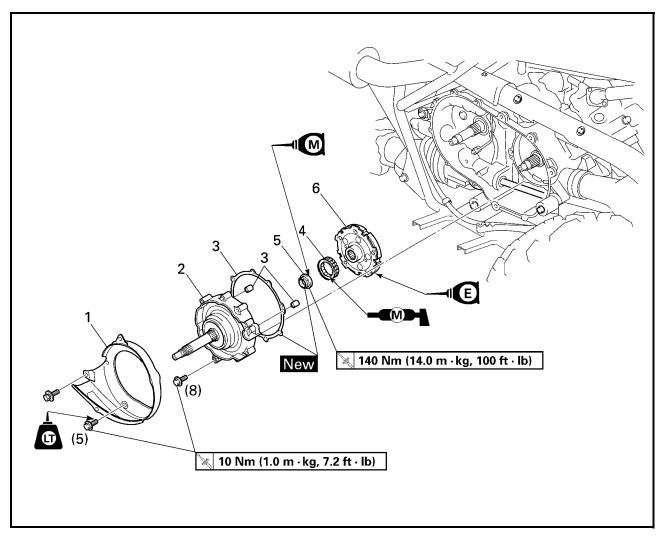


Sheave holder:

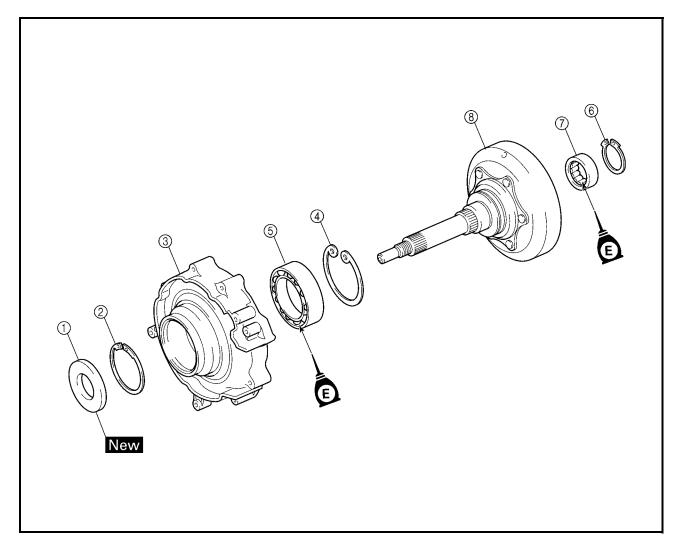
P/N. YU-01880, 90890-01701

CLUTCH

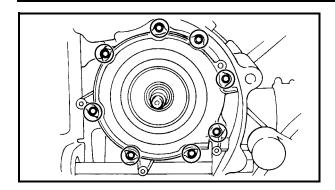


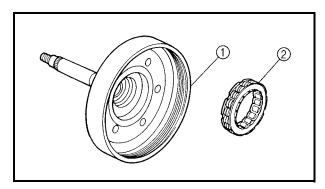


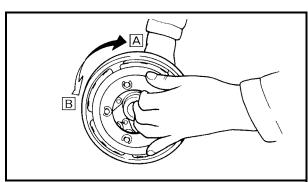
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the clutch		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Primary and secondary sheaves		Refer to "PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES".
1	Cover	1	
2	Clutch housing assembly	1	
3	Gasket/dowel pin	1/2	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
4	One-way clutch bearing	1	CLUTCH".
5	Nut	1	\downarrow
6	Clutch carrier assembly	1	
	·		For installation, reverse the removal procedure.



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the clutch housing		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Oil seal	1	
2	Circlip	1	
3	Bearing housing	1	
4	Circlip	1	
(5)	Bearing	1	
6	Circlip	1	
7	Bearing	1	
8	Clutch housing	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.







REMOVING THE CLUTCH

- 1.Remove:
- Clutch housing assembly
- Gasket
- Dowel pins

NOTE:

Working in crisscross pattern, loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn. Remove them after all of them are loosened.

- 2.Straighten:
- Punched portion of the nut 1).
- 3.Remove:
- Nut 1

NOTE:

Use a clutch holding tool ② to hold the clutch carrier assembly.



Clutch holding tool: P/N. YM-91042, 90890-04086

CHECKING THE CLUTCH

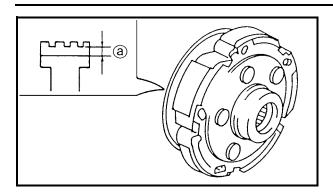
- 1.Check:
- Clutch housing ①
 Heat damage/wear/damage → Replace.
- One-way clutch bearing ②
 Chafing/wear/damage → Replace.

NOTE:

- Replace the one-way clutch assembly and clutch housing as a set.
- The one-way clutch bearing ② must be installed with the arrow mark side facing up.

Checking steps:

- Install the one-way clutch bearing and clutch carrier assembly to the clutch housing and hold the clutch carrier assembly.
- •When turning the clutch carrier assembly clockwise △, the clutch carrier assembly should turn freely.
 - If not, the one-way clutch assembly is faulty. Replace it.
- When turning the clutch carrier assembly counterclockwise B, the clutch housing and clutch carrier assembly should be engaged.
 If not, the one-way clutch assembly is faulty.
 Replace it.



2.Check:

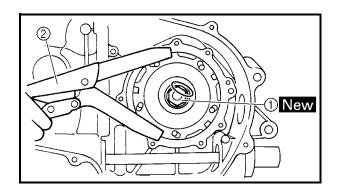
 Clutch shoe Heat damage \rightarrow Replace.

3.Measure:

 Clutch shoe thickness Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Clutch shoe thickness: 1.5 mm (0.06 in) Clutch shoe wear limit @: 1.0 mm (0.04 in)



INSTALLING THE CLUTCH

1.Install:

- Collar
- Clutch carrier assembly
- Nut 1 New 140 Nm (14.0 m kg, 100 ft lb)

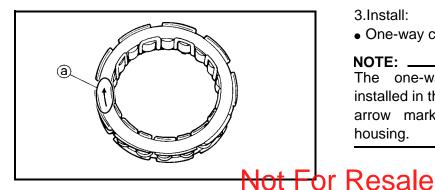
NOTE: .

- Lubricate the nut with molybdenum disulfide
- Use a clutch holding tool 2 to hold the clutch carrier assembly.



Clutch holding tool: P/N. YM-91042, 90890-04086

2.Lock the threads with a drift punch.

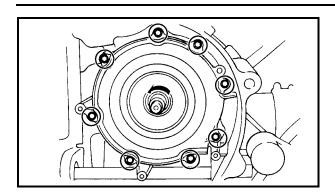


3.Install:

One-way clutch bearing

The one-way clutch bearing should be installed in the clutch carrier assembly with the arrow mark @ facing toward the clutch housing.

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4.Install:

- Dowel pins
- Gasket New
- Clutch housing assembly

10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

NOTE:

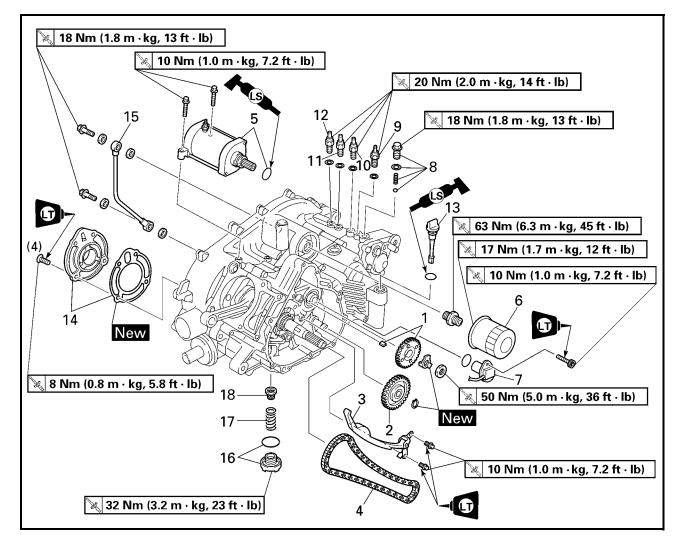
- Tighten the bolts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.
- After tightening the bolts, check that the clutch housing assembly to counterclockwise rotates smoothly.



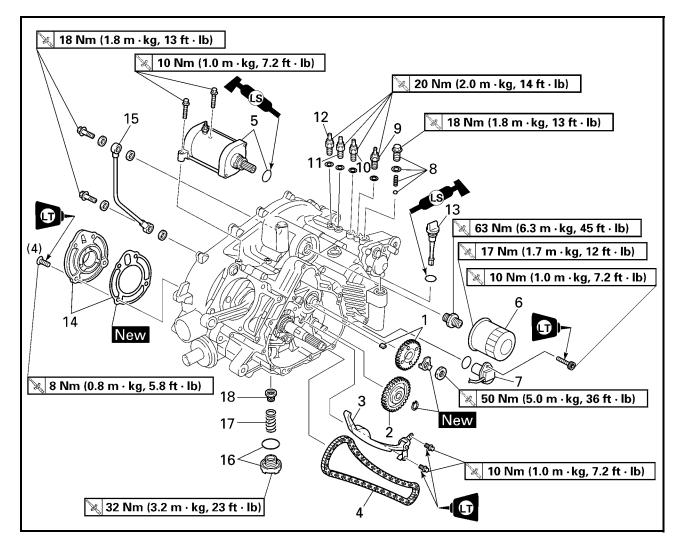


CRANKCASE

STARTER MOTOR, TIMING CHAIN AND OIL FILTER

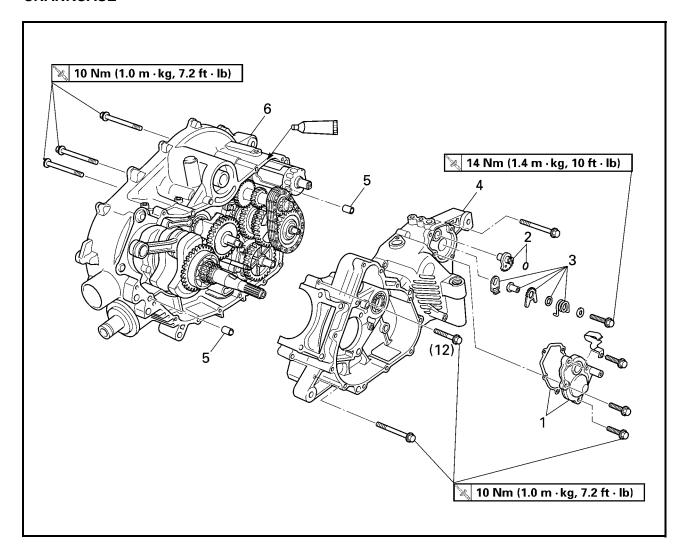


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the starter motor, timing chain and oil filter		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Engine assembly		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL".
	Cylinder head		Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD".
	Cylinder and piston		Refer to "CYLINDER AND PISTON".
	Recoil starter and rotor		Refer to "RECOIL STARTER AND A.C. MAGNETO".
	Primary and secondary sheaves		Refer to "PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVES".
	Clutch carrier assembly		Refer to "CLUTCH".
1	Oil pump drive gear/straight key	1/1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE OIL PUMP DRIVE GEAR".
2	Oil pump driven gear	1	
3	Timing chain guide	1	
4	Timing chain	1	
5	Starter motor/O-ring	1/1	



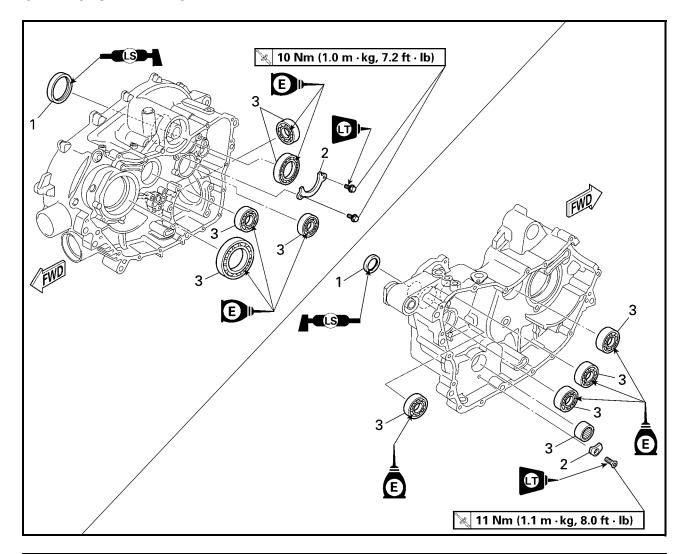
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
6	Oil filter cartridge	1	
7	Speed sensor	1	
8	Shift cam stopper	1	
9	Low-range switch	1	
10	High-range switch	1	
11	Neutral switch	1	
12	Reverse switch	1	
13	Oil filler cap	1	
14	Bearing cover/gasket	1/1	
15	Oil delivery pipe	1	
16	Oil strainer cover/O-ring	1/1	
17	Compression spring	1	
18	Oil strainer	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

CRANKCASE



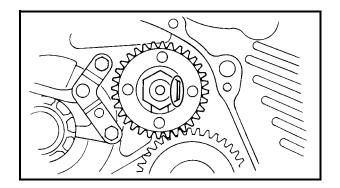
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Separating the crankcase		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Shift lever cover/gasket	1/1	Defer to "INICIALLING THE CHIET
2	Shift lever 1/O-ring	1/1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE SHIFT LEVER".
3	Shift lever 2 assembly	1	
4	Crankcase (left)	1	Defende "OFDADATING/ACCEMBLING
5	Dowel pin	2	Refer to "SEPARATING/ASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE".
6	Crankcase (right)	1	THE CHANGAGE .
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

CRANKCASE BEARING



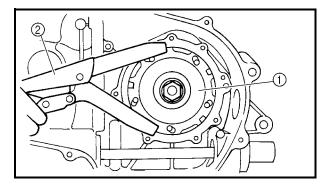
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the crankcase bearing		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Crankshaft and oil pump		Refer to "CRANKSHAFT AND OIL PUMP".
	Transmission		Refer to "TRANSMISSION".
	Middle drive/driven shaft		Refer to "MIDDLE GEAR".
1	Oil seal	2	
2	Bearing retainer	2	
3	Bearing	10	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.





REMOVING THE OIL PUMP DRIVE GEAR

- 1.Straighten:
- Lock washer tab



2.Remove:

Oil pump drive gear nut

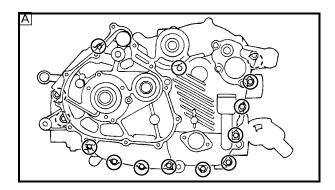
Removal steps:

- Temporary install the clutch carrier assembly (1).
- Hold the clutch carrier assembly with a clutch holding tool 2 and loosen the oil pump drive gear nut.



Clutch holding tool: P/N. YM-91042, 90890-04086

Remove the clutch carrier assembly.



В For Resale

SEPARATING THE CRANKCASE

- 1.Separate:
- Left crankcase

Separation steps:

Remove the crankcase bolts.

NOTE:

- Loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn at a time and after all the bolts are loosened, remove them.
- Loosen the bolts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.
- A Left crankcase
- B Right crankcase

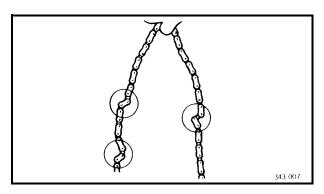


Remove the left crankcase.

CAUTION:

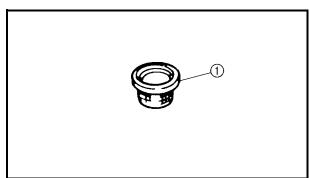
Use a soft hammer to tap on one side of the crankcase. Tap only on reinforced portions of the crankcase. Do not tap on the crankcase mating surfaces. Work slowly and carefully. Make sure that the crankcase halves separate evenly.

Remove the dowel pins.



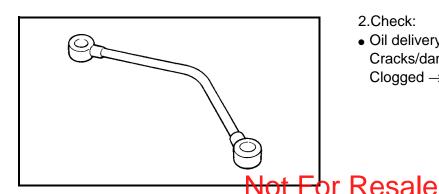
CHECKING THE TIMING CHAIN AND GUIDE

- 1.Check:
- Timing chain Cracks/stiff → Replace the timing chain and camshaft sprocket as a set.
- 2.Check:
- Intake side timing chain guide Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.



CHECKING THE OIL STRAINER AND OIL **DELIVERY PIPE**

- 1.Check:
- Oil strainer (1)



2.Check:

• Oil delivery pipe Cracks/damage → Replace. Clogged → Blow out with compressed air.

CHECKING THE CRANKCASE

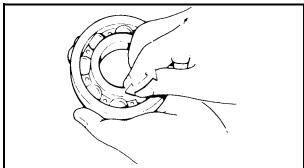
- 1. Thoroughly wash the case halves in a mild solvent.
- 2.Clean all the gasket mating surfaces and crankcase mating surfaces thoroughly.
- 3.Check:
- Crankcase Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Oil delivery passages Clogged → Blow out with compressed air.

CHECKING THE BEARINGS

- 1.Check:
- Bearing

Clean and lubricate, then rotate the inner race with a finger.

Roughness \rightarrow Replace.



ASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE

- 1.Apply:
- Sealant (Quick Gasket®) ① (to the mating surfaces of both case halves)



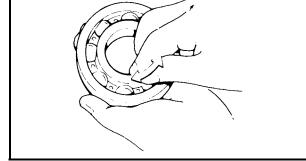
Sealant (Quick Gasket®): P/N. ACC-11001-05-01 Yamaha bond No. 1215: P/N. 90890-85505

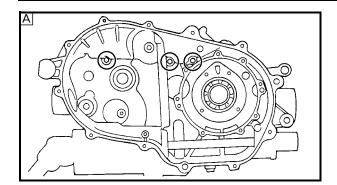
- 2.Install:
- Dowel pin ②

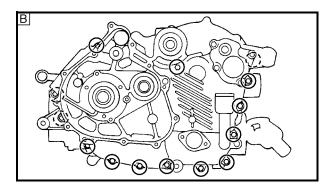
3.Fit the left crankcase onto the right case. Tap lightly on the case with a soft hammer.

													1			

installing and torquing Before crankcase holding bolts, be sure to check whether the transmission is functioning properly by manually rotating the shift cam in both directions. Not For Resale







- 4. Tighten:
- Crankcase bolts (follow the proper tightening sequence)

🔌 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

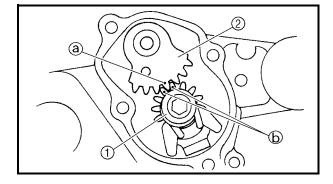
- A Right crankcase
- **B** Left crankcase

NOTE: .

Tighten the bolts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.

5.Apply:

- 4-stroke engine oil (to the crank pin, bearing and oil delivery hole)
- 6.Check:
- Crankshaft and transmission operation Unsmooth operation → Repair.



INSTALLING THE SHIFT LEVER

- 1.Install:
- Shift lever 2 assembly ①

14 Nm (1.4 m • kg, 10 ft • lb)

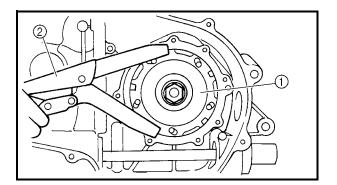
• Shift lever 1 2

NOTE:

When installing the shift lever 1, align the punch mark ⓐ on the shift lever 1 with the punch marks ⓑ on the shift lever 2.

INSTALLING THE OIL PUMP DRIVE GEAR

- 1.Install:
- Straight key
- Oil pump drive gear
- Lock washer New
- Oil pump drive gear nut



2.Tighten:

• Oil pump drive gear nut

≥ 50 Nm (5.0 m • kg, 36 ft • lb)

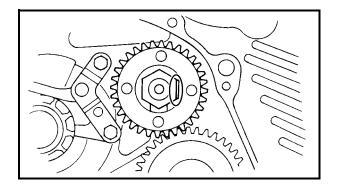
Tightening steps:

- Temporary install the clutch carrier assembly
 .
- Hold the clutch carrier assembly with a clutch holding tool ② and tighten the oil pump drive gear nut.



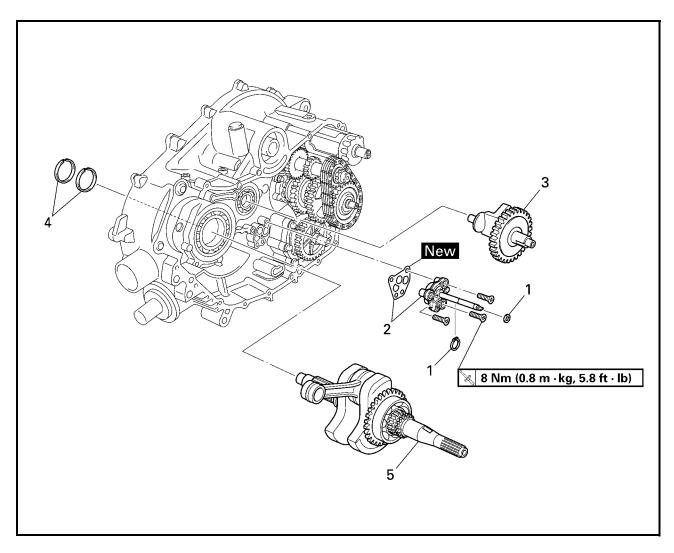
Clutch holding tool: P/N. YM-91042, 90890-04086

Remove the clutch carrier assembly.



3.Bend the lock washer tab.

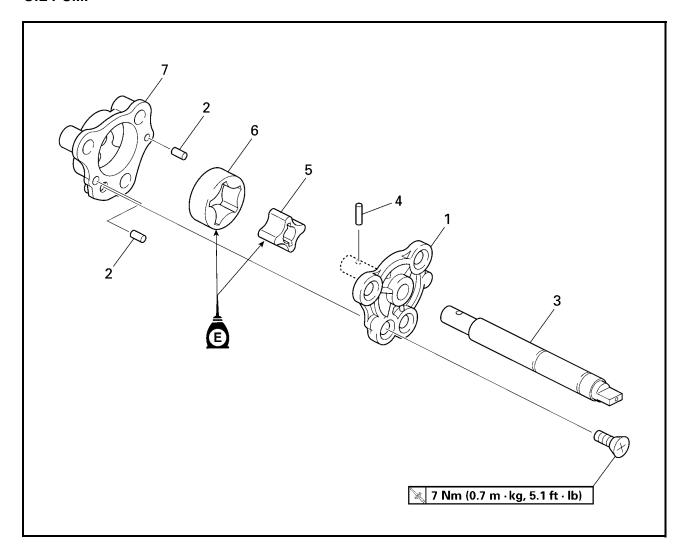




Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the crankshaft and oil		Remove the parts in the order below.
	pump		
	Crankcase separation		Refer to "CRANKCASE".
1	Washer/circlip	1/1	
2	Oil pump assembly/gasket	1/1	
3	Balancer	1	Refer to "REMOVING THE
4	Crankshaft seal	2	CRANKSHAFT/INSTALLING THE
5	Crankshaft	1	CRANKSHAFT AND BALANCER".
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

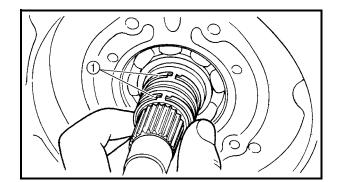


OIL PUMP



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the oil pump		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Rotor cover	1	
2	Pin	2	
3	Shaft	1	
4	Pin	1	
5	Inner rotor	1	
6	Outer rotor	1	
7	Oil pump housing	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.



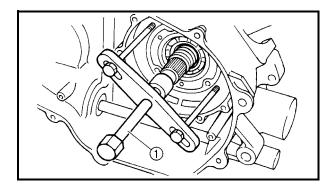


REMOVING THE CRANKSHAFT

- 1.Remove:
- Crankshaft seal (1)

NOTE:

Mark a note of the position of each crankshaft seal so that they can be installed in the correct place and in the correct direction.

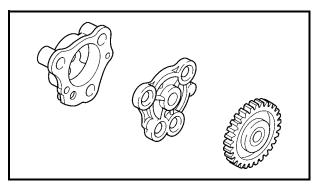


2.Remove:

Crankshaft
 Use a crankcase separating tool ①.

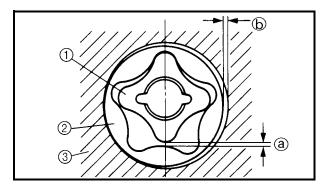


Crankcase separating tool: P/N. YU-01135-A, 90890-01135



CHECKING THE OIL PUMP

- 1.Check:
- Oil pump driven gear
- Oil pump housing
- Rotor cover
 Cracks/wear/damage → Replace.



2.Measure:

- Tip clearance @
 (between the inner rotor ① and the outer rotor ②)
- Side clearance (b)
 (between the outer rotor (2) and the pump housing (3))

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the oil pump.

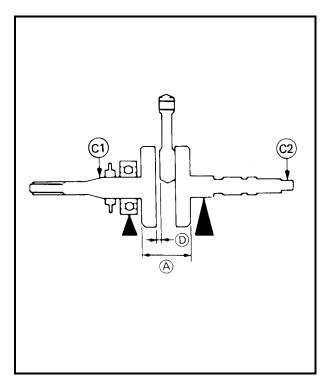


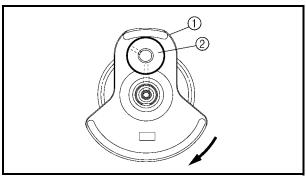
Tip clearance ⓐ: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) <Limit>: 0.20 mm (0.008 in) Side clearance ⓑ: 0.04 ~ 0.09 mm (0.002 ~ 0.004 in)



3.Check:

Oil pump operation
 Unsmooth → Repeat steps #1 and #2 or replace the defective parts.





CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT

1.Measure:

Crank width

Out of specification → Replace the crankshaft.



Crank width:

62.95 ~ 63.00 mm (2.4783 ~ 2.4803 in)



Big end side clearance:

0.25 ~ 0.75 mm (0.0098 ~ 0.0295 in)

<Limit>: 1.00 mm (0.0394 in)

Runout ©
 Out of specification → Replace the crankshaft.



Runout limit:

C1: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) C2: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

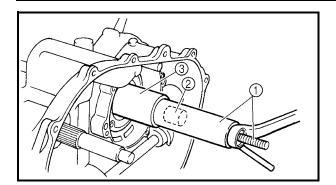
Crankshaft reassembling point:

The crankshaft ① and the crank pin ② oil passages must be properly interconnected with a tolerance of less than 1 mm (0.04 in).

CAUTION:

The buffer boss and woodruff key should be replaced when removed from the crankshaft.





INSTALLING THE CRANKSHAFT AND **BALANCER**

- 1.Install:
- Crankshaft



Crankshaft installer set ①: P/N. YU-90050 **Buffer boss installer set 2:** P/N. 90890-04088 Adapter #11 ③: P/N. YM-33279 Spacer (crankshaft) (4): P/N. YM-90070-A, 90890-04060

NOTE: _

Hold the connecting rod at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) with one hand while turning the nut of the installing tool with the other. Operate the installing tool until the crankshaft bottoms against the bearing.

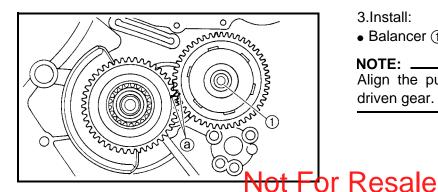
CAUTION:

Apply engine oil to each bearing to protect the crankshaft against scratches and to make installation easier.

2.Install:

Crankshaft seal

Install the crankshaft seals in the correct place and in the correct direction.

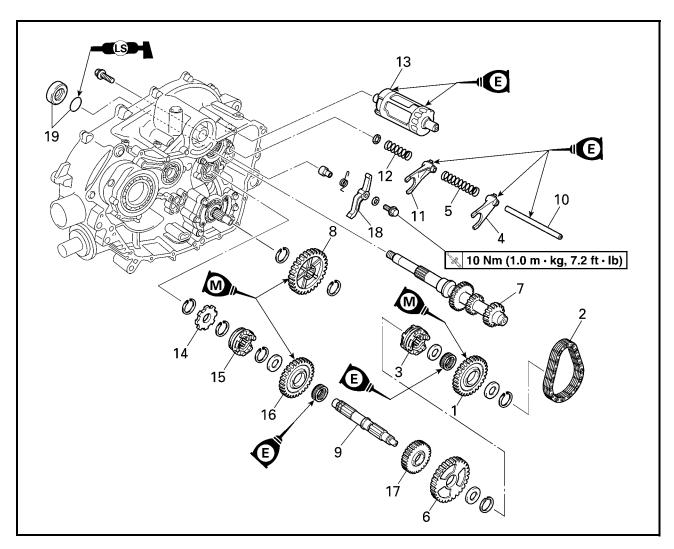


3.Install:

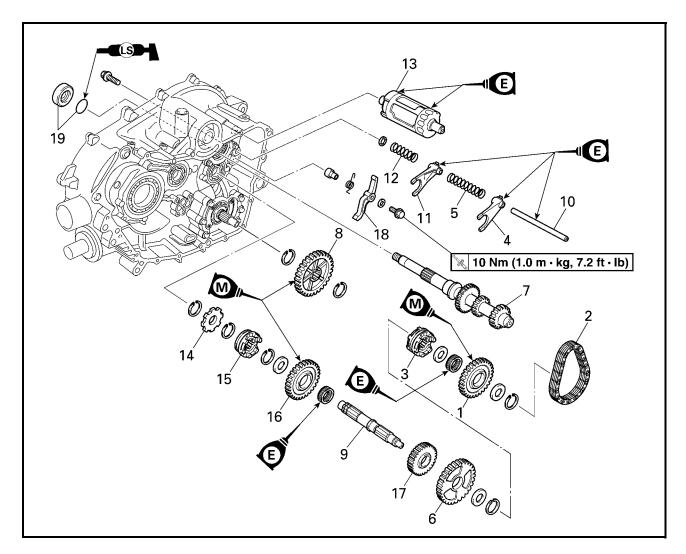
• Balancer (1)

NOTE: .

Align the punch marks @ on the drive and driven gear.



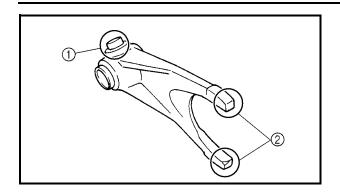
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the transmission		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Crankcase separation		Refer to "CRANKCASE".
1	Driven sprocket	1	
2	Chain	1	
3	Clutch dog 2	1	
4	Shift fork "L"	1	
5	Spring	1	
6	Low wheel gear	1	
7	Secondary shaft	1	
8	Middle driven gear	1	
9	Drive axle assembly	1	
10	Guide bar	1	



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
11	Shift fork "R"	1	
12	Spring	1	
13	Shift cam	1	
14	Stopper wheel	1	
15	Clutch dog 1	1	
16	High wheel gear	1	
17	Middle drive gear	1	
18	Stopper lever	1	
19	Spacer/O-ring	1/1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

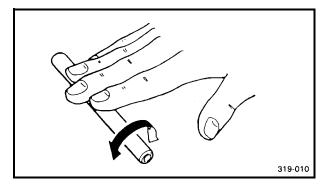






CHECKING THE SHIFT FORK

- 1.Check:
- Shift fork cam follower ①
- Shift fork pawl ② Scoring/bends/wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.

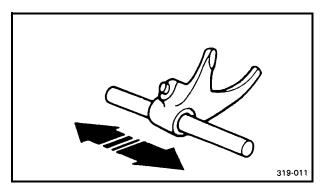


2.Check:

 Guide bar Roll the guide bar on a flat surface. Bends \rightarrow Replace.

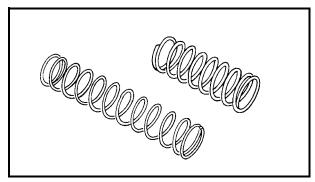
A WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent guide bar.



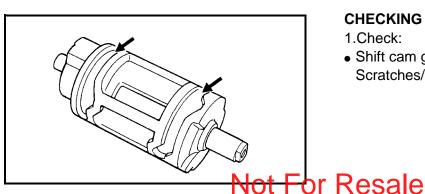
3.Check:

 Shift fork movement (on the guide bar) Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace the shift fork and the guide bar.



4.Check:

Spring Cracks/damage → Replace.

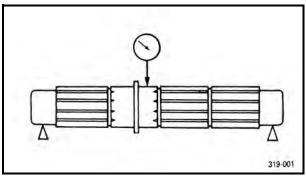


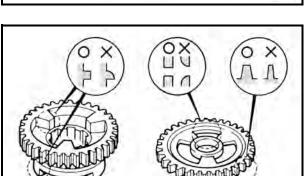
CHECKING THE SHIFT CAM

- 1.Check:
- Shift cam grooves Scratches/wear/damage → Replace.









CHECKING THE TRANSMISSION

- 1.Measure:
- Axle runout
 Use a centering device and a dial gauge.
 Out of specification → Replace the bent axle.



Runout limit (drive axle): 0.06 mm (0.0024 in)

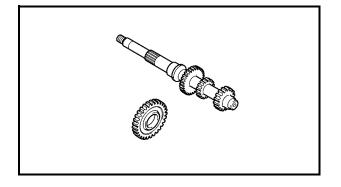
2.Check:

- $\bullet \mbox{ Gear teeth} \\ \mbox{ Blue discoloration/pitting/wear} \rightarrow \mbox{Replace}.$
- Mated dogs
 Rounded edges/cracks/missing portions → Replace.

3.Check:

Gear movement
 Unsmooth → Repeat steps #1 and #2 or
 replace the defective parts.

- 4.Check:
- Circlip
 Bends/looseness/damage → Replace.



CHECKING THE SECONDARY SHAFT AND DRIVEN SPROCKET

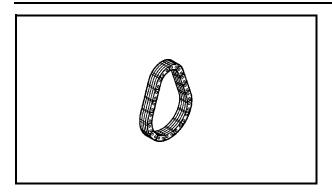
- 1.Check:
- Gear teeth
 Blue discoloration/pitting/wear → Replace.

2.Check:

- Gear movement Unsmooth → Repeat steps #1 or replace the defective parts.
- 3.Check:
- Circlip
- Bends/looseness/damage → Replace.



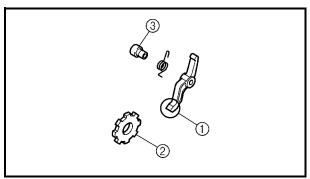




CHECKING THE CHAIN

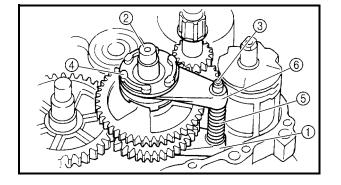
- 1.Check:
- Chain

 $\label{eq:Cracks/shift} \textbf{Cracks/shift} \rightarrow \textbf{Replace the chain, secondary shaft and driven sprocket as a set.}$



CHECKING THE STOPPER LEVER AND STOPPER WHEEL

- 1.Check:
- Stopper lever pawl ①
 Bends/damage/wear → Replace the stopper lever and stopper wheel as a set.
- Stopper wheel ②
 Damage/wear → Replace the stopper wheel and stopper lever as a set.
- Shaft ③
 Bends/damage/wear → Replace.



INSTALLING THE TRANSMISSION

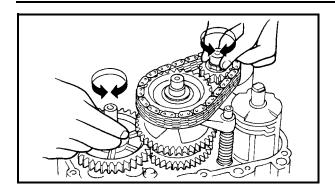
- 1.Install:
- Shift cam
- Washer
- Spring (short)
- Shift fork "R" (1)
- Drive axle assembly ②
- Guide bar ③
- Clutch dog 2 (4)
- Spring (long) ⑤
- Shift fork "L" (6)

NOTE: _

Install the shift fork with the "R" mark facing towards the right side of the crankcase and the shift fork with the "L" mark facing towards the left side of the crankcase. Be sure that the shift fork guide pin is properly seated in the shift drum groove.







2.Check:

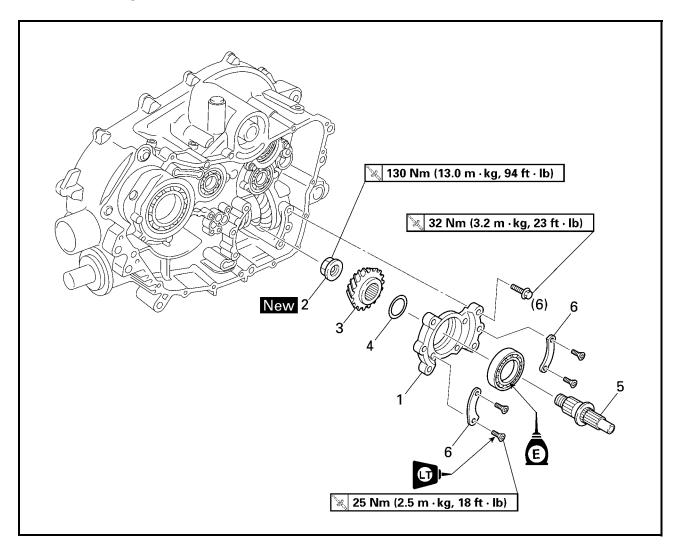
 $\bullet \mbox{ Shift operation} \\ \mbox{ Unsmooth operation} \rightarrow \mbox{Repair}.$

NOTE:

- Oil each gear and bearing thoroughly.
- Before assembling the crankcase, be sure that the transmission is in neutral and that the gears turn freely.

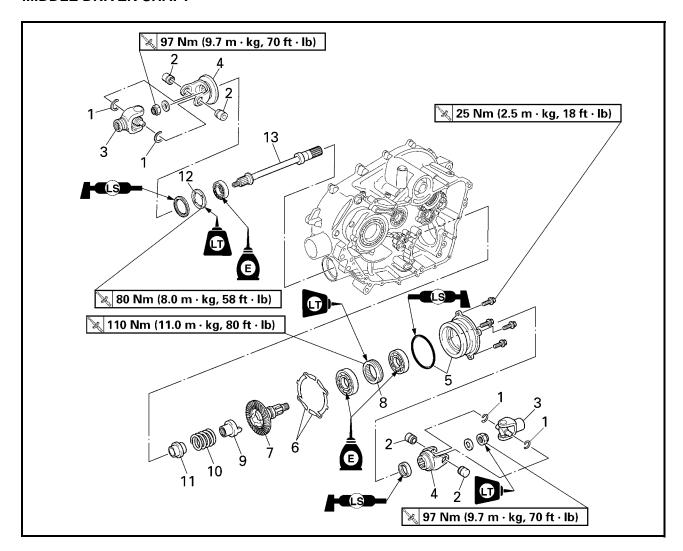


MIDDLE GEAR MIDDLE DRIVE SHAFT

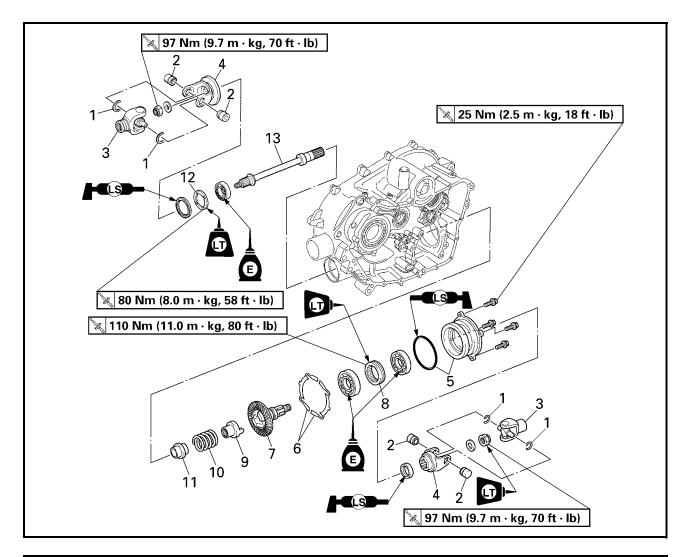


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the middle drive shaft		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Crankcase separation		Refer to "CRANKCASE".
	Transmission		Refer to "TRANSMISSION".
1	Bearing housing assembly	1	
2	Nut	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
3	Middle drive pinion gear	1	MIDDLE DRIVE SHAFT".
4	Shim		Refer to "SELECTING THE MIDDLE DRIVE AND DRIVEN GEAR SHIM".
5	Middle drive shaft	1	
6	Bearing retainer	2	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

MIDDLE DRIVEN SHAFT



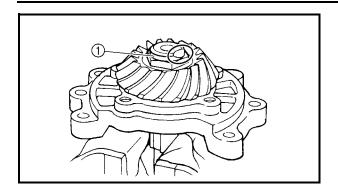
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the middle driven shaft		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Crankcase separation		Refer to "CRANKCASE".
1	Circlip	4	
2	Bearing	4	Defende "DEMONING INICIAL LINIC THE
3	Universal joint	2	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE MIDDLE DRIVEN SHAFT".
4	Universal joint yoke	2	I WIIDDEE DRIVEN SHAFF.
5	Bearing housing/O-ring	1/1	\sqcup
6	Shim		Refer to "SELECTING THE MIDDLE DRIVE AND DRIVEN GEAR SHIM".
7	Middle drive pinion gear	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE
8	Bearing retainer	1	MIDDLE DRIVEN SHAFT".
9	Damper cam	1	
10	Spring	1	
11	Gear coupling	1	



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
12	Bearing retainer	1	
13	Middle driven shaft	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.







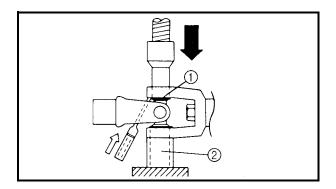
REMOVING THE MIDDLE DRIVE SHAFT

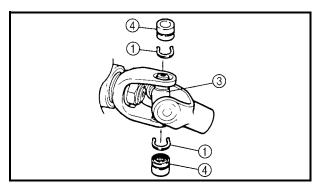
- 1.Straighten:
- Punched portion of the nut (middle drive pinion gear)
- 2.Loosen:
- Nut (middle drive pinion gear) ①

NOTE:

Secure the middle drive shaft in the vise with a clean rag.

- 3.Remove:
- Nut (middle drive pinion gear)
- Middle drive pinion gear
- Shim(s)





REMOVING THE MIDDLE DRIVEN SHAFT

- 1.Remove:
- Universal joint

Removal steps:

- Remove the circlips ①.
- Place the U-joint in a press.
- With a suitable diameter pipe ② beneath the yoke ③, press the bearing ④ into the pipe as shown.

NOTE:

It may be necessary to lightly tap the yoke with a punch.

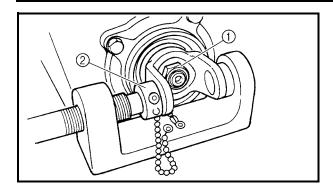
- Repeat the steps for the opposite bearing.
- Remove the yoke.

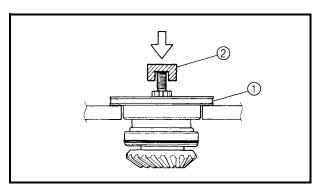
NOTE:

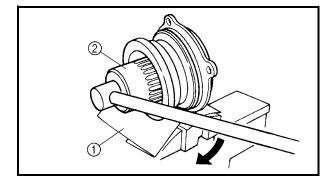
It may be necessary to lightly tap the yoke with a punch.











2.Remove:

- Nut (1)
- Washer
- Universal joint yoke

NOTE: _

Use the universal joint holder ② to hold the universal joint yoke.



Universal joint holder: P/N. YM-04062, 90890-04062

3.Remove:

Bearing housing assembly ①

Removal steps:

- Clean the outside of the middle driven shaft.
- Place the middle driven shaft onto a hydraulic press.

CAUTION:

- Never directly press the shaft end with a hydraulic press, this will result in damage to the shaft thread.
- Install the suitable socket ② on the shaft end to protect the thread from damage.
- Press the shaft end and remove the bearing housing.

4.Remove:

- Bearing retainer
- Bearing

Removal steps:

- Attach the folded rag ①.
- Secure the bearing housing edge in the vise.
- Attach the bearing retainer wrench ②.

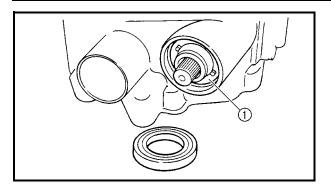


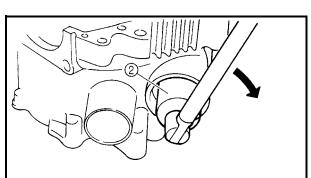
Bearing retainer wrench: P/N. YM-04128, 90890-04128

CAUTION:

The middle driven shaft bearing retainer has left-handed threads. To loosen the retainer turn it clockwise.

Remove the bearing retainer and bearing.





5.Remove:

- Front drive shaft coupling
- Bearing retainer (1)
- Bearing

NOTE: .

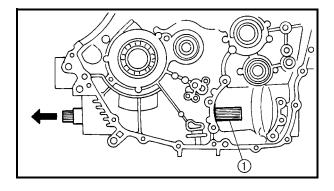
Attach the ring nut wrench 2.



Ring nut wrench: P/N. YM-38404, 90890-01430

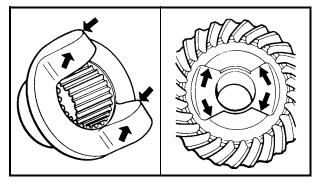
CAUTION:

The middle driven shaft bearing retainer has left-handed threads. To loosen the retainer turn it clockwise.



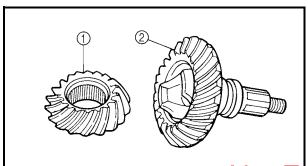
6.Remove:

• Middle drive shaft ① (with bearing)



CHECKING THE PINION GEAR

- 1.Check:
- Damper cam surfaces Wear/scratches → Replace damper cam and driven pinion gear as a set.
- 2.Check:
- Damper spring Damage/cracks \rightarrow Replace.



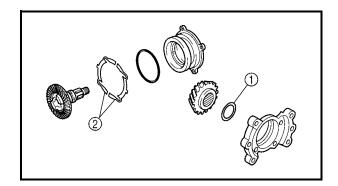
3.Check:

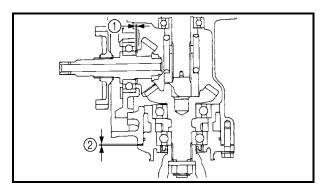
- Gear teeth (drive pinion gear) ①
- Gear teeth (driven pinion gear) ② Pitting/galling/wear \rightarrow Replace.

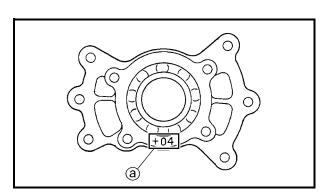




- 4.Check:
- O-ring $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}.$
- $\bullet \ \, \text{Bearings} \\ \text{Pitting/damage} \to \text{Replace}. \\$
- 5.Check:
- U-joint movement
 Roughness → Replace U-joint.







SELECTING THE MIDDLE DRIVE AND DRIVEN GEAR SHIM

When the drive and driven gear, bearing housing assembly and/or crankcase replaced, be sure to adjust the gear shim ①.

- 1.Select:
- Middle drive gear shim ①
- Middle driven gear shim ②

Selection steps:

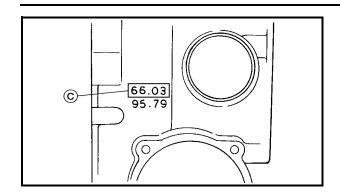
- Position middle drive and driven gear by using shims ① and ② with their respective thickness calculated from information marked on crankcase, bearing housing and drive gear end.
- 1) Shim thickness "A"
- ② Shim thickness "B"
- To find shim thickness "A" use following formula:

Middle drive pinion gear shim thickness: "A" = \bigcirc - \bigcirc - \bigcirc

Where:

- a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the bearing housing is either added to or subtracted from "10.5".
- (b) = drive pinion gear to driven pinion gear center distance (considered constant "55").
- © = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the right crankcase specifies a thickness of "66".





Example:

- 1) If the bearing housing is marked "+04", ⓐ is 10.54.
- 2) (b) is 55
- 3) If the crankcase (right) is marked "66.03", © is 66.03.
- 4) Therefore, the shim thickness is 0.47 mm.

$$A = 66.03 - 10.54 - 55$$
$$= 0.49$$

5) Round off hundredths digit and select appropriate shim(s).In the example above, the calculated shim thickness is 0.49 mm. The chart instructs

you, however, to round off 9 to 10.

Hundredths	Round value	
0, 1, 2	0	
3, 4, 5, 6, 7	5	
8, 9	10	

Shims are supplied in the following thickness.

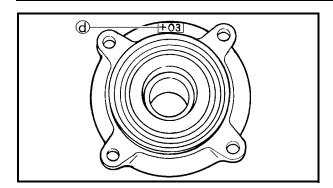
Middle drive pinion gear shim			
Thickness (mm)	0.10 0.15 0.20	0.30 0.40 0.50	

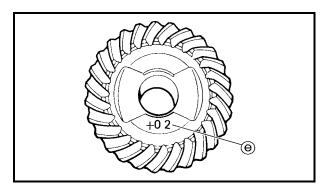
To find shim thickness "B" use the following formula:

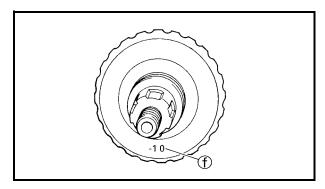
Middle driven pinion gear shim thickness:
"B" = @ - @ + f - @ - 0.05

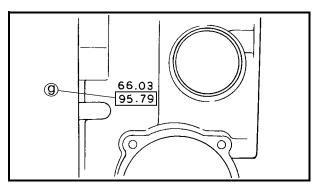












Where:

- d = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the bearing housing is either added to or subtracted from "76".
- (usually a decimal number) on the middle driven pinion gear is either added to or subtracted from "59".
- f = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the middle driven pinion gear is either added to or subtracted from "79.5".
- (9) = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the left crankcase specifies a thickness of "95.8".

Example:

- 1) If the bearing housing is marked "+03", d is 76.03.
- 2) If the driven pinion gear is marked "+02", (e) is 59.02.
- 3) If the driven pinion gear is marked "-10", (f) is 79.40.
- 4) If the crankcase (left) is marked "95.79", **9** is 95.79.
- 5) Therefore, the shim thickness is 0.57 mm.

$$B = 76.03 - 59.02 + 79.40 - 95.79 - 0.05$$
$$= 0.57$$

6) Round off hundredths digit and select appropriate shim(s). In the example above, the calculated shim thickness is 0.57 mm. The chart instructs you, however, to round off 7 to 5.

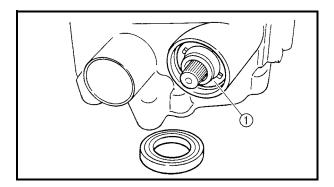
Hundredths	Round value	
0, 1, 2	0	
3, 4, 5, 6, 7	5	
8, 9	10	

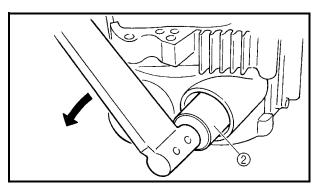
ENG

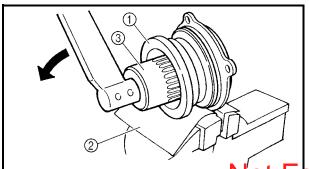


Shims are supplied in the following thickness.

Middle drive	Middle drive pinion gear shim			
Thickness (mm)	0.10 0.15 0.20 0.30	0.40 0.50 0.60		







INSTALLING THE MIDDLE DRIVEN SHAFT

1.Install:

Bearing retainer ① ¬❶

№ 80 Nm (8.0 m • kg, 58 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Attach the ring nut wrench ②.



Ring nut wrench: P/N. YM-38404, 90890-01430

CAUTION:

The middle driven shaft bearing retainer has left-handed threads. To tighten the retainer turn it counterclockwise.

2.Install:

Bearing retainer ① ¬

Installation steps:

- Attach the folded rag ②.
- Secure the bearing housing edge in the vise.
- Attach the bearing retainer wrench ③.



Bearing retainer wrench: P/N. YM-04128, 90890-04128

or Resale



• Tighten the bearing retainer.

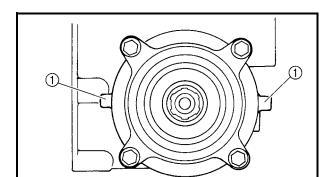
CAUTION:

The middle driven shaft bearing retainer has left-handed threads. To tighten the retainer turn it counterclockwise.



Bearing retainer:

110 Nm (11.0 m • kg, 80 ft • lb)

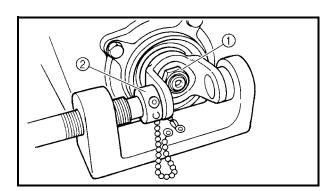


3.Install:

- Shims ①
- Bearing housing

NOTE: .

Install the shims so that the tabs are positioned as shown in the illustration.



4.Install:

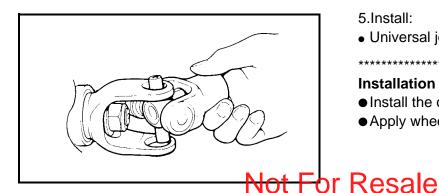
- Universal joint yoke (rear side)
- Washer
- Nut ① ¬

> 97 Nm (9.7 m • kg, 70 ft • lb)

Use the universal joint holder ② to hold the voke.



Universal joint holder: P/N. YM-04062, 90890-04062



5.Install:

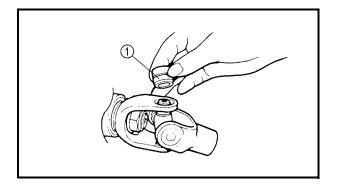
Universal joint

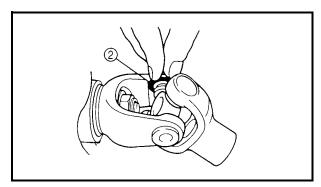
Installation steps:

- Install the opposite yoke into the U-joint.
- Apply wheel bearing grease to the bearings.

Install the bearing ① onto the yoke.









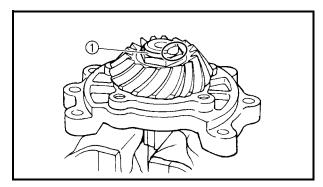
Check each bearing. The needles can easily fall out of their races. Slide the yoke back and forth on the bearings; the yoke will not go all the way onto a bearing if a needle is out of place.

 Press each bearing into the U-joint using a suitable socket.

NOTE:

The bearing must be inserted far enough into the U-joint so that the circlip can be installed.

● Install the circlips ② into the groove of each bearing.



INSTALLING THE MIDDLE DRIVE SHAFT

1.Tighten:

Nut (middle drive pinion gear) ① New

🗽 130 Nm (13.0 m • kg, 94 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Secure the middle drive shaft in the vise with a clean rag.

2.Lock the threads with a drift punch.

MEASURING THE MIDDLE GEAR **BACKLASH**

1.Measure:

Gear lash

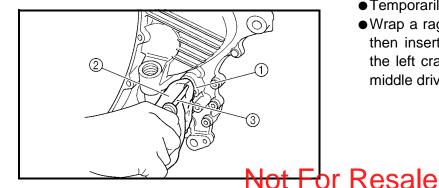


Middle gear lash:

0.1 ~ 0.3 mm (0.004 ~ 0.012 in)

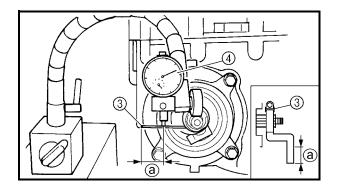
Measurement steps:

- Temporarily install the right crankcase.
- ●Wrap a rag ② around a screwdriver ③, and then insert it into the installation hole (1) of the left crankcase speed sensor to hold the middle driven gear.



MIDDLE GEAR





● Attach the gear lash measurement tool ③ and dial gauge 4.



Gear lash measurement tool: P/N. YM-01467, 90890-01467

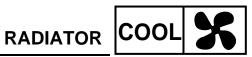
ⓐ 8.12 mm (0.32 in)

 Measure the gear lash while rotating the middle driven shaft back and forth.

NOTE: .

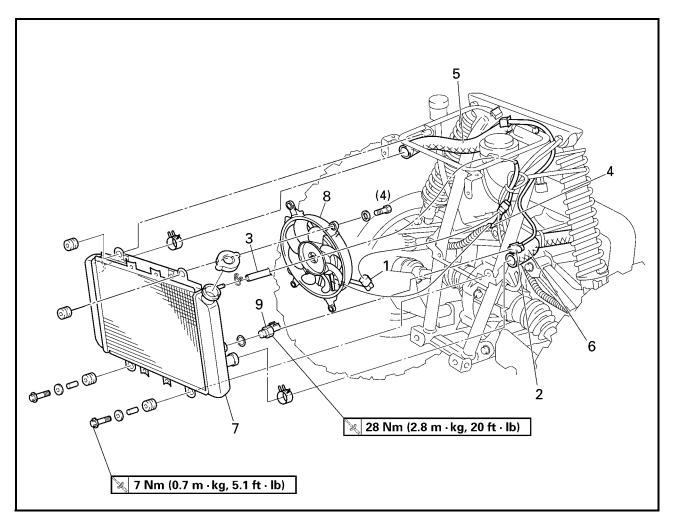
Measure the gear lash at 4 positions. Rotate the middle driven gear 90° each time.

• If the gear lash is incorrect, adjust the gear lash by middle driven pinion gear shims and/ or middle drive pinion gear shim(s).



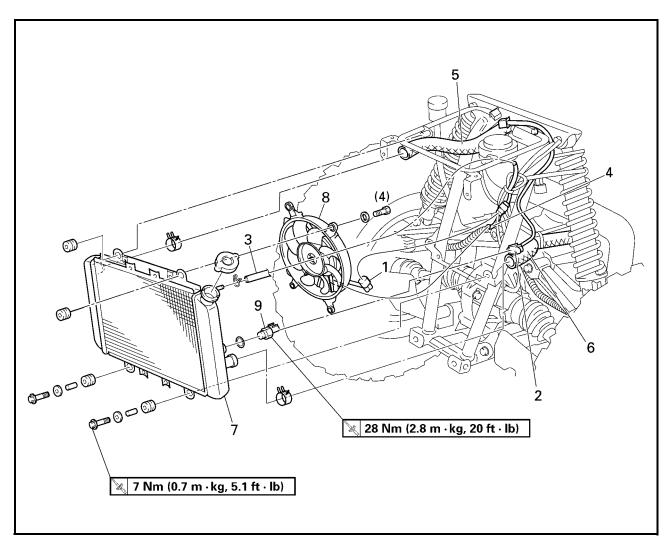
COOLING SYSTEM

RADIATOR



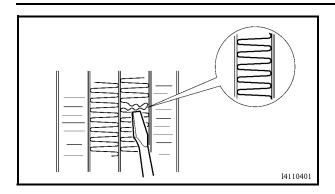
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the radiator		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Seat and fuel tank side panels		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS" in CHAPTER 3.
	Front carrier, front bumper and front fender		Refer to "FRONT CARRIER, FRONT BUMPER AND FRONT FENDER" in CHAPTER 3.
	Left footrest board		Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS" in CHAPTER 3.
	Coolant		Drain. Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" in CHAPTER 3.
1	Radiator fan coupler	1	Disconnect.
2	Thermo switch coupler	1	Disconnect.
3	Coolant reservoir hose	1	Disconnect.
4	Radiator fan breather hose	1	

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Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
5	Radiator inlet hose	1	Disconnect.
6	Radiator outlet hose	1	Disconnect.
7	Radiator	1	
8	Radiator fan	1	
9	Thermo switch	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.

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CHECKING THE RADIATOR

- 1.Check:
- Radiator fins

Obstruction \rightarrow Clean.

Apply compressed air to the rear of the radiator.

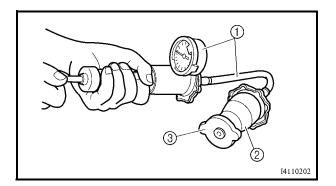
Damage → Repair or replace.

NOTE:

Straighten any flattened fins with a thin, flathead screwdriver.

2.Check:

Radiator hoses
 Cracks/damage → Replace.



3.Measure:

Radiator cap opening pressure
 Below the specified pressure → Replace the radiator cap.



Radiator cap opening pressure: 93.7 ~ 122.6 kPa (0.937 ~ 1.226 kg/cm², 13.32 ~ 17.43 psi)

Measurement steps:

Install the radiator cap tester ① and adapter
② onto the radiator cap ③.



Radiator cap tester: P/N. YU-24460-01, 90890-01325 Adapter:

P/N. YU-33984, 90890-01352

 Apply the specified pressure for ten seconds and make sure that there is no drop in pressure.

4.Check:

Radiator fan
 Damage → Replace.
 Malfunction → Check and repair.
 Refer to "COOLING SYSTEM" in CHAPTER
 9

INSTALLING THE RADIATOR

1.Fill:

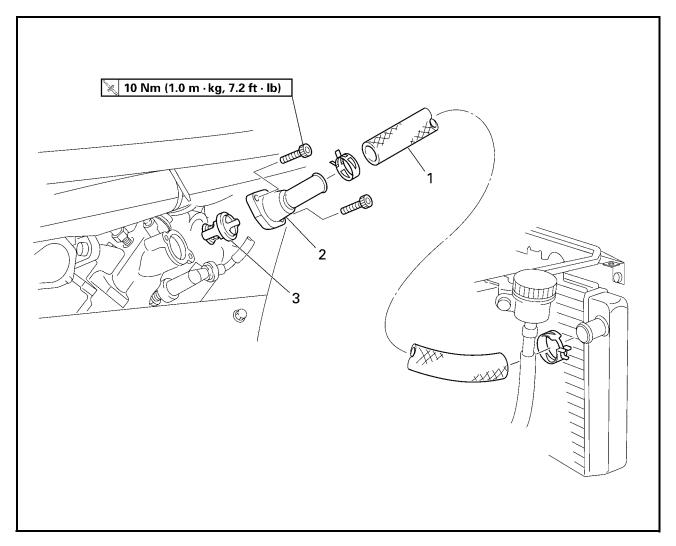
Cooling system
 (with the specified amount of the recommended coolant)

 Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" in CHAPTER 3.

2.Check:

Cooling system
 Leaks → Repair or replace any faulty part.

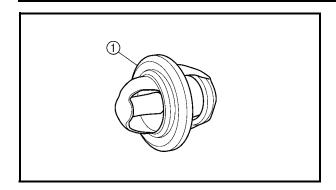
THERMOSTAT

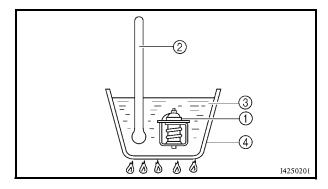


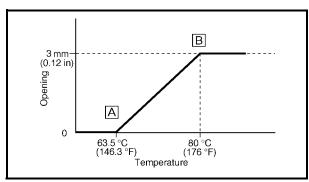
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the thermostat		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Seat and fuel tank side panel (right)		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS" in CHAPTER 3.
	Coolant		Drain. Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" in CHAPTER 3.
1	Radiator inlet hose	1	
2	Thermostat cover	1	
3	Thermostat	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

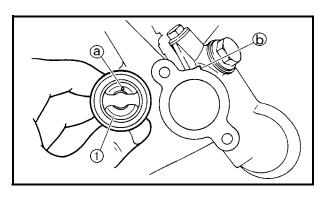
THERMOSTAT











CHECKING THE THERMOSTAT

1.Check:

• Thermostat ① Does not open at 63.5 ~ 66.5 °C (146.3 ~ 151.7 °F) \rightarrow Replace.

Checking steps:

 Suspend the thermostat in a container filled with water.

- Slowly heat the water.
- Place a thermometer in the water.
- While stirring the water, observe the thermostat and thermometer's indicated temperature.

1) Thermostat

- (2) Thermometer
- ③ Water
- (4) Container
- A Fully closed
- B Fully open

NOTE: .

If the accuracy of the thermostat is in doubt, replace it. A faulty thermostat could cause serious overheating or overcooling.

2.Check:

 Thermostat cover Cracks/damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE THERMOSTAT

1.Install:

- Thermostat (1)
- Thermostat cover

NOTE:

Install the thermostat with its breather hole ⓐ toward the projection ⓑ.

2.Fill:

Cooling system

(with the specified amount of the recommended coolant)

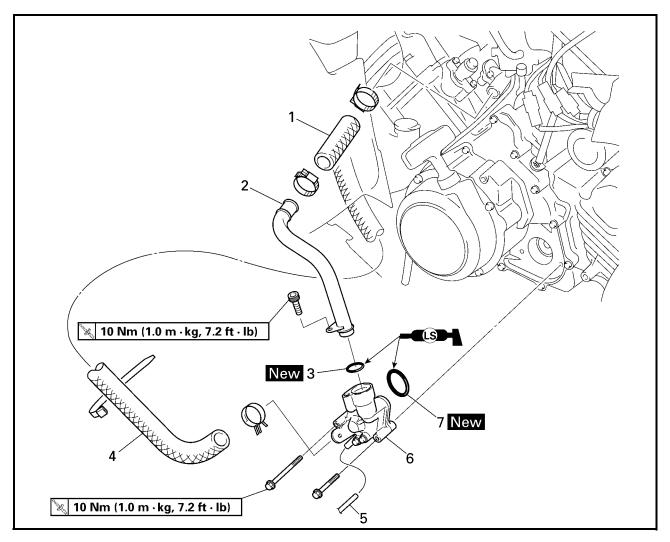
Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" in CHAPTER 3.

3.Check:

Cooling system
 Leak → Repair or replace any faulty part.

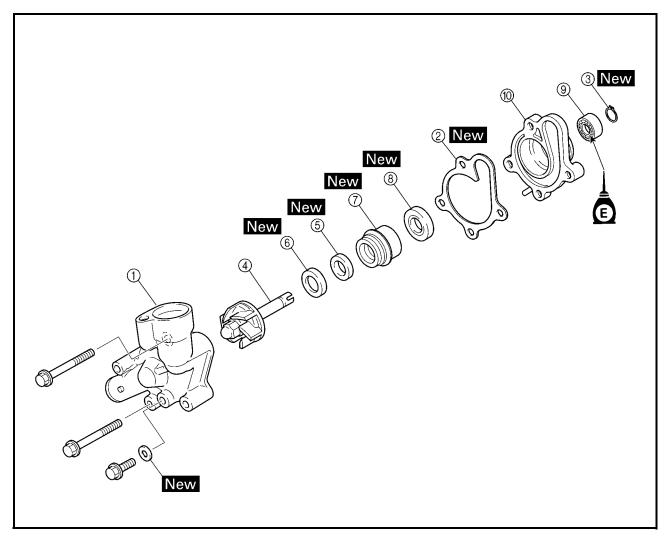
WATER PUMP COOL \$

WATER PUMP

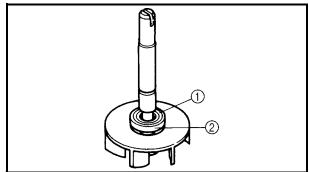


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the water pump		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Seat, fuel tank side panel (left) and		Refer to "SEAT AND SIDE PANELS" in
	engine side cover		CHAPTER 3.
	Left footrest board		Refer to "FOOTREST BOARDS" in CHAPTER 3.
	Coolant		Drain.
			Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" in CHAPTER 3.
1	Water pump outlet hose	1	
2	Water pump outlet pipe	1	
3	O-ring	1	
4	Radiator outlet hose	1	
5	Water pump breather hose	1	
6	Water pump assembly	1	
7	O-ring	1	
	Not For	Re	For installation, reverse the removal

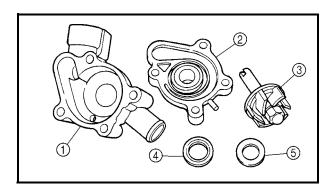
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Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the water pump		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Water pump housing cover	1	
2	Gasket	1	
3	Circlip	1	
4	Impeller	1	
(5)	Rubber damper holder	1	
6	Rubber damper	1	
7	Water pump seal	1	
8	Oil seal	1	
9	Bearing	1	
10	Water pump housing	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.



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DISASSEMBLING THE WATER PUMP

- 1.Remove:
- Rubber damper holder ①
- Rubber damper ②
 (from the impeller, with a thin, flathead screwdriver)

NOTE:

Do not scratch the impeller shaft.

2.Remove:

• Water pump seal ①

NOTE: .

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Tap out the water pump seal from the inside of the water pump housing.

② Water pump housing

- 3.Remove:
- Oil seal (1)
- Bearing ②

NOTE:

Tap out the bearing and oil seal from the outside of the water pump housing.

③ Water pump housing

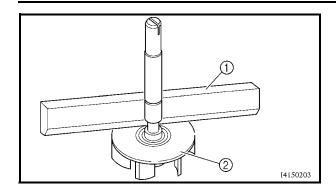
CHECKING THE WATER PUMP

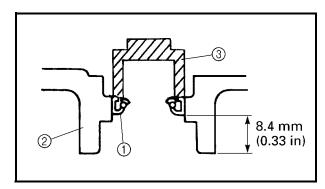
- 1.Check:
- Water pump housing cover ①
- Water pump housing ②
- Impeller ③
- Rubber damper 4
- Rubber damper holder ⑤
 Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.

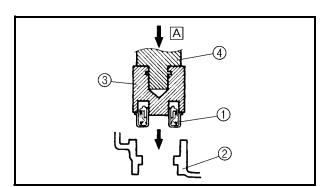
2.Check:

Water pump outlet pipe
 Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.









3.Measure:

Impeller shaft tilt
 Out of specification → Replace.



Max. impeller shaft tilt: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

- ① Straightedge
- ② Impeller

ASSEMBLING THE WATER PUMP

1.Install:

 Oil seal ① New (into the water pump housing ②)

NOTE:

Install the oil seal with a socket ③ that matches its outside diameter.

2.Install:

 Water pump seal ① New (into the water pump housing ②)

NOTE:

Before installing the water pump seal ①, apply tap water or coolant onto its outer surface.

CAUTION:

Never lubricate the water pump seal surface with oil or grease.

NOTE:

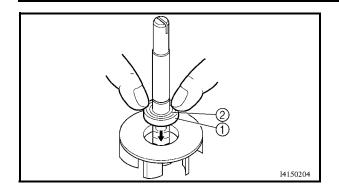
Install the water pump seal with the special tools.



Mechanical seal installer ③: P/N. YM-33221, 90890-04078 Middle driven shaft bearing driver ④:

P/N. YM-04058-1, 90890-04058

A Push down.



3.Install:

- Rubber damper ① New
- Rubber damper holder ② New

NOTE: _

Before installing the rubber damper, apply tap water or coolant onto its outer surface.

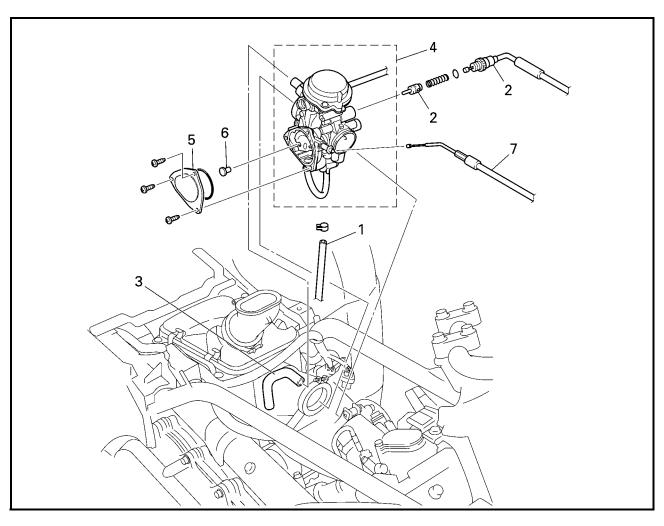
CAUTION:

Make sure that the rubber damper and rubber damper holder are flush with the impeller.

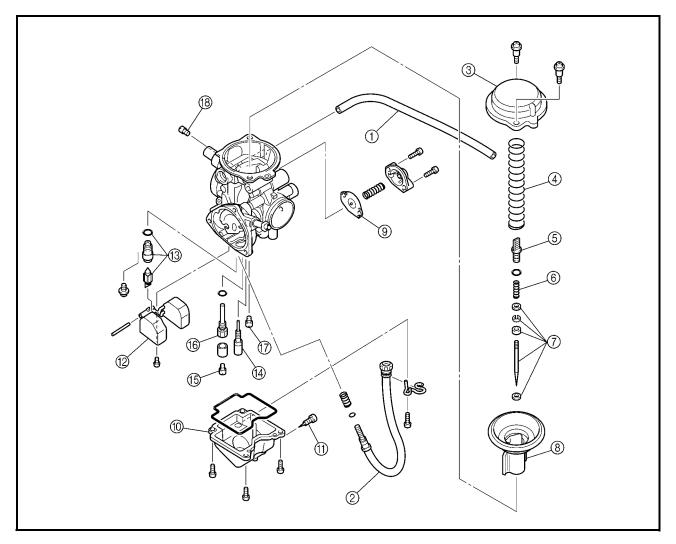


CARBURETION

CARBURETOR

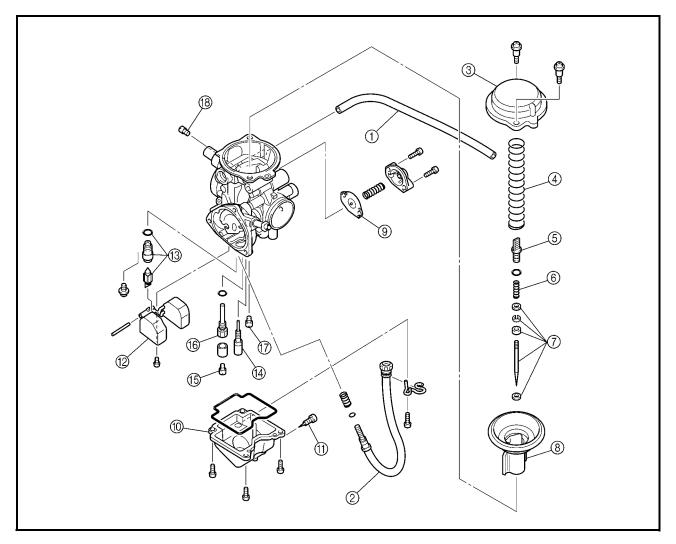


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the carburetor		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Seat/fuel tank side panels/fuel tank/		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS
	rubber cover		AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
1	Drain hose	1	
2	Starter cable/starter plunger	1/1	
3	Vacuum chamber breather hose	1	
4	Carburetor assembly	1	
5	Throttle valve cover	1	
6	Throttle cable end	1	
7	Throttle cable	2	NOTE:
			After removing the carburetor assembly,
			remove the throttle cable.
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the carburetor		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Float chamber air vent hose	1	
2	Throttle stop screw	1	
3	Vacuum chamber cover	1	
4	Spring	1	
⑤	Jet needle holder	1	
6	Spring	1	
7	Jet needle set	1	
8	Piston valve	1	
9	Coasting enricher	1	
10	Float chamber	1	
11)	Drain screw	1	
12	Float	1	Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE
			CARBURETOR".
13	Needle valve set	1	

Not For Resale

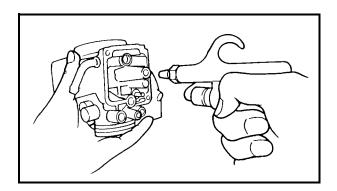


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
(4)	Pilot jet	1	NOTE: Before disassembling the carburetor, make sure to note the number of times the pilot screw is turned out from the
(5) (6) (7) (8)	Main jet Needle jet Starter jet Pilot air jet	1 1 1 1	seated position to its set position.
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.

DISASSEMBLING THE CARBURETOR

NOTE:

Before disassembling the carburetor, make sure to note the number of times the pilot screw is turned out from the seated position to its set position.



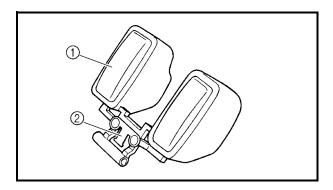
CHECKING THE CARBURETOR

1.Check:

- Carburetor body
- $\bullet \mbox{ Float chamber} \\ \mbox{ Cracks/damage} \rightarrow \mbox{ Replace}.$
- Fuel passage
 Contamination → Clean as indicated.
- Carburetor body
 Contamination → Clean.

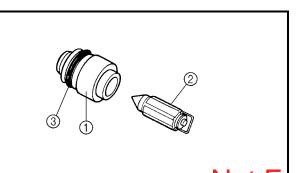
Cleaning steps:

- Wash the carburetor in a petroleum based solvent.
 - (Do not use any caustic carburetor cleaning solution.)
- Blow out all of the passages and jets with compressed air.



2.Check:

- Float (1)
- Float tang ②
 Damage → Replace.

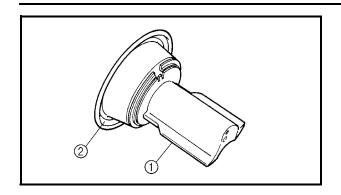


3.Check:

- Valve seat (1)
- Needle valve ②
- O-ring ③
 Contamination/wear/damage → Replace as a set.

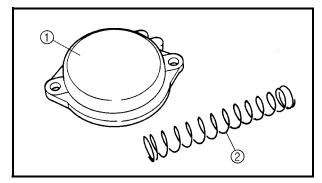
NOTE:

Always replace the needle valve and valve seat as a set.



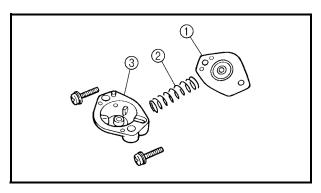
4.Check:

- Piston valve ①
 Scratches/wear/damage → Replace.
- Rubber diaphragm ②
 Tears → Replace.



5.Check:

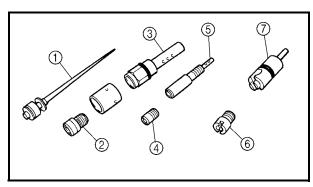
- Vacuum chamber cover ①
- Spring ②
 Cracks/damage → Replace.



6.Check:

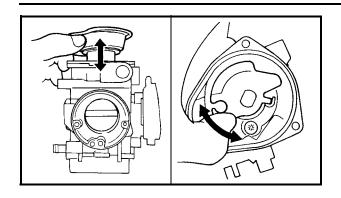
- Diaphragm (coasting enricher) ①
- Spring ②
- Cover ③

Tears (diaphragm) /damage → Replace.



7.Check:

- Jet needle (1)
- Main jet ②
- Needle jet ③
- Pilot air jet 4
- Pilot jet ⑤
- Starter jet ⑥
- Starter plunger ⑦
 Bends/wear/damage → Replace.
- Blockage → Blow out the jets with compressed air.



8.Check:

- Free movement (piston valve)
 Sticks → Replace the piston valve guide and the piston valve.
 - Insert the piston valve into the carburetor body, and check for free movement.

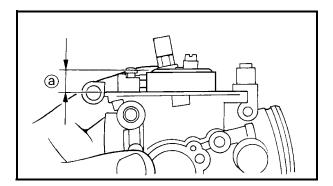
9.Check:

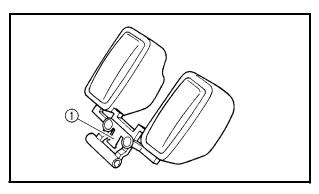
Free movement (throttle valve)
 Sticks → Replace.

ASSEMBLING THE CARBURETOR

CAUTION:

Before reassembling, wash all of the parts in a clean petroleum based solvent.





1.Measure:

Float height ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Float height (F.H.): 13 mm (0.51 in)

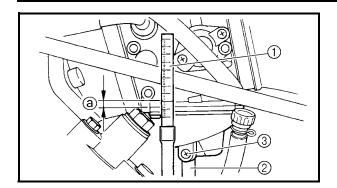
Measurement and adjustment steps:

- Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.
- Measure the distance from the mating surface of the float chamber (gasket removed) to the top of the float.

NOTE:

The float arm should be resting on the needle valve, but not compressing it.

- If the float height is not within the specification, check the valve seat and needle valve.
- If either is worn, replace them both.
- If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tang ① on the float.
- Recheck the float height.



ADJUSTING THE FUEL LEVEL

- 1.Measure:
- Fuel level ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Fuel level:

4.0 ~ 5.0 mm (0.16 ~ 0.20 in) Above the float chamber mating surface

Measurement and adjustment steps:

- Place the machine on a level surface.
- ◆ Connect the fuel level gauge ① to the drain pipe ②.

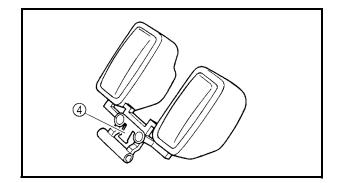


Fuel level gauge:

P/N. YM-01312-A, 90890-01312

- ◆ Loosen the drain screw ③.
- Hold the gauge vertically next to the float chamber line.
- Measure the fuel level @ with the gauge.
- If the fuel level is incorrect, adjust the fuel level.
- Remove the carburetor.
- Check the valve seat and needle valve.
- If either is worn, replace them both.
- ●If both are fine, adjust the float level by bending the float tang ④ slightly.

- Install the carburetor.
- Recheck the fuel level.



TROUBLESHOOTING



DRIVE TRAIN

TROUBLESHOOTING

The following conditions may indicate damaged shaft drive components:

Symptoms	Possible Causes				
1.A pronounced hesitation or "jerky" movement	A. Bearing damage.				
during acceleration, deceleration, or sustained speed. (This must not be confused with	B. Improper gear lash.				
engine surging or transmission	C.Gear tooth damage.				
characteristics.) 2.A "rolling rumble" noticeable at low speed; a	D. Broken drive shaft.				
high-pitched whine; a "clunk" from a shaft	E.Broken gear teeth.				
drive component or area. 3.A locked-up condition of the shaft drive train	F. Seizure due to lack of lubrication.				
mechanism, no power transmitted from the engine to the front and/or rear wheel.	G.Small foreign objects lodged between the moving parts.				

NOTE: .

Areas A, B, and C above may be extremely difficult to diagnose. The symptoms are quite subtle and difficult to distinguish from normal machine operating noise. If there is reason to believe these components are damaged, remove the components and check them.

- 1.Check:
- Unusual noises

The following "noises" may indicate a mechanical defect:

- a.A "rolling rumble" noise during coasting, acceleration, or deceleration. The noise increases with front and/or rear wheel speed, but it does not increase with higher engine or transmission speeds.
 - Diagnosis: Possible wheel bearing damage.
- b.A "whining" noise that varies with acceleration and deceleration.
 - Diagnosis: Possible incorrect reassembly, too-little gear lash.

TROUBLESHOOTING

									i			

Too little gear lash is extremely destructive to the gear teeth. If a test ride following reassembly indicates this condition, stop riding immediately to minimize gear damage.

c.A slight "thunk" evident at low speed operation. This noise must be distinguished from normal machine operation.

Diagnosis: Possible broken gear teeth.

A WARNING

Stop riding immediately if broken gear teeth are suspected. This condition could result in the shaft drive assembly locking up, causing loss of control of the machine and possible injury to the rider.

2.Check:

Drained oil

Drained oil shows large amounts of metal particles → Check the bearing for seizure.

NOTE:

A small amount of metal particles in the oil is normal.

3.Check:

Oil leakage

Checking steps:

- Clean the entire machine thoroughly, then dry it.
- Apply a leak-localizing compound or dry powder spray to the shaft drive.
- Road test the machine for the distance necessary to locate the leak.

Leakage → Check the component housing, gasket, and/or seal for damage.

Damage \rightarrow Replace the component.

NOTE:

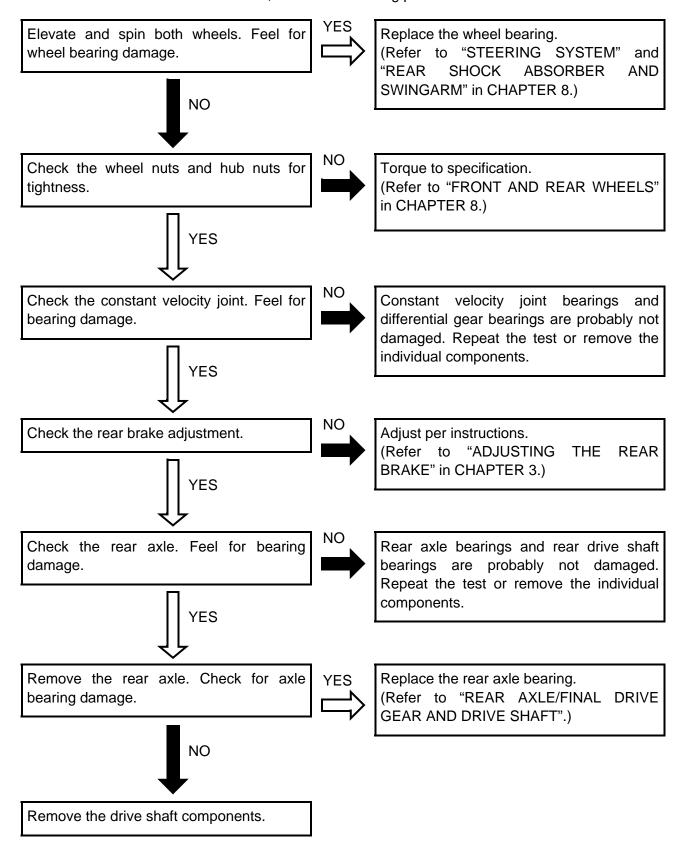
- An apparent oil leak on a new or nearly new machine may be the result of a rustpreventative coating or excessive seal lubrication.
- Always clean the machine and recheck the suspected location of an apparent leakage.

7

TROUBLESHOOTING

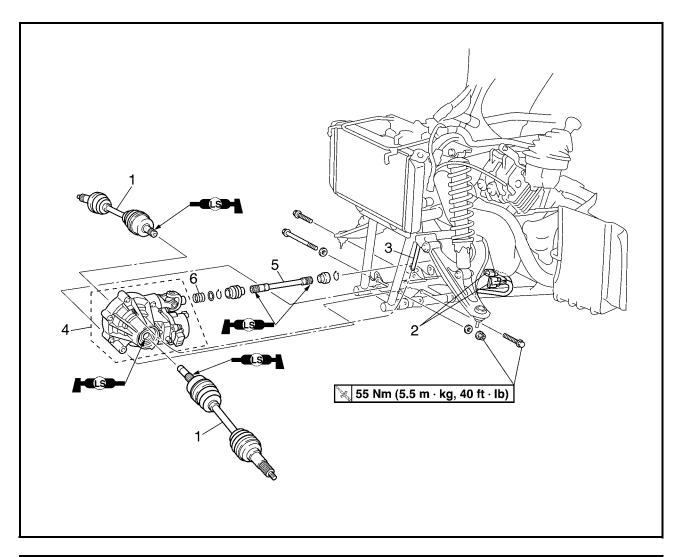
Troubleshooting chart

When basic condition "a" and "b" exist, check the following points:



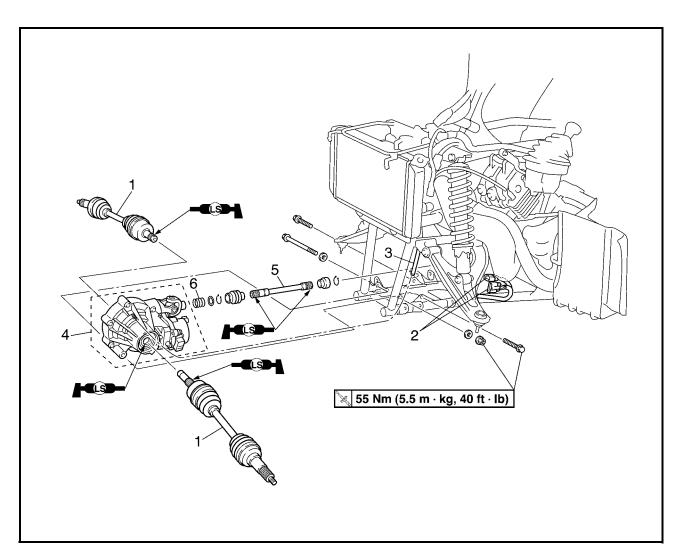


FRONT CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINTS AND DIFFERENTIAL GEAR

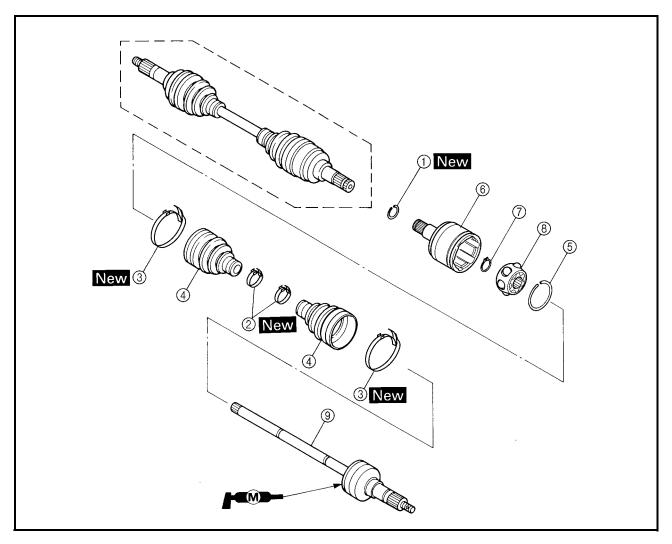


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front constant velocity joint and differential gear		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Engine skid plate (front) Front fender		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Differential gear oil		Drain.
	Steering knuckle		Refer to "STEERING SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 8.
	Front arms (lower)		Refer to "FRONT ARMS AND FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER" in CHAPTER 8.
	Brake master cylinder cover		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKES" in CHAPTER 8.
1	Constant velocity joint	2	
2	Gear motor coupler/on-command four- wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch coupler	1/1	Disconnect.
3	Differential gear case breather hose	1	Disconnect.

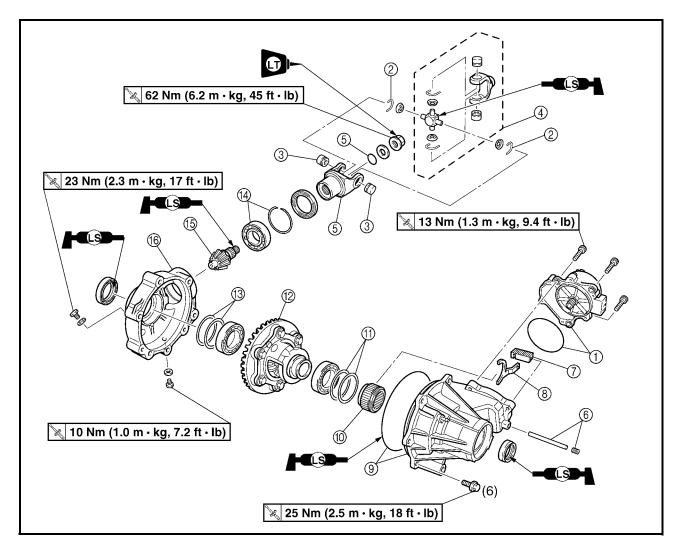
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Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
4	Differential gear	1	
5	Drive shaft	1	
6	Compression spring	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

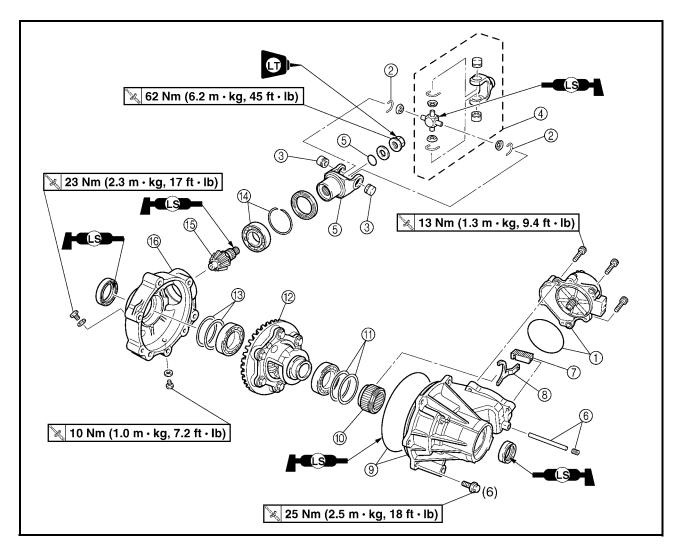


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the constant velocity joint		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Circlip	1	
2	Boot band	2	h
3	Boot band	2	
4	Dust boot	2	
(5)	Circlip	1	Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE FRONT
6	Double off-set joint	1	CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINT".
7	Snap ring	1	
8	Ball bearing	1	
9	Joint shaft assembly	1	Н
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.



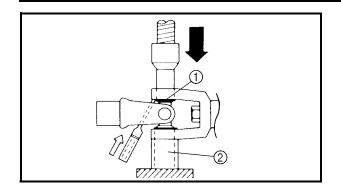
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks	
	Disassembling the differential gear		Remove the parts in the order below.	
1	Gear motor/O-ring	1/1	NOTE:	
			Be sure not to disassemble the gear	
			motor or remove the pinion gear.	
2	Circlip	2]	
3	Bearing	2	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE	
4	Universal joint	1	UNIVERSAL JOINT".	
(5)	Universal joint yoke/O-ring	1/1		
6	Stopper bolt/shaft	1/1		
7	Shift fork sliding gear	1		
8	Shift fork	1		
9	Differential gear case cover	1		
10	Drive clutch	1		
11)	Shim (left)			

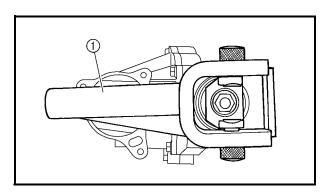


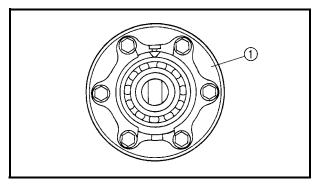


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks	
12	Differential gear assembly	1		
13	Shim (right)	1		
14)	Circlip/bearing	1/1		
15	Drive pinion gear	1		
16	Differential gear case	1		
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly	
			procedure.	









REMOVING THE UNIVERSAL JOINT

- 1.Remove:
- Universal joint

Removal steps:

- Remove the circlips 1.
- Place the U-joint in a press.
- With a suitable diameter pipe ② beneath the yoke ③, press the bearing ④ into the pipe as shown.

NOTE:

It may be necessary to lightly tap the yoke with a punch.

- Repeat the steps for the opposite bearing.
- Remove the yoke.

NOTE: .

it may be necessary to lightly tap the voke with a punch.

2.Remove:

 Universal joint yoke Use a universal joint holder (1).



Universal joint holder: P/N. YM-04062, 90890-04062

REMOVING THE RING GEAR

- 1.Remove:
- Ring gear ①

NOTE: _

The ring gear and the differential gear cover should be fastened together. Do not disassemble the differential gear assembly.

CAUTION:

The differential gears are assembled into a proper unit at the factory by means of specialized equipment. Do not attempt to disassemble this unit. Disassembly will result in the malfunction of the unit.



CHECKING THE CONSTANT VELOCITY **JOINT**

- 1.Check:
- Double off-set joint spline
- Ball joint spline
- Shaft spline $Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.$
- 2.Check:
- Dust boots Cracks/damage → Replace.

CAUTION:

Always use a new boot band.

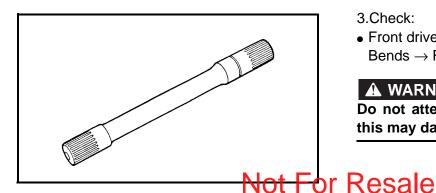
- 3.Check:
- Balls and ball races
- Inner surface of double off-set joint Pitting/wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.

CHECKING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR

- 1.Check:
- Gear teeth Pitting/galling/wear → Replace drive pinion gear and ring gear as a set.
- Bearing Pitting/damage \rightarrow Replace.
- Oil seal
- O-ring Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 2.Check:
- Drive shaft splines
- Universal joints
- Front drive gear splines Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.
- Spring

Fatigue \rightarrow Replace.

Move the spring up and down.



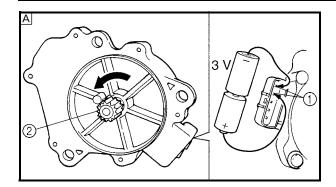
3.Check:

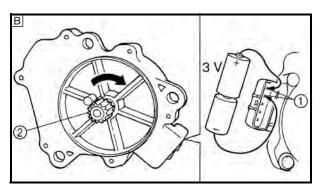
 Front drive shaft Bends \rightarrow Replace.

▲ WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent shaft; this may dangerously weaken the shaft.







CHECKING THE GEAR MOTOR

- 1.Check:
- Gear motor

Checking steps:

◆Connect two C size batteries to the gear motor terminals ①. (as shown illustration)

CAUTION:

Do not use a 12 V battery to operate the pinion gear.

- A Check that the pinion gear ② turns counterclockwise.
- B Check that the pinion gear 2 turns clockwise.

NOTF:

Be sure not to disassemble the gear motor or remove the pinion gear.

ASSEMBLING THE FRONT CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINT

- 1.Apply:
- Molybdenum disulfide grease (into the ball joint assembly)

NOTE:

Molybdenum disulfide grease is included in the repair kit.

2.Install:

- Dust boots (1)
- Dust boot bands ②, ③ New



 Apply molybdenum disulfide grease into the dust boots.

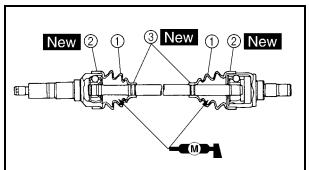


Molybdenum disulfide grease: 40 g (1.4 oz) per dust boot

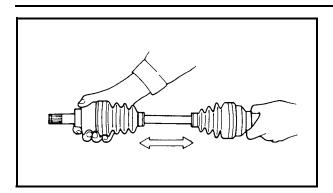
- Install the dust boots.
- Install the dust boot bands.

NOTE

- The new boot bands may differ from the original ones.
- The dust boots should be fastened with the dust boot bands ③ at the grooves in the joint shaft.







3.Check:

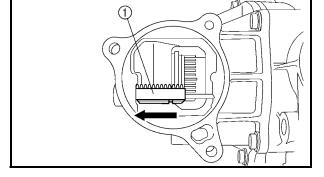
Free play (thrust movement)
 Excessive play → Replace the joint assembly.

ASSEMBLING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR

- 1.Measure:
- Gear lash
 Refer to "MEASURING AND ADJUSTING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR LASH".
- 2.Install:
- Gear motor

Installation steps:

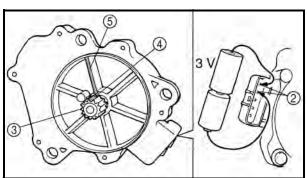
- Slide the shift fork sliding gear ①, which is installed to the differential gear, to the left to put it into the 2WD mode.
- Connect two C size batteries to the gear motor terminal ② to operate the pinion gear ③, and operate it until the paint mark ④ on the gear is aligned with the paint mark ⑤ on the gear motor case.



CAUTION:

Do not use a 12 V battery to operate the pinion gear.

● Insert 8 mm bolts ⑥ into the gear motor ⑦ and use them as a guide to set the motor on the differential gear assembly ⑧ so that the shift fork sliding gear ⑨ does not move.



CAUTION:

If the position of the shift fork sliding gear is moved, the position of the differential gear and the indicator light display may differ, and the 2WD or differential lock mode may not be activated.

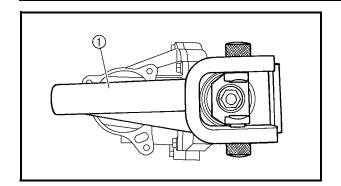
 Remove the 8 mm bolts, and then install the motor with the gear motor bolts.





Bolts (gear motor) 13 Nm (1.3 m • kg, 9.4 ft • lb)



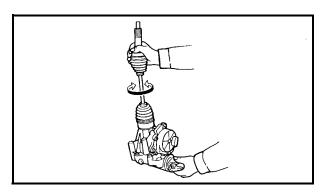




- Universal joint yoke
- O-ring
- Washer

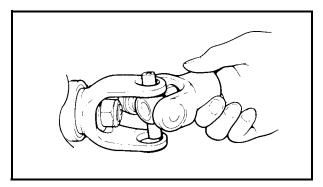


Universal joint holder: P/N. YM-04062, 90890-04062



4.Check:

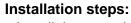
Differential gear operation
 Unsmooth operation → Replace the
 differential gear assembly.
 Insert the double off-set joint into the
 differential gear, and turn the gear back and
 forth.



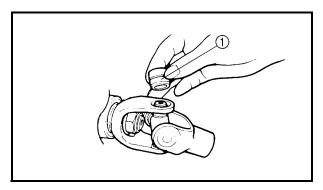
INSTALLING THE UNIVERSAL JOINT

1.Install:

Universal joint



- Install the opposite yoke into the U-joint.
- Apply wheel bearing grease to the bearings.
- Install the bearing ① onto the yoke.



CAUTION:

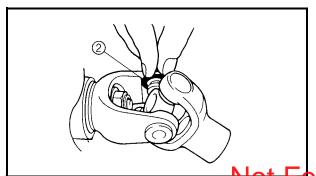
Check each bearing. The needles can easily fall out of their races. Slide the yoke back and forth on the bearings; the yoke will not go all the way onto a bearing if a needle is out of place.

 Press each bearing into the U-joint using a suitable socket.

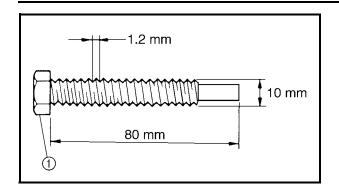


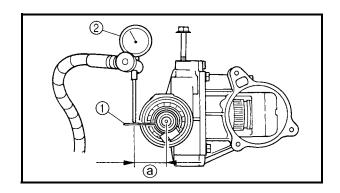
The bearing must be inserted far enough into the U-joint so that the circlip can be installed.

 Install the circlips ② into the groove of each bearing.









MEASURING AND ADJUSTING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR LASH

Measuring the differential gear lash

- 1. Secure the gear case in a vise or another supporting device.
- 2.Remove:
- Drain plug
- Gasket
- 3.Install:
- A bolt of the specified size ① (into the drain plug hole)

CAUTION:

Finger tighten the bolt until it holds the ring gear. Otherwise, the ring gear will be damaged.

- 4.Attach:
- Gear lash measurement tool ①
- Dial gauge ②



Gear lash measurement tool: P/N. YM-01467, 90890-01467

- (a) Measuring point is 21 mm (0.83 in)
- 5.Measure:
- Gear lash
 Gently rotate the gear coupling from engagement to engagement.

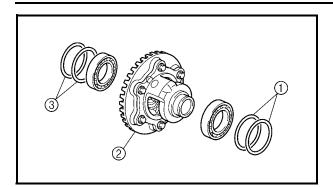


Differential gear lash: 0.05 ~ 0.25 mm (0.0020 ~ 0.0098 in)

NOTE:

Measure the gear lash at four positions. Rotate the shaft 90° each time.





Adjusting differential gear lash

- 1.Remove:
- Shim(s) (left) (1)
- Differential gear assembly ②
- Shim(s) (right) ③

2.Adjust:

Gear lash

Adjustment steps:

 Select the suitable shims using the following chart.

Too little gear lash	Reduce shim thickness.
Too large gear lash	Increase shim thickness.

● If it is necessary to increase by more than 0.05 mm (0.002 in):

Reduce right shim thickness by 0.1 mm (0.004 in) for every 0.1 mm (0.004 in) of left shim increase.

● If it is necessary to reduce by more than 0.1 mm (0.004 in):

Increase right shim thickness by 0.1 mm (0.004 in) for every 0.1 mm of left shim decreased.

Ring gear sh	Ring gear shim (left and right)							
Thickness (mm)	0.1	0.2	0.3					
	0.4	0.5	1.0					
	1.5	2.0*	2.5*					

* Right only



CHECKING THE DIFFERENTIAL GEAR OPERATION

- 1.Block the rear wheels, and elevate the front wheels by placing a suitable stand under the frame
- 2.Remove the wheel cap and cotter pin from the axle nut (right or left).
- 3.Measure the starting torque of the front wheel (i.e., differential gear preload) with the torque wrench.





NOTE:

- Repeat this step several times to obtain an average figure.
- During this test, the other front wheel will turn in the opposite direction.

Front wheel starting torque: (differential gear preload):

New unit:

17 ~ 25 Nm

(1.7 ~ 2.5 m • kg, 12 ~ 18 ft • lb)

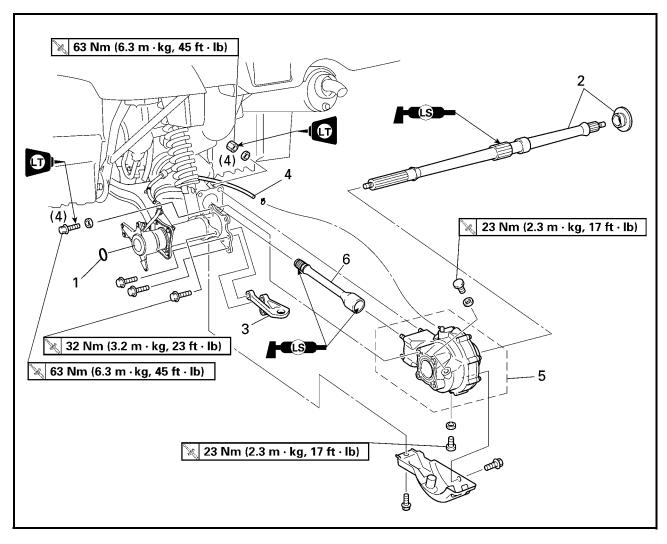
Minimum:

10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

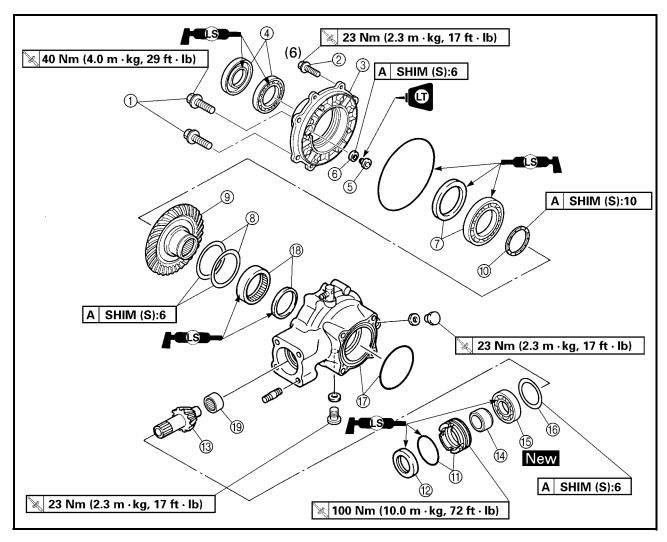
- 4.Out of specification → Replace the differential gear assembly.
- 5. Within specification \rightarrow Install the new cotter pin and wheel cap.



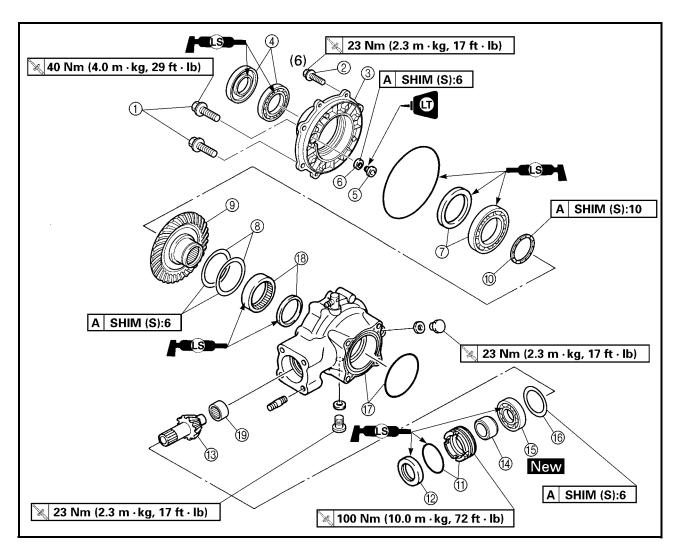
REAR AXLE/FINAL DRIVE GEAR AND DRIVE SHAFT



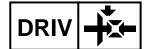
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear axle, final drive gear assembly and drive shaft		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Final gear oil		Drain.
	Rear wheel hubs/brake disc		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS" in CHAPTER 8.
1	O-ring	1	
2	Rear axle/dust cover	1/1	7 - 4 - 4
3	Trailer hitch bracket	1	Refer to "REMOVING/ - INSTALLING THE
4	Final drive gear case breather hose	1	Disconnect. REAR AXLE".
5	Final drive gear	1	
6	Drive shaft	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

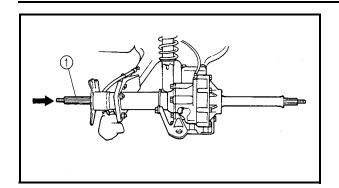


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the final drive gear		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Bolt	2	NOTE:
2	Bolt	6	Working in a crisscross pattern, loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn. After all the bolts are loosened, remove them.
3	Bearing housing	1	
4	Oil seal/bearing	1/1	
(5)	Ring gear stopper	1	
6	Ring gear stopper shim	1	
7	Oil seal/bearing	1/1	
8	Ring gear shim	1	
9	Ring gear	1	
10	Thrust washer	1	



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
(1)	Bearing retainer/O-ring	1/1	1
12	Oil seal	1	D (, "DIOAGOEMBUNG/
13	Final drive pinion gear	1	Refer to "DISASSEMBLING/ - ASSEMBLING THE FINAL DRIVE
14)	Collar	1	GEAR".
15	Bearing	1	GE/ II C
16	Final drive pinion gear shim	1	<u> </u>
17)	Final drive gear case/O-ring	1/1	
18)	Bearing/oil seal	1/1	Refer to "REPLACING THE FINAL
19	Bearing	1	DRIVE ROLLER BEARING".
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.



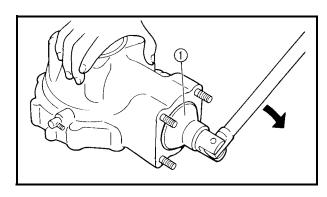


REMOVING THE REAR AXLE

- 1.Remove:
- Rear axle ①
 (with dust seal)
- O-ring

		ĺ																		

- Never directly tap the axle end with a hammer, since this will result in damage to the axle thread and spline.
- Attach a suitable socket ② on the axle end and tap it with a soft hammer. Pull out the rear axle to the right.



DISASSEMBLING THE FINAL DRIVE GEAR

- 1.Remove:
- Bearing retainer (final drive pinion gear)

NOTE:

Use a bearing retainer wrench ①.



Bearing retainer wrench: P/N. YM-04050, 90890-04050

CAUTION:

The final drive shaft bearing retainer has left-handed threads. To loosen the retainer, turn it clockwise.

2.Remove:

Final drive pinion gear assembly
 With a soft hammer, lightly tap on the final drive pinion gear end.

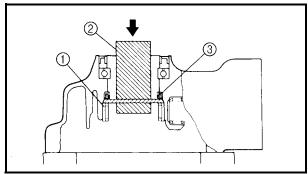
CAUTION:

Removal of the final drive pinion gear should only be performed if gear replacement is necessary.

A WARNING

Always use new bearings and races.





2

REPLACING THE FINAL DRIVE ROLLER **BEARING**

- 1.Remove:
- Roller bearing (ring gear) ① Use a suitable press tool 2 and an appropriate support for the main housing.
- Oil seal (3)

2.Remove:

• Roller bearing (final drive pinion gear) ①

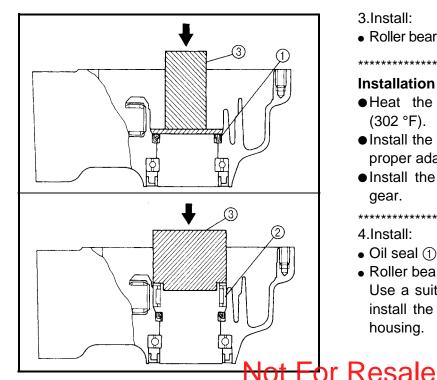
Removal steps:

◆Heat the main housing only to 150 °C (302 °F).

- Remove the roller bearing outer race with an appropriately shaped punch 2.
- Remove the inner race from the final drive pinion gear.

NOTE:

The removal of the final drive pinion gear roller bearing is difficult and seldom necessary.



3.Install:

Roller bearing (final drive pinion gear)

Installation steps:

●Heat the main housing only to 150 °C (302 °F).

- Install the roller bearing outer race using the proper adapter.
- Install the inner race onto the drive pinion gear.

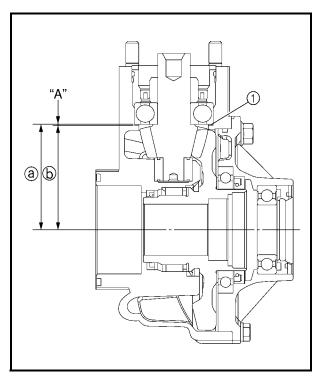
4.Install:

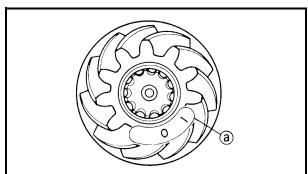
- Oil seal ① New
- Roller bearing (2) Use a suitable press tool 3 and a press to install the above components into the main housing.

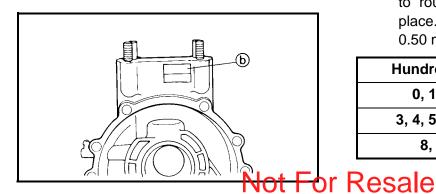


POSITIONING THE FINAL DRIVE PINION GEAR AND RING GEAR

When the final drive pinion gear, ring gear, final gear case and/or ring gear bearing housing are replaced, be sure to adjust the positions of the final drive pinion gear and ring gear using the shim(s).







Final drive pinion gear shim selection

- 1.Select:
- Final drive pinion gear shim(s) ①

Selection steps:

● To find the final drive pinion gear shim thickness "A", use the following formula.

- (a) = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the final drive pinion gear either added to or subtracted from "84"
- (b) = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the final gear case either added to or subtracted from "83"

Example:

1) If "01" is stamped on the final drive pinion gear,

- 2) If "50" is stamped on the final gear case, \bigcirc = 83 + 0.50 = 83.50
- 3) Therefore, "A" is 0.51.

"A" =
$$84.01 - 83.50$$

$$= 0.51$$

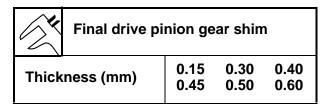
4) Round off the hundredth digit and select the appropriate shim(s).

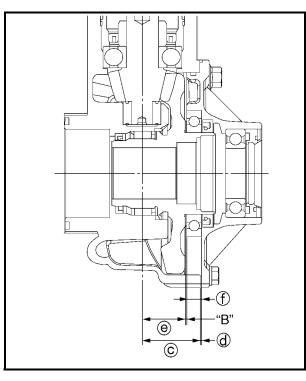
In the example above, the calculated number is 0.51. The chart instructs you to round off 1 to 0 at the hundredth place. Thus, the shim thickness is 0.50 mm.

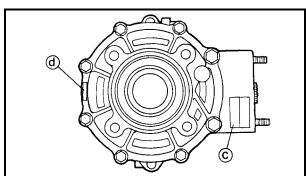
Hundredths	Rounded value
0, 1, 2	0
3, 4, 5, 6, 7	5
8, 9	10

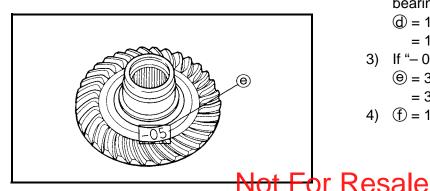


Shims are supplied in the following thicknesses.









Ring gear shim selection

- 1.Select:
- Ring gear shim(s) (1)

Selection steps:

◆To find the ring gear shim thickness "B", use the following formula.

Ring gear shim thickness:

"B" =
$$\bigcirc$$
 + \bigcirc - (\bigcirc + \bigcirc)

- © = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the final gear case either added to or subtracted from 45
- d = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the outside of the ring gear bearing housing and added to 1
- (e) = a numeral (usually a decimal number) on the inside of the ring gear either added to or subtracted from 35.00
- f = bearing thickness (considered constant)



Bearing thickness (f): 11.00 mm

Example:

- 1) If "53" is stamped on the final gear case, \bigcirc = 45 + 0.53 = 45.53
- 2) If "05" is stamped on the ring gear bearing housing,
 - (d) = 1 + 0.05
 - = 1.05
- 3) If "- 05" is stamped on the ring gear,
 - $\Theta = 35 0.05$
 - = 34.95
- 4) (f) = 11.00.

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5) Therefore, shim thickness "B" is 0.63.

"B" =
$$45.53 + 1.05 - (34.95 + 11.00)$$

$$=46.58-45.95$$

$$= 0.63$$

6) Round off the hundredth digit and select the appropriate shim(s).

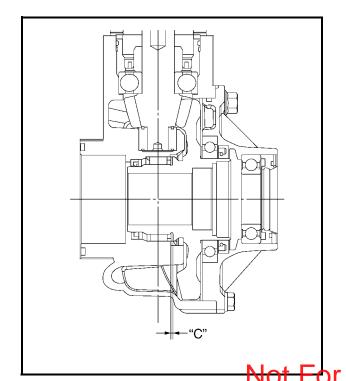
In the example above, the calculated number is 0.63. The chart instructs you to round off 3 to 5 at the hundredth place.

Thus, the shim thickness is 0.65 mm.

Hundredths	Rounded value
0, 1, 2	0
3, 4, 5, 6, 7	5
8, 9	10

Shims are supplied in the following thicknesses.

Ring gear s	him		
Thickness (mm)	0.25	0.30	0.35
	0.40	0.45	0.50



Thrust washer selection

- 1.Measure/select:
- Ring gear thrust clearance "C"

Measurement steps:

- Place four pieces of Plastigauge[®] between the originally fitted thrust washer and the ring gear.
- Install the ring gear assembly and tighten the bolts to specification.

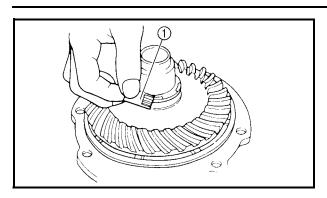


M8 Bolts (bearing housing): 23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb) M10 Bolts (bearing housing): 40 Nm (4.0 m • kg, 29 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Do not turn the drive pinion gear and ring gear when measuring the clearance with Plastigauge®.





- Remove the ring gear assembly.
- Measure the thrust clearance. Calculate the width of the flattened Plastigauge[®] (1).



Ring gear thrust clearance: 0.1 ~ 0.2 mm (0.004 ~ 0.008 in)

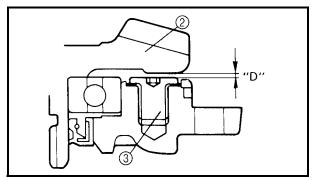
 If out of specification, select the correct washer.

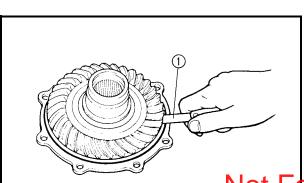
Thrust washer selection steps:

 Select a suitable thrust washer using the following chart.

Thrust washe	er		
Thickness (mm)	1.0	1.1	1.2
	1.3	1.35	1.4
	1.45	1.5	1.55
	1.6	1.7	1.8
	1.9	2.0	2.1

 Repeat the measurement steps until the ring gear thrust clearance is within the specified limits.





Ring gear stopper shim selection

- 1.Measure:
- Ring gear stopper clearance "D"
 Use a feeler gauge ①.
 Out of specification → Adjust.



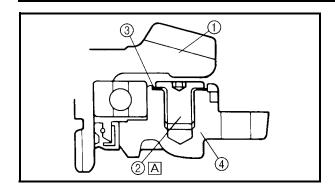
Ring gear stopper clearance "D": 0.30 ~ 0.60 mm (0.012 ~ 0.024 in)

- ② Ring gear
- ③ Ring gear stopper

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Ring gear stopper clearance adjustment

- 1.Remove:
- Ring gear (1)
- Ring gear stopper ②
- Shim(s) ③
- 4 Bearing housing
- A Left-hand threads

2.Select:

Suitable shim(s)

Shim			
Thickness (mm)	0.10	0.15	0.20
	0.30	0.40	0.50

3.Install:

- Shim(s)
- Ring gear stopper (left-hand threads)

9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)

Ring gear

NOTE:

Use LOCTITE® on the ring gear stopper.

4.Measure:

Ring gear stopper clearance
 Out of specification → Repeat adjustment steps.



Ring gear stopper clearance: 0.30 ~ 0.60 mm (0.012 ~ 0.024 in)

CHECKING THE REAR AXLE

1.Check:

Rear axle runout ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.

A WARNING

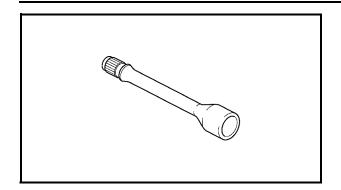
Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.



Rear axle runout limit: 1.5 mm (0.06 in)

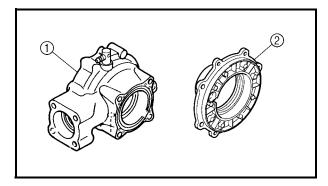
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CHECKING THE DRIVE SHAFT

- 1.Check:
- Drive shaft (splines)
 Wear/damage → Replace.



CHECKING THE FINAL DRIVE GEAR

- 1.Check:
- Final gear case 1
- Bearing housing (ring gear) ②
 Cracks/damage → Replace.

NOTE:

When the final gear case and/or the ring gear bearing housing are replaced, be sure to adjust the shim of the final drive pinion gear and/or ring gear.

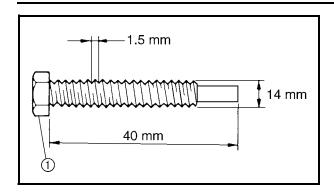
2.Check:

- Gear teeth
 Pitting/galling/wear → Replace the drive pinion gear and ring gear as a set.
- Oil seals
- O-rings
 Damage → Replace.
- 3.Check:
- Bearings
 Damage → Replace.

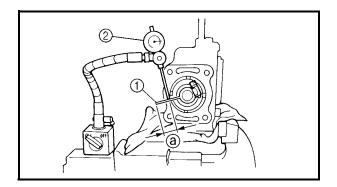
NOTE:

- Reusing roller bearings is acceptable, but Yamaha recommends installing new ones.
 Do not reuse the oil seal.
- When the final drive pinion gear and/or ring gear are replaced, be sure to adjust the shim of the final drive pinion gear and/or ring gear.





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MEASUREMENT AND ADJUSTING THE FINAL GEAR LASH

Final gear lash measurement

- 1. Secure the gear case in a vise or another supporting device.
- 2.Remove:
- Drain plug
- Gasket
- 3.Install:
- A bolt of the specified size ① (into the drain plug hole)

CAUTION:

Finger tighten the bolt until it holds the ring gear. Otherwise, the ring gear will be damaged.

- 4.Attach:
- Gear lash measurement tool ①
- Dial gauge ②



Gear lash measurement tool: P/N. YM-01475, 90890-01475

(a) Measuring point is 31.46 mm (1.24 in)

5.Measure:

 Gear lash Gently rotate the gear coupling from engagement to engagement.



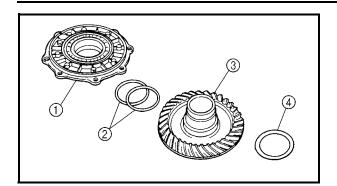
Final gear lash:

0.1 ~ 0.2 mm (0.004 ~ 0.008 in)

NOTE:

Measure the gear lash at four positions. Rotate the shaft 90° each time.





Final gear lash adjustment

- 1.Remove:
- Bearing housing (1)
- Ring gear shim(s) ②
- Ring gear ③
- Thrust washer 4

2.Adjust:

Gear lash

Adjustment steps:

 Select a suitable shim(s) and thrust washer(s) using the following chart.

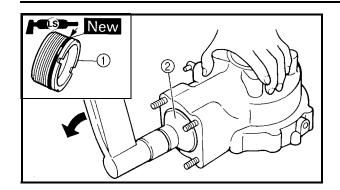
Too little gear lash	Reduce shim thickness.
Too large gear lash	Increase shim thickness.

- If increased by more than 0.2 mm (0.008 in): Reduce the thrust washer thickness by 0.2 mm (0.008 in) for every 0.2 mm (0.008 in) of ring gear shim increase.
- If reduced by more than 0.2 mm (0.008 in): Increase the thrust washer thickness by 0.2 mm (0.008 in) for every 0.2 mm (0.008 in) that the ring gear shim is decreased.

Ring gear shi	im		
Thickness (mm)	0.25	0.30	0.35
	0.40	0.45	0.50

Thrust washe	er		
Thickness (mm)	1.0	1.1	1.2
	1.3	1.35	1.4
	1.45	1.5	1.55
	1.6	1.7	1.8
	1.9	2.0	2.1





ASSEMBLING THE FINAL DRIVE GEAR

1.Install:

- Drive pinion gear (with shim(s) and bearing) (proper shim size as calculated)
- Bearing retainer (drive pinion gear) ①

100 Nm (10.0 m • kg, 72 ft • lb)

Use a bearing retainer wrench 2.

CAUTION:

- Always use a new bearing.
- The final drive shaft bearing retainer has left-hand threads. Turn the retainer counterclockwise to tighten it.



Bearing retainer wrench: P/N. YM-04050, 90890-04050

2.Adjust:

 Final gear lash Refer "MEASUREMENT AND to ADJUSTING THE FINAL GEAR LASH".

INSTALLING THE FINAL DRIVE GEAR

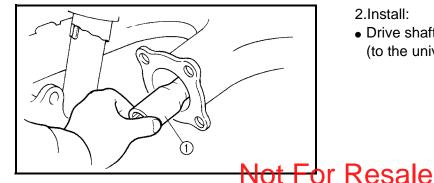
- 1.Lubricate:
- Drive shaft
- Coupling gear
- O-ring
- Oil seal
- Bearing



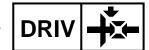
Lithium-soap-based grease

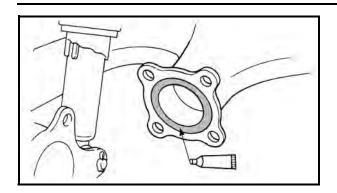
2.Install:

• Drive shaft (1) (to the universal joint)



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3.Apply:

 Sealant (Quick Gasket[®]) (to the mating surfaces of the swingarm and the final drive gear case)

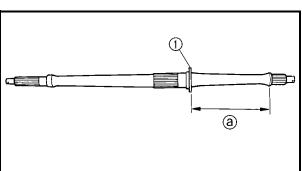


Sealant (Quick gasket®): P/N. ACC-11001-05-01 Yamaha bond No.1215: P/N. 90890-85505

4.Install:

- Final drive gear
- Nuts Bolts

★ 63 Nm (6.3 m • kg, 45 ft • lb) ★ 63 Nm (6.3 m • kg, 45 ft • lb)



5.Install:

- Dust cover
- Rear axle

Installation steps:

• Install the dust cover ① onto the rear axle.

NOTE:

Adjust the length (a) to 210.1 mm (8.3 in) when install the dust cover.

- Install the rear axle (with dust cover) ②.
- Install the rear brake disc and rear wheel hub
- Temporarily tighten the left axle nut ③.

NOTE:

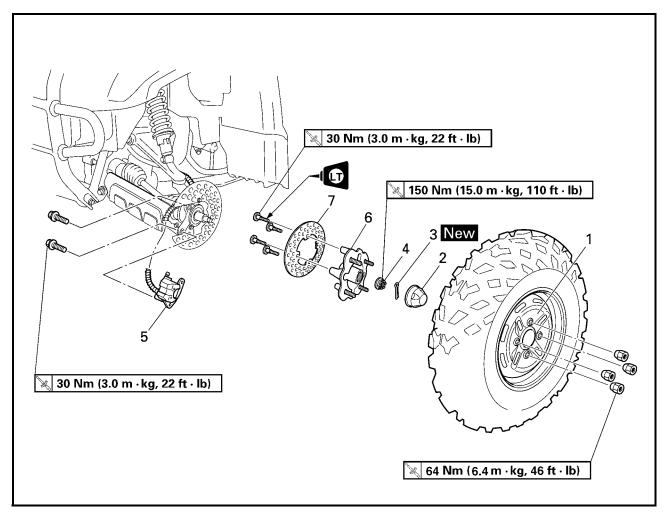
After tightening the rear axle nut 3, the position of the dust cover (1) will slightly move to protect the oil seal of the final gear case.

FRONT AND REAR WHEELS |CHAS |

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FRONT AND REAR WHEELS

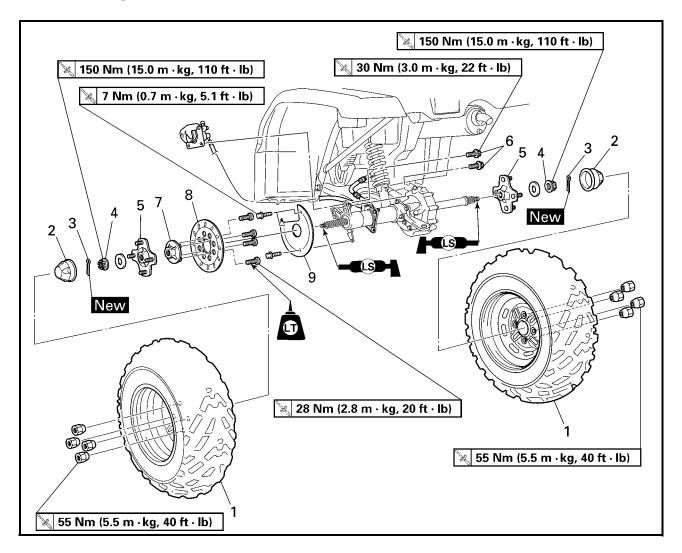
FRONT WHEELS



Order	Job name/Part	name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front wh	ieel		Remove the parts in the order below. Place the machine on a level surface. WARNING Securely support the machine so there is no danger of it falling over.
1 2 3 4	Front wheel Wheel cap Cotter pin Axle nut		1 1 1 1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE WHEEL". Refer to "INSTALLING THE WHEEL HUB".
5	Brake caliper assembly		1	NOTE: Do not squeeze the brake lever when the brake caliper is off of the brake disc as the brake pads will be forced shut.
6	Wheel hub		1	
7	Brake disc		1	
		Not For	Re	For installation, reverse the removal procedure.



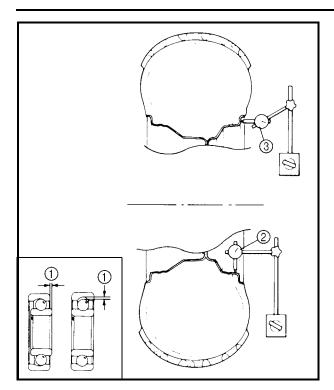
REAR WHEELS



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear wheel		Remove the parts in the order below.
			Place the machine on a level surface.
			▲ WARNING
			Securely support the machine so there
			is no danger of it falling over.
1	Rear wheel	2	Refer to "INSTALLING THE WHEEL".
2	Wheel cap	2	Refer to "INSTALLING THE WHEEL
3	Cotter pin	2	Refer to INSTALLING THE WHEEL HUB".
4	Axle nut	2	П НОВ . Г
5	Wheel hub	2	
6	Brake caliper mounting bolt	2	
7	Brake disc bracket	1	
8	Brake disc	1	
9	Brake disc guard	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
	Not For	Re	erecedure.

FRONT AND REAR WHEELS





CHECKING THE WHEEL

- 1.Check:
- Wheel
- 2.Measure:
- Wheel runout
 Over the specified limit → Replace the wheel or check the wheel bearing play ①.

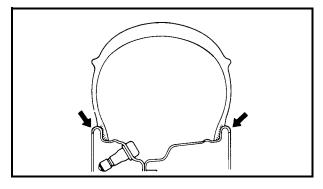


Wheel runout limit:

Radial ②: 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral ③: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

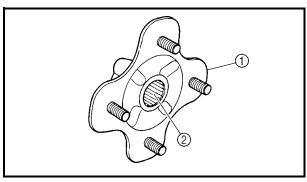
3.Check:

Wheel balance
 Out of balance → Adjust.



A WARNING

After replacing the tire, ride conservatively to allow the tire to be properly seated in the rim. Failure to do so may cause an accident resulting in machine damage and possible operator injury.

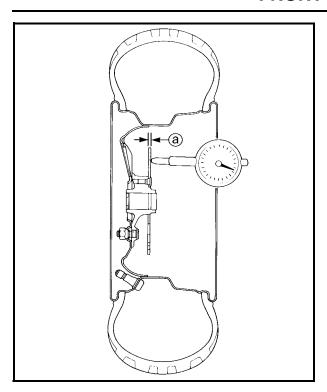


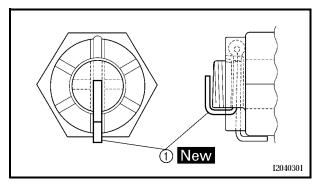
CHECKING THE WHEEL HUB

- 1.Check:
- Wheel hub ①
 Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Splines (wheel hub) ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.

FRONT AND REAR WHEELS







CHECKING THE BRAKE DISC

- 1.Check:
- Brake disc
 Galling/damage → Replace.
- 2.Measure:
- Brake disc deflection

Out of specification \rightarrow Check the wheel runout.

If wheel runout is within the limits, replace the brake disc.



Brake disc maximum deflection: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

Brake disc thickness ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.



Brake disc minimum thickness: 3 mm (0.12 in)

INSTALLING THE WHEEL HUB

1.Install:

• Axle nut 350 Nm (15.0 m • kg, 110 ft • lb)

Cotter pin (1) New

NOTE:

Do not loosen the axle nut after torquing it. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align the groove with the hole by tightening the axle nut.

INSTALLING THE WHEEL

1.Install:

Wheel

NOTE:

The arrow mark ① on the tire must point in the direction of rotation 🖹 of the wheel.

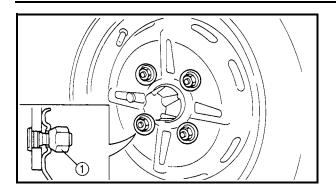
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(1)

FRONT AND REAR WHEELS





2.Install:

• Nuts (wheel) ①

A WARNING

Tapered wheel nuts ① are used for both the front and rear wheels. Install each nut with its tapered side towards the wheel.

- 3.Tighten:
- Nuts (front wheel)

% 64 Nm (6.4 m • kg, 46 ft • lb)

• Nuts (rear wheel)

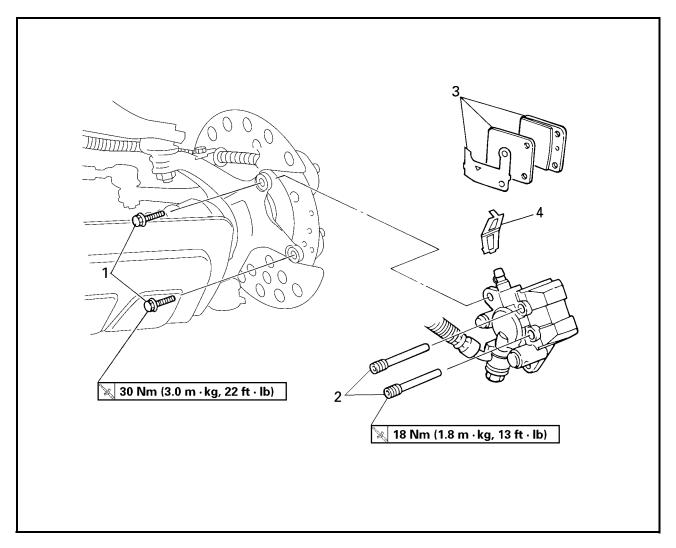
> 55 Nm (5.5 m • kg, 40 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Tighten the nuts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.



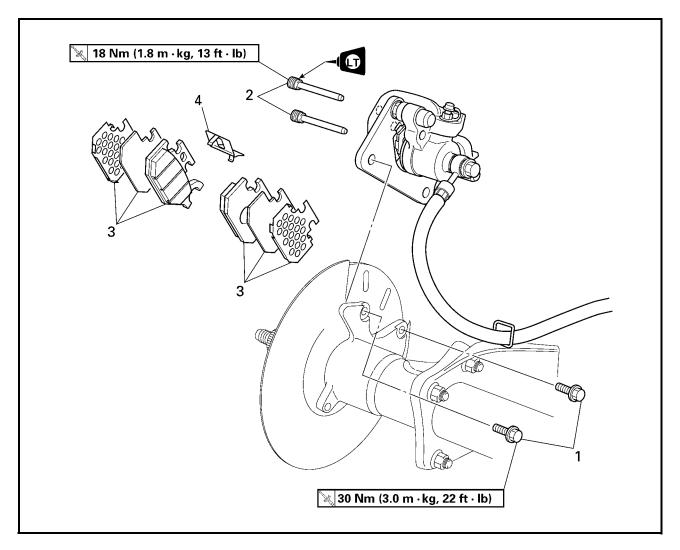
FRONT AND REAR BRAKES **FRONT BRAKE PADS**



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front brake pads		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Front wheel		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS".
1	Brake caliper mounting bolt	2	
2	Brake pad holding bolt	2	Refer to "REPLACING THE FRONT
3	Brake pad/pad shim	2/1	BRAKE PAD".
4	Pad spring	1	\sqcup
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.



REAR BRAKE PADS



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear brake pads		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Rear wheel (left)		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS".
1	Brake caliper mounting bolt	2	
2	Brake pad holding bolt	2	Refer to "REPLACING THE REAR
3	Brake pad/insulator/pad shim	2/2/2	BRAKE PAD".
4	Pad spring	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.



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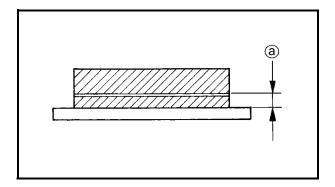
Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. DO NOT:

- disassemble components unless absolutely necessary;
- use solvents on internal brake components;
- use spent brake fluid for cleaning; (use only clean brake fluid)
- allow brake fluid to come in contact with the eyes, as this may cause eye injury;
- splash brake fluid onto painted surfaces or plastic parts, as this may cause damage;
- disconnect any hydraulic connection, as this would require the entire brake system to be disassembled, drained, cleaned, properly filled and bled after reassembly.

REPLACING THE FRONT BRAKE PAD

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It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.



1.Measure:

Brake pad wear limit ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the brake pad as a set.

\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

Brake pad wear limit: 1 mm (0.04 in)

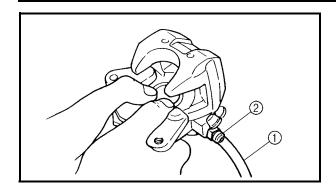
2.Install:

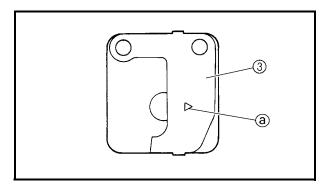
- Brake pads
- Brake pad spring

NOTE:

Always install new brake pads, brake pad shim and brake pad spring as a set.







Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the brake caliper bleed screw ②. Put the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the brake caliper bleed screw and, using a finger, push the caliper piston into the brake caliper.
- Tighten the brake caliper bleed screw.



Brake caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m • kg, 4.3 ft • lb)

- Install new brake pads, new pad shims ③ and a new brake pad spring.
- Install the retaining bolts and brake caliper.

NOTE:

The arrow mark ⓐ on the pad shim must point in the direction of the disc rotation.



Brake pad holding bolt: 18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb) Brake caliper mounting bolt: 30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

3.Check:

 Brake fluid level
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" in CHAPTER 3.

4.Check:

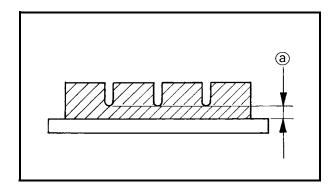
Brake lever operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the front brake system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 3.

REPLACING THE REAR BRAKE PAD

	_	_	_	
N	റ	т	F	

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.

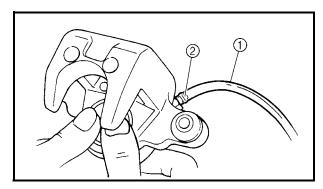


1.Measure:

Brake pad wear limit ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the brake pad as a set.



Brake pad wear limit: 1 mm (0.04 in)



2.Install:

- Brake pads
- Brake pad spring

NOTE:

Always install new brake pads, brake pad shims, insulator and brake pad spring as a set.

Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the brake caliper bleed screw ②. Put the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the brake caliper bleed screw and, using a finger, push the caliper piston into the brake caliper.
- Tighten the brake caliper bleed screw.



Brake caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m • kg, 4.3 ft • lb)

- Install new brake pads, new insulator, new pad shims and a new brake pad spring.
- Install the holding bolts and brake caliper.



Brake pad holding bolt: 18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb) Brake caliper mounting bolt: 30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

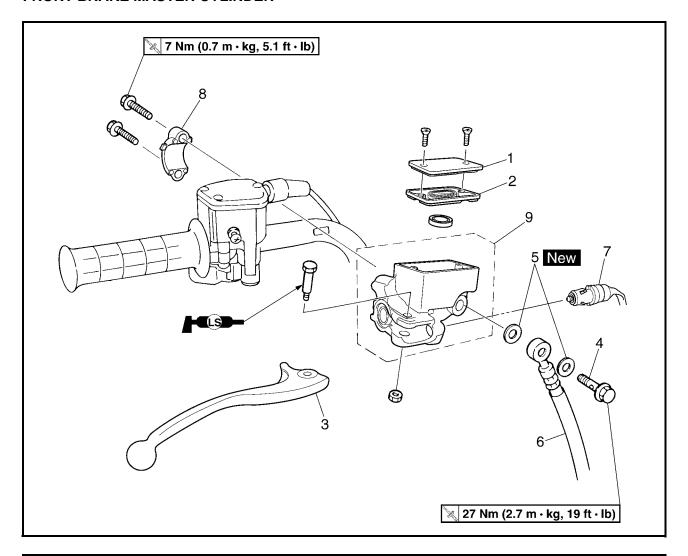


- 3.Check:
- Brake fluid level
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" in CHAPTER 3.
- 4.Check:
- Brake lever or brake pedal operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the rear brake system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 3.

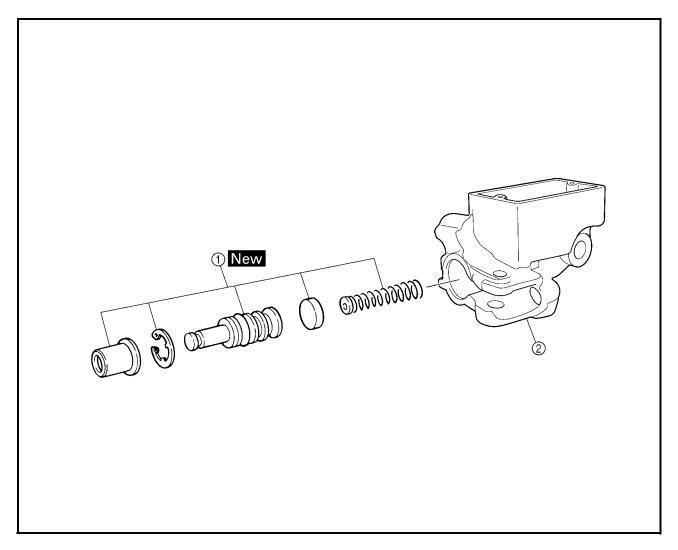


FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front brake master cylinder		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Brake fluid		Drain.
	On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch		Refer to "HANDLEBAR".
1	Brake fluid reservoir cap	1	
2	Brake fluid reservoir diaphragm	1	
3	Brake lever	1	
4	Union bolt	1	
5	Copper washer	2	
6	Brake hose	1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE FRONT
7	Front brake light switch	1	BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER".
8	Brake master cylinder bracket	1	
9	Brake master cylinder	1	Ц
	Not For	D-	For installation, reverse the removal procedure.
	NOL FOR	Re	sale

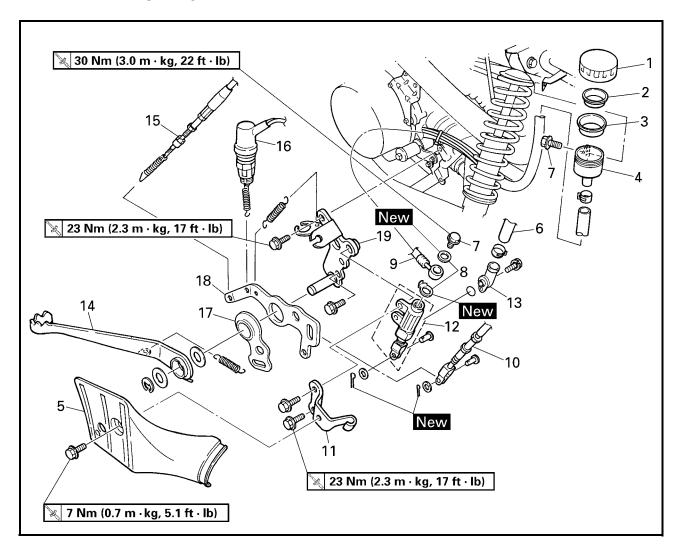
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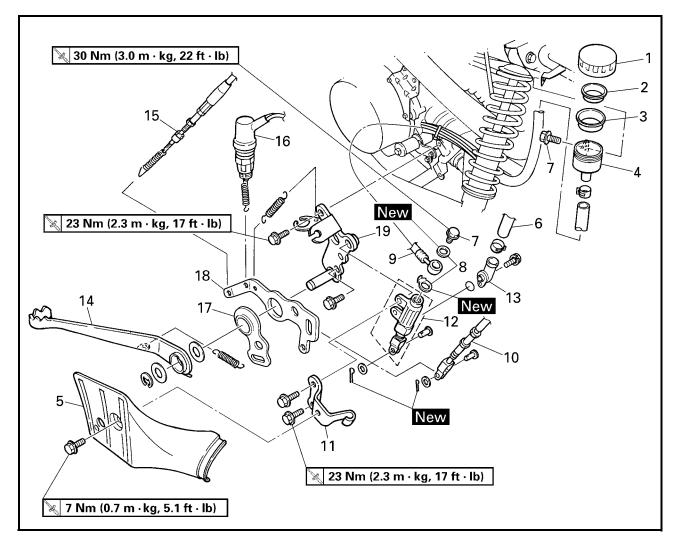
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the front brake master cylinder		Remove the parts in the order below.
1 2	Brake master cylinder kit Brake master cylinder	1 1	Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER".
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.



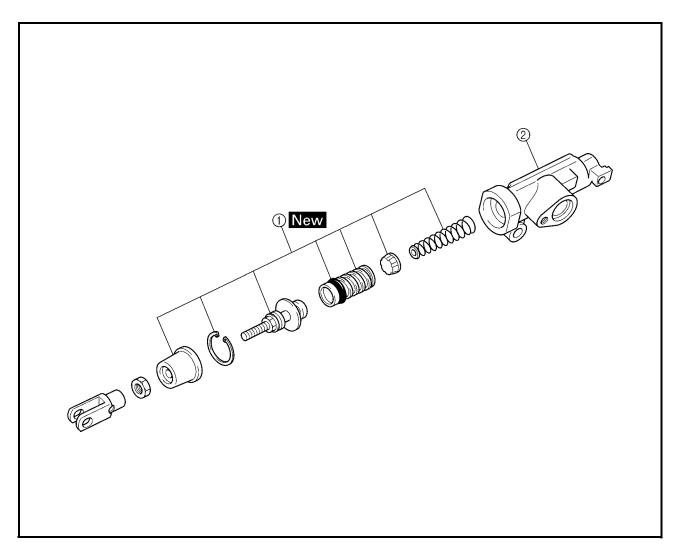
REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear brake master cylinder		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Front fender		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Brake fluid		Drain.
1	Brake fluid reservoir cap	1	
2	Brake fluid reservoir diaphragm holder	1	
3	Brake fluid reservoir diaphragm	1	
4	Brake fluid reservoir	1	
5	Brake master cylinder cover	1	
6	Brake fluid reservoir hose	1	
7	Union bolt	1	
8	Copper washer	2	Refer to "INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER".
9	Brake hose	1	BRAKE WASTER OTEINDER .

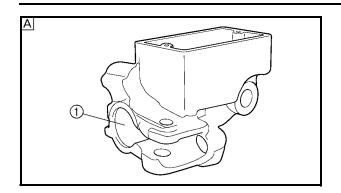


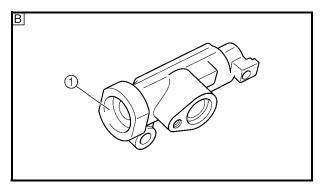
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
10	Brake cable	1	Disconnect.
11	Bracket	1	
12	Brake master cylinder	1	
13	Hose joint	1	
14	Brake pedal	1	
15	Select lever control cable	1	Disconnect.
16	Rear brake light switch	1	
17	Bracket	1	
18	Bracket	1	
19	Brake master cylinder bracket	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.
			procedure.



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the rear brake master cylinder		Remove the parts in the order below.
1 2	Brake master cylinder kit Brake master cylinder	1 1	Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER".
	·		For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.

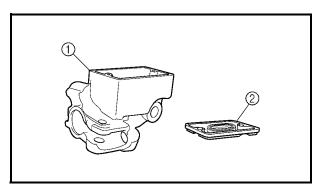






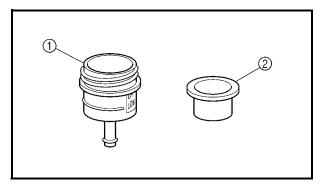
CHECKING THE MASTER CYLINDER

- 1.Check:
- Brake master cylinder ① Wear/scratches → Replace the brake master cylinder assembly.
- Brake master cylinder body Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.
- Brake fluid delivery passage (brake master cylinder body) Blockage → Blow out with compressed air.
- **B** Rear



2.Check:

- Front brake master cylinder reservoir ①
- Front brake master cylinder reservoir diaphragm 2 Cracks/damage → Replace.



3.Check:

- Rear brake fluid reservoir (1)
- Rear brake fluid reservoir diaphragm ② Cracks/damage → Replace.



EB702060

ASSEMBLING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

A WARNING

 All internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with new brake fluid only before installation.



Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

 Whenever a master cylinder is disassembled, replace the piston seals and dust seals.

EB702060

ASSEMBLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

▲ WARNING

 All internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with new brake fluid only before installation.



Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

 Whenever a master cylinder is disassembled, replace the piston seals and dust seals.

1.Install:

- Brake master cylinder kit
- Nut (1)
- Joint ②

NOTE:

Turn the adjusting bolt ③ until the clearance ⓐ is within the specified limits when install the joint ②.



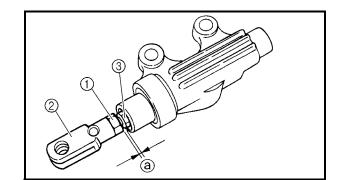
Clearance @:

4 ~ 6 mm (0.16 ~ 0.24 in)

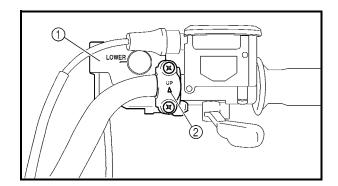
- 2.Tighten:
- Nut 1

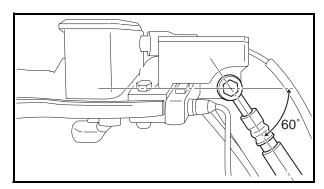
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INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

1.Install:

- Brake master cylinder ①
- Brake master cylinder bracket ②

7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)

NOTE:

The "UP" mark on the brake master cylinder bracket ② should face up.

2.Install:

- Copper washers New
- Brake hose
- Union bolt

27 Nm (2.7 m • kg, 19 ft • lb)

NOTE:

- Tighten the union bolt while holding the brake hose as shown.
- Turn the handlebar to the left and to the right to check that the brake hose does not touch other parts (throttle cable, wire harness, leads, etc.). Correct if necessary.

▲ WARNING

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe machine operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" in CHAPTER 2.

3.Fill:

Brake fluid reservoir

	9
--	---

Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled brake fluid immediately.

WARNING

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: other brake fluids may deteriorate the rubber seals, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid: mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor brake performance.



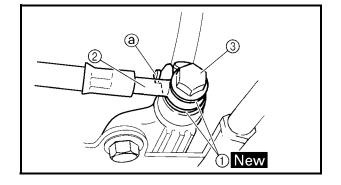
 Be careful that water does not enter the brake master cylinder when refilling.
 Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and may result in vapor lock.

4.Air bleed:

 Brake system
 Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 3.

5.Check:

Brake fluid level
 Brake fluid level is under the "LOWER" level
 line → Fill up.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID
 LEVEL" in CHAPTER 3.



INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

1.Install:

- Copper washers ① New
- Brake hose ②

CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose onto the brake master cylinder, make sure the brake pipe touches the projection ⓐ as shown.

A WARNING

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe machine operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" in CHAPTER 2.



2.Fill:

Brake fluid reservoir



Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled brake fluid immediately.

A WARNING

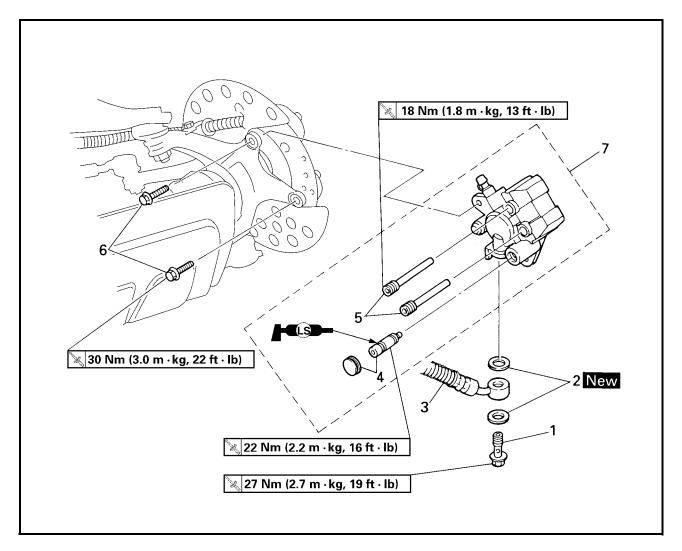
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- Be careful that water does not enter the brake master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and may result in vapor lock.
- 3.Air bleed:
- Brake system
 Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 3.
- 4.Check:
- Brake fluid level

Brake fluid level is under the "LOWER" level line \rightarrow Fill up.

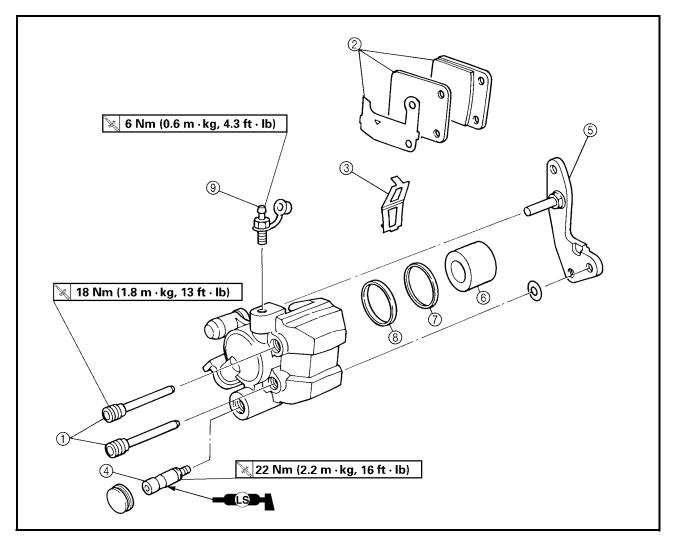
Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" in CHAPTER 3.



FRONT BRAKE CALIPER



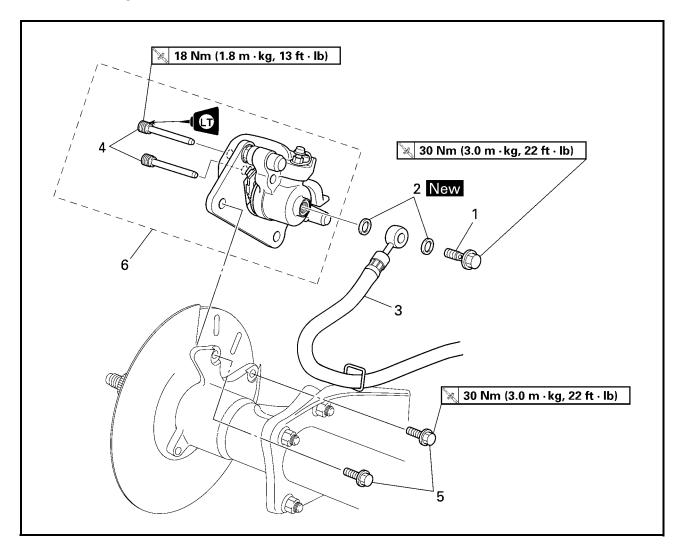
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removing the front brake caliper		Remove the parts in the order below.	
	Brake fluid		Drain.	
	Front wheel		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS"	
1	Union bolt	1	٦	
2	Copper washer	2		
3	Brake hose	1	Disconnect.	Refer to "INSTALLING
4	Cap/retaining bolt	1/1	Loosen.	-THE FRONT BRAKE
5	Brake pad holding bolt	2	Loosen.	CALIPER".
6	Brake caliper mounting bolt	2		
7	Brake caliper assembly	1	-	J
			For installation, reverse the removal	
			procedure.	



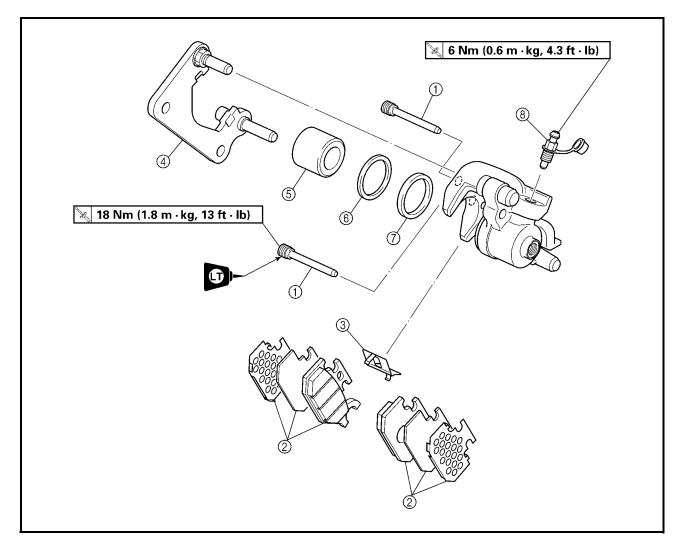
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the front brake caliper		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Brake pad holding bolt	2	
2	Brake pad/pad shim	2/1	
3	Pad spring	1	
4	Retaining bolt	1	
(5)	Caliper bracket	1	
6	Brake caliper piston	1	Refer to "DISASSEMBLING/
7	Dust seal	1	ASSEMBLING THE FRONT AND REAR
8	Caliper piston seal	1	│ BRAKE CALIPER".
9	Bleed screw	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.



REAR BRAKE CALIPER

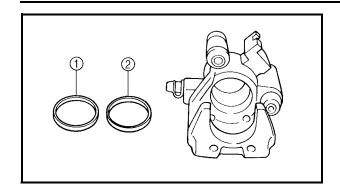


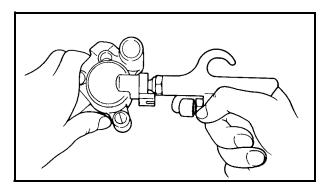
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks		
	Removing the rear brake caliper		Remove the parts in the order below.		
	Brake fluid		Drain.		
	Rear wheel		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS		
1	Union bolt	1	-	٦	
2	Copper washer	2			
3	Brake hose	1	Disconnect.	Refer to "INSTALLING -THE REAR BRAKE	
4	Brake pad holding bolt	2	Loosen.	CALIPER".	
5	Brake caliper mounting bolt	2		OALII LIK :	
6	Brake caliper assembly	1	-	J	
			For installation	n, reverse the removal	
			procedure.		



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the rear brake caliper		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Brake pad holding bolt	2	
2	Brake pad/insulator/pad shim	2/2/2	
3	Pad spring	1	
4	Caliper bracket	1	
(5)	Brake caliper piston	1	Refer to "DISASSEMBLING/
6	Dust seal	1	-ASSEMBLING THE FRONT AND REAR
7	Caliper piston seal	1	BRAKE CALIPER".
8	Bleed screw	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.







DISASSEMBLING THE FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CALIPER

- 1.Remove:
- Brake caliper piston
- Dust seal 1
- Caliper piston seal ②

Removal steps:

 Blow compressed air into the hose joint opening to force out the caliper piston from the brake caliper body.

A WARNING

- Never try to pry out the caliper piston.
- Cover the caliper piston with a rag. Be careful not to get injured when the piston is expelled from the master cylinder.
- Remove the caliper piston seals.

EB702040

CHECKING THE FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CALIPER

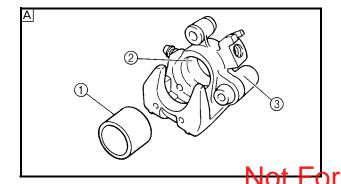
Recommended brake component replacement schedule:			
Brake pads	As required		
Piston seal, dust seal	Every two years		
Brake hoses	Every two years		
Brake fluid	Replace when brakes are disassembled.		

▲ WARNING

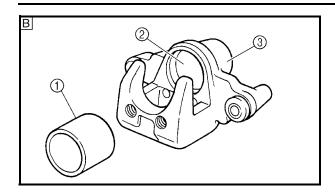
All internal brake components should be cleaned in new brake fluid only. Do not use solvents as they will cause seals to swell and distort.



- Brake caliper piston ①
 Scratches/rust/wear → Replace the brake caliper assembly.
- Brake caliper cylinder ②
 Wear/scratches → Replace the brake caliper assembly.
- Brake caliper body ③
 Cracks/damage → Replace.







 Brake fluid delivery passage (brake caliper body)

Blockage → Blow out with compressed air.

▲ WARNING

Replace the caliper piston seal and dust seal whenever the brake caliper is disassembled.

A Front

B Rear

ASSEMBLING THE FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CALIPER

A WARNING

 All internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with new brake fluid only before installation.



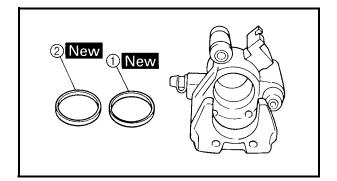
Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

 Replace the caliper piston seal whenever a brake caliper is disassembled.

1.Install:

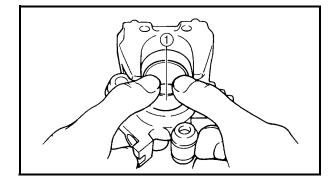
• Caliper piston seal ① New

Dust seal ② New



2.Install:

• Brake caliper piston (1)



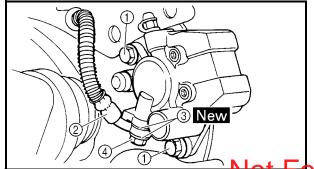
INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPER

1.Install:

- Brake caliper assembly
- Brake caliper mounting bolt ①

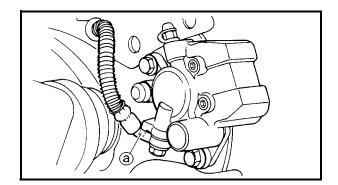
🔀 30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

- Brake hose ②
- Copper washers ③ New
- Union bolt ④
 27 Nm (2.7 m kg, 19 ft lb)



Not For Resale





CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose on the brake caliper, make sure that the brake pipe touches the projection ⓐ on the brake caliper.

A WARNING

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" in CHAPTER 2.

2.Fill:

Brake reservoir



Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled brake fluid immediately.

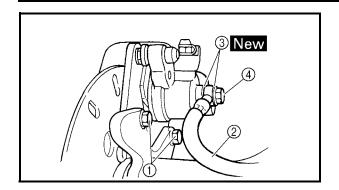
A WARNING

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: other brake fluids may deteriorate the rubber seals, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid: mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor brake performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and may result in vapor lock.
- 3.Air bleed
- Brake system
 Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 3.
- 4.Check:
- Brake fluid level

Brake fluid level is under the "LOWER" level line \rightarrow Fill up.

Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" in CHAPTER 3.





INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER

1.Install:

- Brake caliper assembly
- Brake caliper mounting bolt ①

30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

- Brake hose (2)
- Copper washers ③ New
- Union bolt ④ 🗽 30 Nm (3.0 m kg, 22 ft lb)

2.Fill:

Brake reservoir



Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled brake fluid immediately.

A WARNING

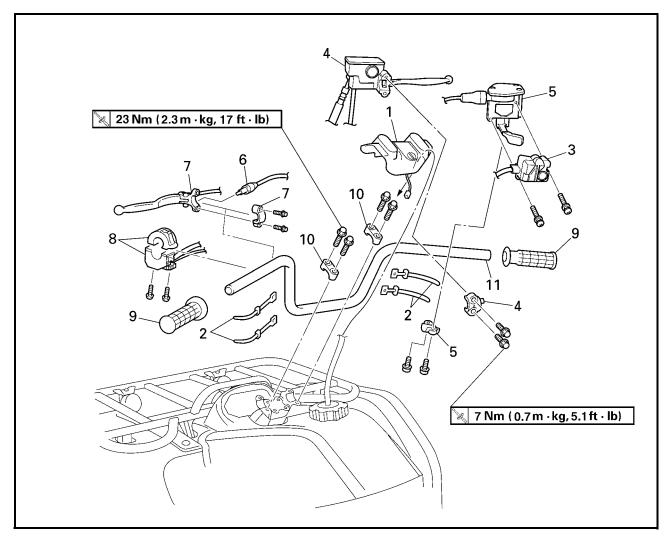
- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: other brake fluids may deteriorate the rubber seals, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid: mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor brake performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and may result in vapor lock.
- 3.Air bleed
- Brake system
 Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" in CHAPTER 3.
- 4.Check:
- Brake fluid level

Brake fluid level is under the "LOWER" level line \rightarrow Fill up.

Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" in CHAPTER 3.



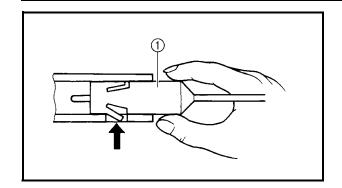
STEERING SYSTEM **HANDLEBAR**



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the handlebar		Remove the parts in the order below.
1	Handlebar cover	1	
2	Band	4	
3	On-command four-wheel drive switch	1	
	and differential gear lock switch		Refer to "INSTALLING THE MASTER
4	Master cylinder assembly/bracket	1/1	CYLINDER ASSEMBLY".
5	Throttle lever assembly/bracket	1/1	Ц
6	Rear brake switch	1	Refer to "REMOVING THE REAR BRAKE SWITCH".
7	Rear brake lever/bracket	1/1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE REAR
8	Handlebar switch	1	BRAKE LEVER".
9	Handlebar grip	2	
10	Handlebar holder	2	Refer to "INSTALLING THE
11	Handlebar	1	HANDLEBAR".
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.
	Not For	Re	lsale

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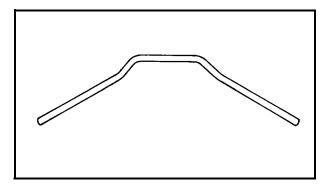


REMOVING THE REAR BRAKE SWITCH

- 1.Remove:
- Rear brake switch (1)

NOTE:

Push the fastener when removing the rear brake switch out of the rear brake lever holder.



CHECKING THE HANDLEBAR

- 1.Check:
- Handlebar Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.

▲ WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent handlebar as this may dangerously weaken the handlebar.

INSTALLING THE HANDLEBAR

- 1.Install:
- Handlebar
- Handlebar holders

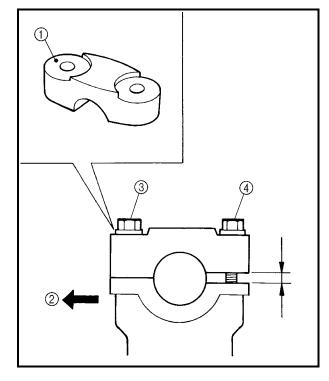
3 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

NOTE:

The upper handlebar holder should be installed with the punched mark 1) forward 2).

9			

First tighten the bolts 3 on the front side of the handlebar holder, and then tighten the bolts 4 on the rear side.



1 (a) or Resale

INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE LEVER

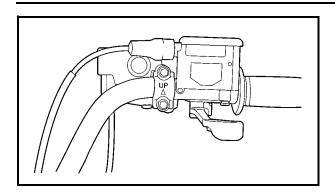
- 1.Install:
- Handlebar switch (1)
- Rear brake lever
- Lever bracket (2)

NOTE: _

Install the lever bracket as shown.

@ 80 mm (3.1 in)





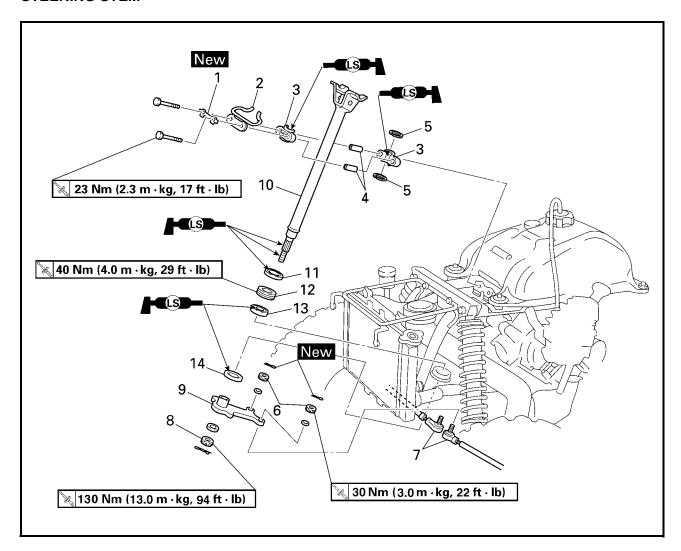
INSTALLING THE MASTER CYLINDER ASSEMBLY

- 1.Install:
- Throttle lever assembly
- Master cylinder assembly

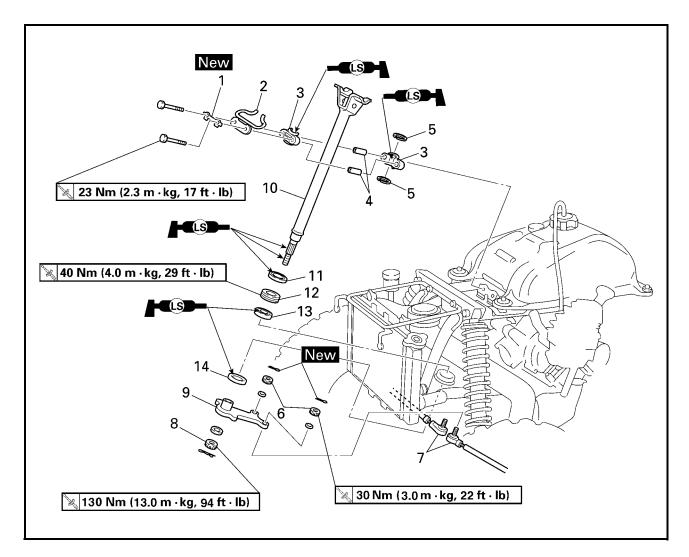
🔌 7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)

The "UP" mark on the master cylinder bracket should face up.





Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the steering stem		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Handlebar		Refer to "HANDLEBAR".
	Seat		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS
	Front fender		「AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
1	Lock washer	1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE CABLE
2	Cable guide	1	└GUIDE".
3	Steering stem bushing	2	
4	Collar	2	
5	Oil seal	2	
6	Tie rod end nut	2	
7	Tie rod	2	Disconnect.
8	Steering stem nut	1	
9	Pitman arm	1	
10	Steering stem	1	



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
11	Oil seal	1	
12	Bearing retainer	1	Refer to "REMOVING/INSTALLING THE BEARING RETAINER".
13	Bearing	1	
14	Oil seal	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

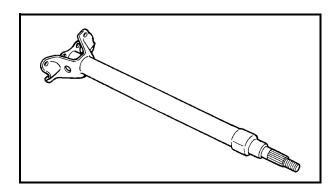


REMOVING THE BEARING RETAINER

- 1.Remove:
- Bearing retainer (steering stem)



Damper rod holder: P/N. YM-01327, 90890-01327

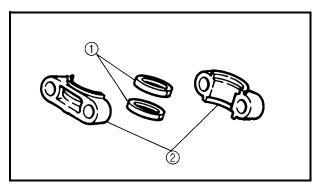


CHECKING THE STEERING STEM

- 1.Check:
- Steering stem
 Bends → Replace.



Do not attempt to straighten a bent stem; this may dangerously weaken the stem.



2.Check:

- Oil seals ①
- Steering stem bushings ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE BEARING RETAINER

1.Install:

Bearing retainer (steering stem)

3 3 40 40 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0



Damper rod holder:

P/N. YM-01327, 90890-01327

INSTALLING THE CABLE GUIDE

1.Install

- Cable guide
- Lock washer New

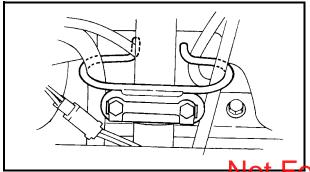
Rolts

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

2.Bend the lock washer tab along a flat side of the bolt.

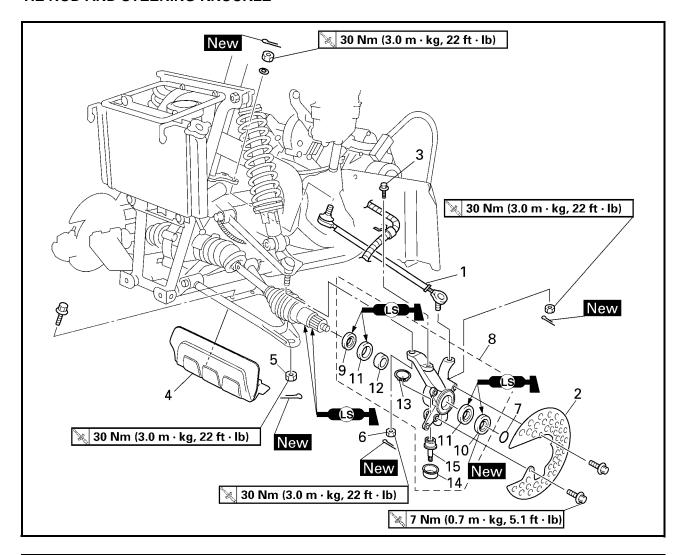
NOTE:

Pass the cables and hoses through the cable guide. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" in CHAPTER 2.

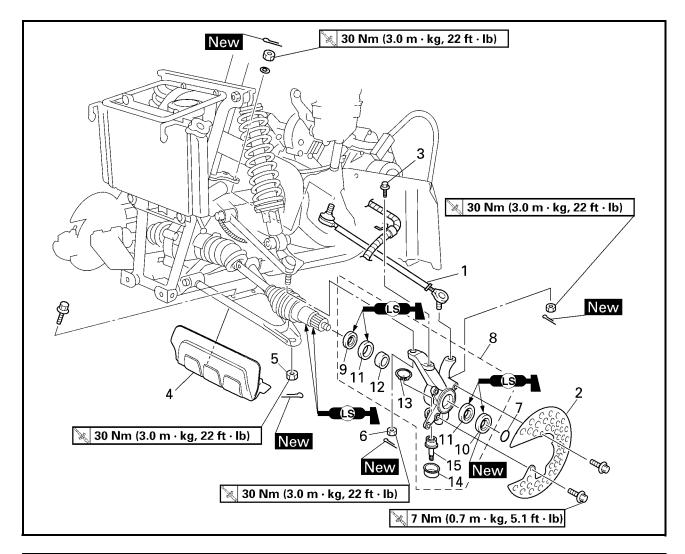




TIE ROD AND STEERING KNUCKLE

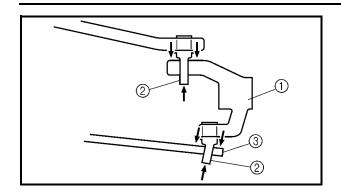


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the tie rod and steering knuckle		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Front fender		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Front wheel/brake disc		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS".
1	Tie rod	1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE TIE ROD".
2	Brake disc guard	1	
3	Brake hose holder bolt	1	
4	Protector	1	
5	Nut	1	
6	Nut	1	
7	O-ring	1	
8	Steering knuckle	1	Refer to "REMOVING THE STEERING KNUCKLE".



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
9	Oil seal	1	
10	Oil seal	1	
11	Bearing	2	
12	Spacer	1	
13	Circlip	1	
14	Rubber boot	1	
15	Ball joint	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.



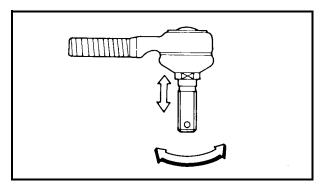


REMOVING THE STEERING KNUCKLE

- 1.Remove:
- Steering knuckle 1

NOTE:

Use a general puller to separate the ball joint 2) and steering knuckle (1) or front lower arm 3.

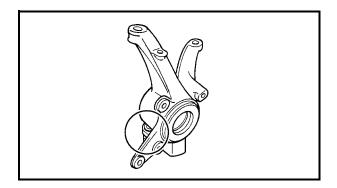


CHECKING THE TIE ROD

- 1.Check:
- Tie rod free play and movement Free play \rightarrow Replace the tie rod end. Turns roughly \rightarrow Replace the tie rod end.
- 2.Check:
- Tie rod
- Bends/damage → Replace.

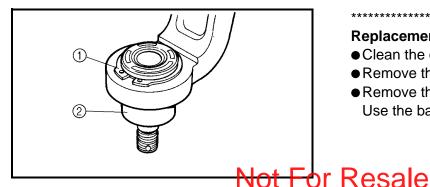
CHECKING THE STEERING KNUCKLE

- 1.Check:
- Steering knuckle Damage/pitting \rightarrow Replace.



2.Check:

 Ball joint Damage/pitting → Replace the ball joint. Free play \rightarrow Replace the ball joint. Turns roughly \rightarrow Replace the ball joint.



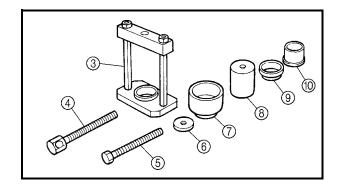
Replacement steps:

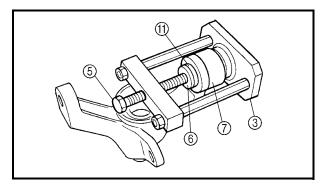
- Clean the outside of the steering knuckle.
- Remove the steering knuckle oil seal.
- Remove the circlip 1 and rubber boot 2. Use the ball joint remover and installer set.

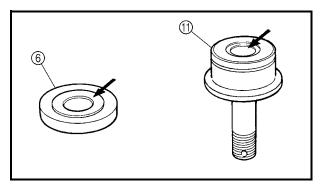
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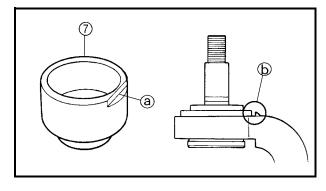


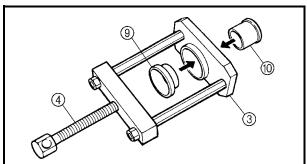
YM-01477











Ball joint remover/installer set: P/N. YM-01474/90890-01474 Ball joint remover/installer attachment set: P/N. YM-01477 YM-01474 (3) Body 90890-01474 YM-01474 (4) Long bolt 90890-01474 (5) Short bolt YM-01477 6 Remover washer YM-01477 7 Remover spacer YM-01477 (8) Installer attachment YM-01477 (9) Installer spacer YM-01477

●Install the body ③, short bolt ⑤, remover washer ⑥ and remover spacer ⑦ onto ball joint.

Installer guide

NOTE:

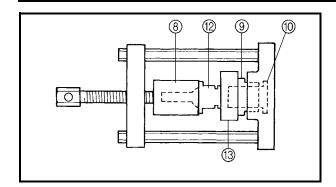
- Remover washer ⑥ must be aligned with the projection on the head of the ball joint.
- Surface (a) of the remover spacer (7) must be aligned with surface (b) of the steering knuckle.
- Hold the body ③ in place while turning in the short bolt ⑤ to remove the ball joint ⑪ from the steering knuckle.
- Remove the ball joint remover/installer.

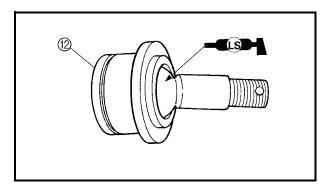
◆Install the long bolt ④, installer spacer ⑨ and installer guide ⑩ onto the body ③.

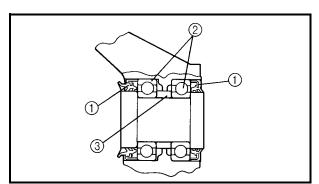
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 Attach the assembled ball joint remover/ installer, new ball joint ② and installer attachment ⑧ to the steering knuckle ③.

NOTE:

Do not tap or damage the top of the ball joint.

- Hold the body ③ in place while turning in the long bolt ④ to install the new ball joint ⑫ into the steering knuckle ⑤.
- Remove the ball joint remover/installer.
- ◆Apply lithium-soap base grease to the new ball joint ②.
- Install a new rubber boot and new circlip.

NOTE:

Always use a new ball joint set.

Install a steering knuckle oil seal.

3.Check:

- Front wheel bearings
 Bearings allow play in the wheel hubs or the wheel turns roughly → Replace.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bullet & \mbox{Oil seals} \\ \mbox{Damage} & \rightarrow \mbox{Replace}. \\ \end{tabular}$

Replacement steps:

- Clean the outside of the steering knuckle.
- Remove the oil seals (1).
- Drive out the bearings ②.

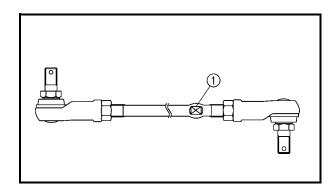
▲ WARNING

Eye protection is recommended when using striking tools.

- Remove the spacer ③.
- Apply lithium base grease to the bearings and oil seals.
- Install the spacer to the steering knuckle.

• Install the new bearings.

NOTE: Install the outside bearing first.
CAUTION:
Do not strike the center race or balls of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.
● Install a new oil seal.
NOTE:
When installing the oil seals, the "seal side" of the oil seal faces out.



INSTALLING THE TIE ROD

1.Install:

• Tie rods (left and right)

30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

NOTE:

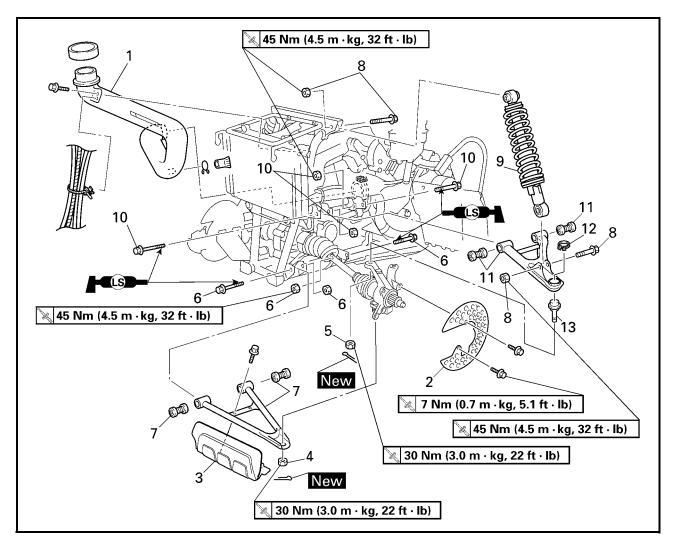
The tie rod which must be installed on the out side has grooves ①.

2.Adjust:

 Toe-in Refer to "ADJUSTING THE TOE-IN" in CHAPTER 3.

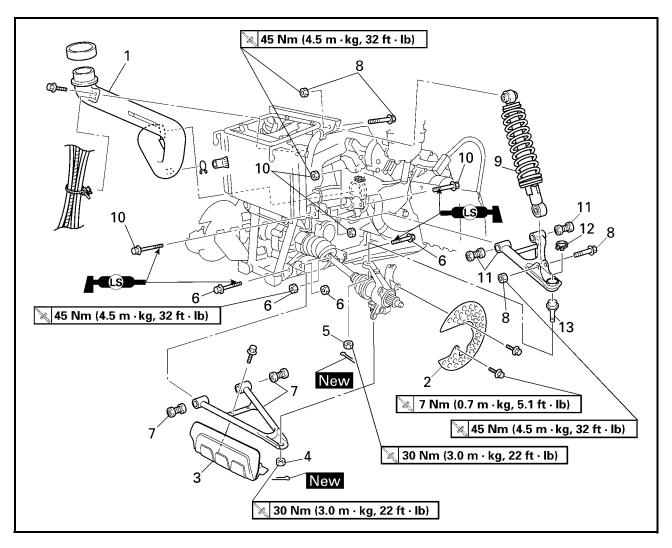


FRONT ARMS AND FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER



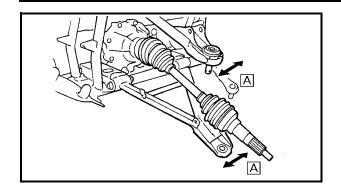
Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front arms and front shock absorber		Remove the parts in the order below.
	Engine skid plate		Refer to "SEAT, CARRIERS, FENDERS AND FUEL TANK" in CHAPTER 3.
	Front fender Front wheel/brake disc		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS".
1	Air duct	1	
2	Brake disc guard	1	
3	Protector	1	

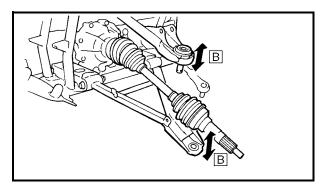




Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
4	Nut	1	7
5	Nut	1	
6	Bolt/nut	2/2	Refer to "REMOVING THE FRONT
7	Front lower arm/bushing	1/2	ARMS" and "INSTALLING THE FRONT
8	Nut/bolt	2/2	ARMS AND FRONT SHOCK
9	Front shock absorber	1	ABSORBER".
10	Bolt/nut	2/2	
11	Front upper arm/bushing	1/2	$oxed{\sqcup}$
12	Circlip	1	
13	Ball joint	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.







REMOVING THE FRONT ARMS

1.Check:

Front arm free play

Checking steps:

● Check the front arm side play A by moving it from side to side.

If side play is noticeable, check the bushings.

● Check the front arm vertical movement B by moving it up and down.

If the vertical movement is tight or rough, or if there is binding, check the bushings.

2.Remove:

Front arms

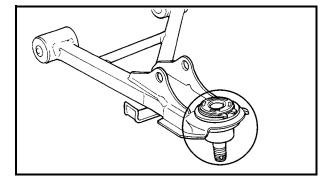
CHECKING THE FRONT ARM

1.Check:

 Front arms Bends/damage \rightarrow Replace.

2.Check:

 Bushings Wear/damage → Replace.

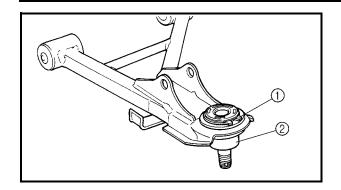


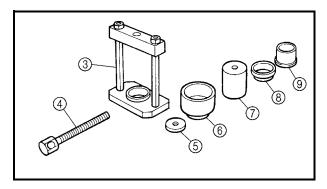
3.Check:

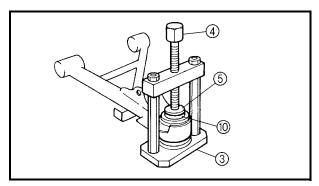
 Ball joint Damage/pitting → Replace the ball joint. Free play \rightarrow Replace the ball joint. Turns roughly \rightarrow Replace the ball joint.

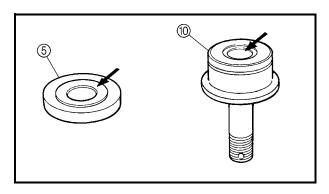


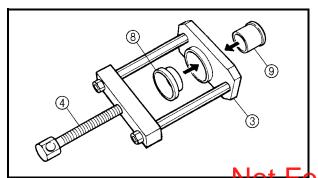
YM-01477











Replacement steps:

- Clean the outside of the front lower arm.
- Remove the circlip ① and rubber boot ②.
 Use the ball joint remover and installer set.

Ball joint remover/installer set: P/N. YM-01474/90890-01474 Ball joint remover/installer attachment set: P/N. YM-01477		
3	Body	YM-01474 90890-01474
4	Long bolt	YM-01474 90890-01474
(5)	Remover washer	YM-01477
6	Remover spacer	YM-01477
7	Installer attachment	YM-01477
8	Installer spacer	YM-01477

 Install the body ③, long bolt ④, remover washer ⑤ and remover spacer ⑥ onto ball joint.

Installer guide

NOTE:

Remover washer ⑤ must be aligned with the projection on the head of the ball joint.

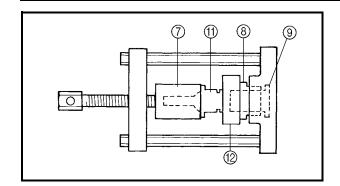
- Hold the body ③ in place while turning in the long bolt ④ to remove the ball joint ⑩ from the front lower arm.
- Remove the ball joint remover/installer.

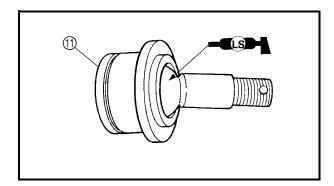
• Install the long bolt ④, installer spacer ⑧ and installer guide ⑨ onto the body ③.

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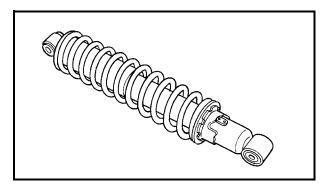
Attach the assembled ball joint remover/ installer, new ball joint (1) and installer attachment (7) to the front lower arm (2).

NOTE:	
Do not t	on or damage the top of the hall joint

Do not tap or damage the top of the ball joint.

- Hold the body ③ in place while turning in the long bolt 4 to install the new ball joint 11 into the front lower arm (2).
- Remove the ball joint remover/installer.
- Apply lithium-soap base grease to the new ball joint 11).
- Install a new rubber boot and new circlip.

NOTE:
Always use a new ball joint set.



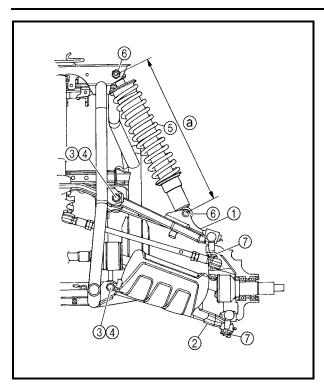
CHECKING THE FRONT SHOCK **ABSORBER**

- 1.Check:
- Shock absorber rod Bends/damage → Replace the shock absorber assembly.
- Shock absorber assembly Oil leaks -> Replace the shock absorber assembly.
- Spring

Fatigue → Replace the shock absorber assembly.

Move the spring up and down.





INSTALLING THE FRONT ARMS AND FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

1.Install:

- Front arms
- Front shock absorber

Installation steps:

 Install the front upper arm ① and front lower arm ②.

NOTE:

- Lubricate the bolts ③ with lithium-soap-based grease.
- Be sure to position the bolts ③ so that the bolt head faces outward.
- Temporarily tighten the nuts 4.
- Install the front shock absorber ⑤.



Nut 6:

45 Nm (4.5 m • kg, 32 ft • lb)

Install the ball joints.



Nut ⑦:

30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

- Install the new cotter pins.
- Tighten the nuts 4.

NOTE:

Before tightening the nuts ④, adjust the length ⓐ to 310 mm (12.2 in).

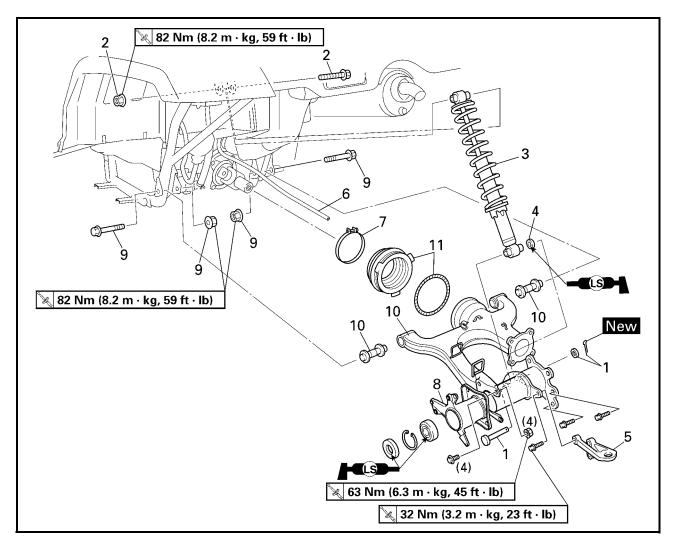


Nut (4):

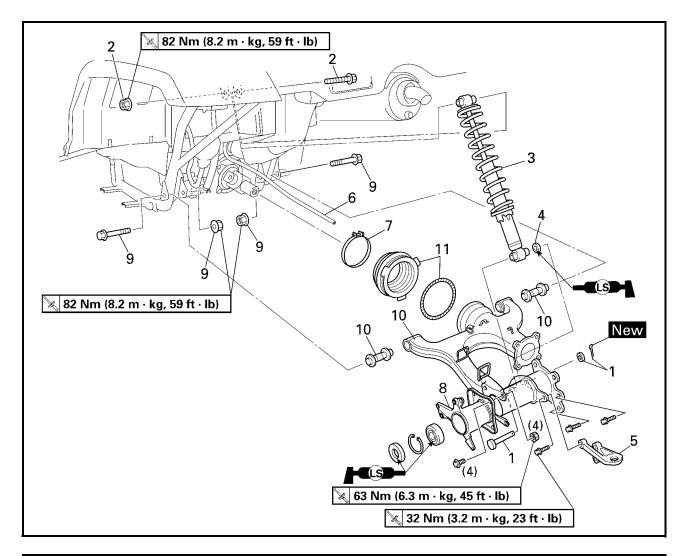
45 Nm (4.5 m • kg, 32 ft • lb)



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM

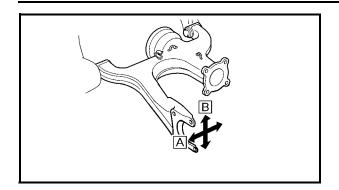


Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear shock absorber		Remove the parts in the order below.
	and swingarm		
	Rear wheel hubs/brake disc		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR WHEELS".
	Rear brake caliper/brake hose		Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKES".
	Final drive gear assembly		Refer to "REAR AXLE/FINAL DRIVE GEAR AND DRIVE SHAFT" in CHAPTER 7.
1	Clip/washer/pin	1/1/1	
2	Nut/bolt	1/1	
3	Rear shock absorber	1	
4	Collar	1	
5	Trailer hitch bracket	1	
6	Final drive gear case breather hose	1	
7	Metal clamp	1	



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
8	Rear axle housing	1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE REAR AXLE HOUSING".
9	Nut/bolt	2/2	Refer to "REMOVING THE
10	Swingarm/bushing	1/2	√SWINGARM".
11	Spring/rubber boot	1/1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.





REMOVING THE SWINGARM

- 1.Check:
- Swingarm free play

Checking steps:

 Check the tightening torque of the nuts (swingarm).



Nut (swingarm): 82 Nm (8.2 m • kg, 59 ft • lb)

◆ Check the swingarm side play A by moving it from side to side.

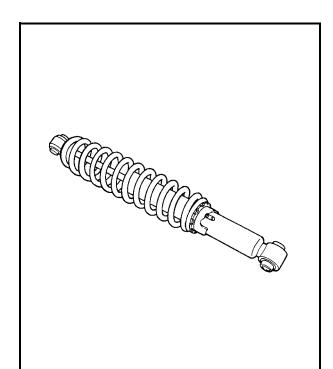
If side play is noticeable, check the bushing and frame pivot.

● Check the swingarm vertical movement B by moving it up and down.

If vertical movement is tight or rough, or if there is binding, check the bushing and frame pivot.

2.Remove:

- Nuts
- Bolts
- Swingarm



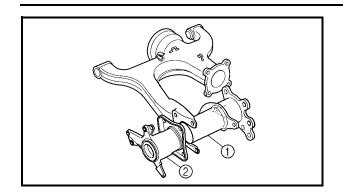
CHECKING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

- 1.Check:
- Shock absorber
 Oil leaks → Replace the shock absorber
- assembly.
 Shock absorber rod
 Bends/damage → Replace the shock absorber assembly.
- Spring

Fatigue \rightarrow Replace the shock absorber assembly.

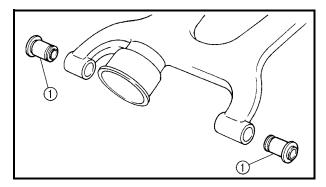
Move the spring up and down.





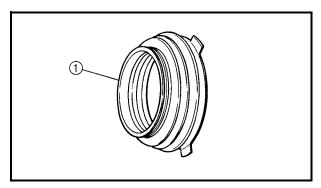
CHECKING THE SWINGARM

- 1.Check:
- Swingarm ①
- Rear axle housing ② Bends/cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.



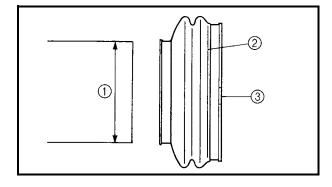
2.Check:

• Bushings 1 Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.



CHECKING THE RUBBER BOOT

- 1.Check:
- Rubber boot 1) Damage \rightarrow Replace.



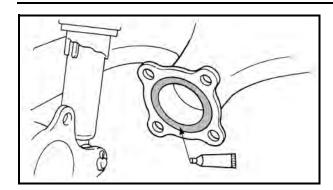
INSTALLING THE RUBBER BOOT

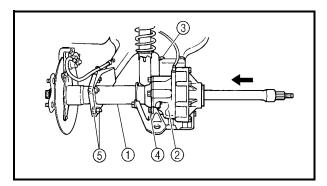
- 1.Apply:
- Adhesive (for rubber) (to the engine 1)
- 2.Install:
- Rubber boot ②

NOTE: .

Be sure to position the rubber boot so that the tang 3 faces towards the left.







INSTALLING THE REAR AXLE HOUSING

1.Install:

- Rear axle housing
- Final gear case assembly
- Rear axle (with dust seal)

Installation steps:

- Install the drive shaft.
 Refer to "REAR AXLE/FINAL DRIVE GEAR AND DRIVE SHAFT" in CHAPTER 7.
- Apply sealant (Quick Gasket®) to the mating surfaces of the swingarm and the final gear case.
- ◆Temporarily install the rear axle housing ① and final gear case assembly ② on the swingarm. The bolts and nuts ③ ~ ⑤ should be temporarily tightened.
- Install the rear axle (with dust seal) 6 from the left side of the machine.
 Refer to "REAR AXLE/FINAL DRIVE GEAR
- Tighten the bolts and nuts ③ ~ ⑤ in the specified order.

AND DRIVE SHAFT" in CHAPTER 7.

- ③ Nut (×4)
- 4 Bolt (×4)
- ⑤ Bolt/nut (×4)



Nut ③:

63 Nm (6.3 m • kg, 45 ft • lb) LOCTITE®

Bolt 4:

63 Nm (6.3 m • kg, 45 ft • lb)

LOCTITE®

Nut (5):

63 Nm (6.3 m • kg, 45 ft • lb)



EB800000

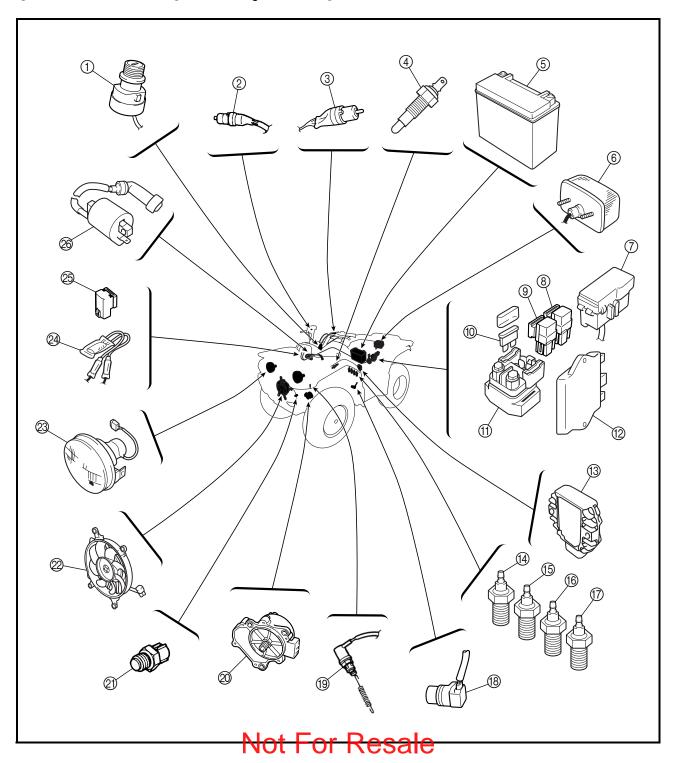
ELECTRICAL

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

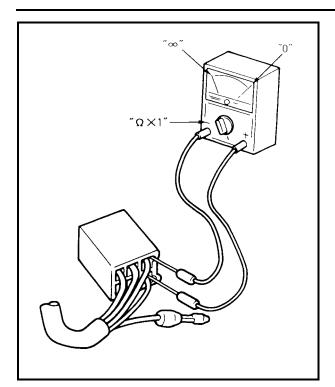
- 1) Main switch
- ② Front brake light switch
- ③ Rear brake switch
- (4) Thermo switch 1
- ⑤ Battery
- ⑥ Tail/brake light
- 7 Fuse box

- 8 Four-wheel drive relay 2
- 9 Four-wheel drive relay 1
- (10) Main fuse
- 11 Starter relay
- 12 CDI unit
- ® Rectifier/regulator
- (4) Reverse switch
- (5) Neutral switch
- 16 High-range switch
- ① Low-range switch
- ® Speed sensor
- 19 Rear brake light switch
- Gear motor
- 2 Thermo switch 2

- 22 Fan
- Headlight
- ② Circuit breaker (fan)
- 25 Four-wheel drive relay 3
- 26 Ignition coil







CHECKING THE SWITCH CHECKING THE SWITCH

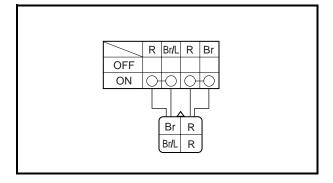
Use a pocket tester to check the terminals for continuity. If the continuity is faulty at any point, replace the switch.



Pocket tester: P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112

NOTE:

- Set the pocket tester to "0" before starting the test.
- The pocket tester should be set to the " $\Omega \times 1$ " range when testing the switch for continuity.
- Turn the switch on and off a few times when checking it.



CHECKING A SWITCH SHOWN IN THE MANUAL

The terminal connections for switches (main switch, handlebar switch, engine stop switch, light switch, etc.) are shown in a chart similar to the one on the left.

This chart shows the switch positions in the column and the switch lead colors in the top row.

For each switch position, "O—O" indicates the terminals with continuity.

The example chart shows that:

There is continuity between red and brown/ blue, and between red and brown when the switch is set to "ON".

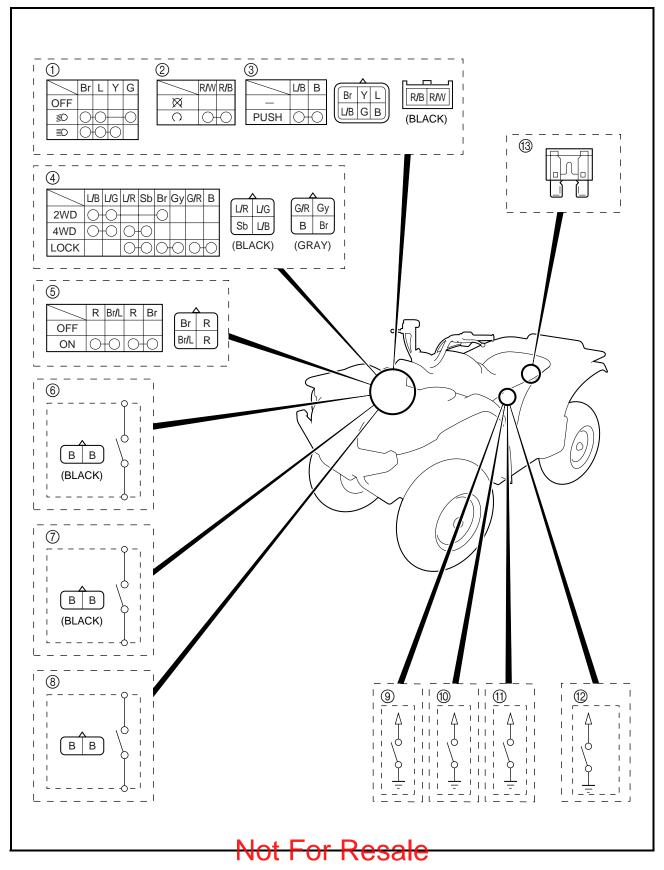
ELEC = -



CHECKING THE SWITCH CONTINUITY

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH" and check for continuity between lead terminals. Poor connection, no continuity \rightarrow Correct or replace.

* The coupler locations are circled.





- 1 Light switch
- 2 Engine stop switch
- ③ Start switch
- 4 On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch
- ⑤ Main switch
- ⑥ Rear brake light switch
- Tront brake light switch
- ® Rear brake switch
- Reverse switch
- Neutral switch
- 11) High-range switch
- 12 Low-range switch
- 13 Fuse

CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS

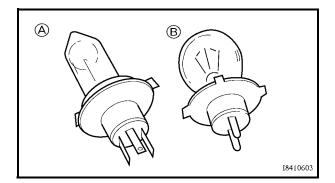


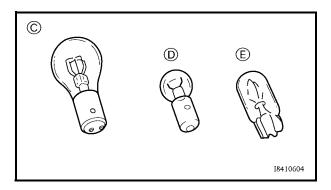
CHECKING THE BULBS AND **BULB SOCKETS**

Check each bulb and bulb socket for damage or wear, proper connections, and also for continuity between the terminals.

Damage/wear → Repair or replace the bulb, bulb socket or both.

Improperly connected → Properly connect. Incorrect continuity reading → Repair or replace the bulb, bulb socket or both.





TYPES OF BULBS

The bulbs used on this machine are shown in the illustration on the left.

- usually use a bulb holder which must be detached before removing the bulb. The majority of these bulbs can be removed from their respective socket by turning them counterclockwise.
- Bulb © is used for turn signal and brake/tail lights and can be removed from the socket pushing and turning the counterclockwise.
- indicator lights and can be removed from their respective socket by carefully pulling them out.

CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULBS

The following procedure applies to all of the bulbs.

- 1.Remove:
- Bulb

CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS

ELEC -

A WARNING

Since the headlight bulb gets extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb until it has cooled down.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulb. Never pull the lead, otherwise it may be pulled out of the terminal in the coupler.
- Avoid touching the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb and the luminous flux will be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

2.Check:

Bulb (for continuity)
 (with the pocket tester)
 No continuity → Replace.

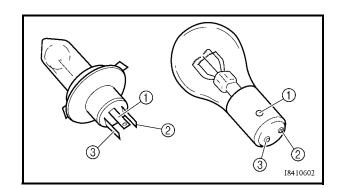


Pocket tester P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112

NOTE:

Before checking for continuity, set the pocket tester to "0" and to the " $\Omega \times$ 1" range.

- a. Connect the tester positive probe to terminal
 - 1) and the tester negative probe to terminal
 - ②, and check the continuity.
- b.Connect the tester positive probe to terminal
 - 1 and the tester negative probe to terminal
 - ③, and check the continuity.
- c.lf either of the readings indicate no continuity, replace the bulb.



CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS



CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULB SOCKETS

The following procedure applies to all of the bulb sockets.

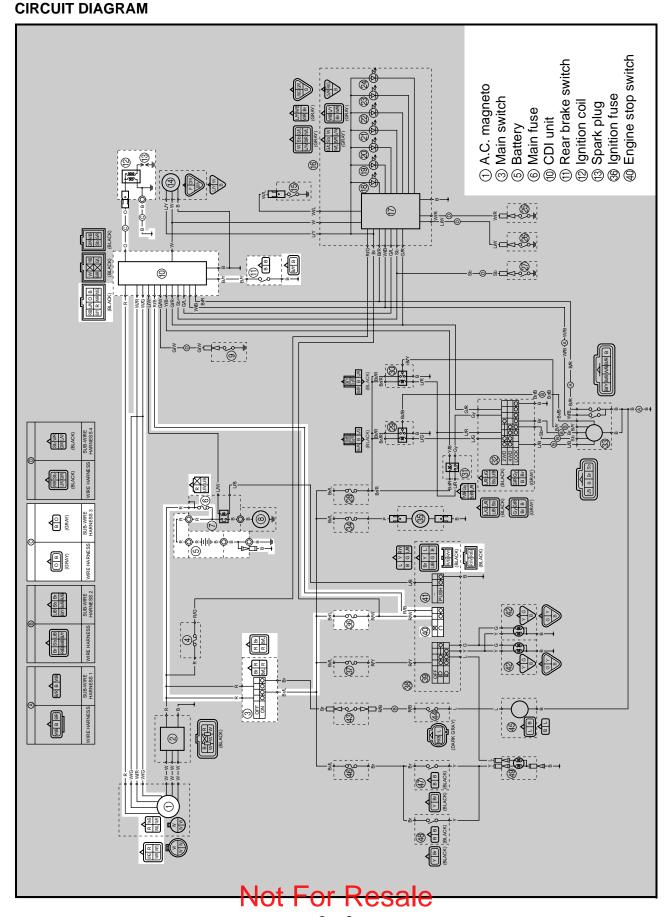
- 1.Check:
- Bulb socket (for continuity) (with the pocket tester)
 No continuity → Replace.



Pocket tester: P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112



IGNITION SYSTEM





EB802010

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE IGNITION SYSTEM FAILS TO OPERATE (NO SPARK OR INTERMITTENT SPARK):

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main, ignition)
- 2.Battery
- 3.Spark plug
- 4. Ignition spark gap
- 5. Spark plug cap resistance
- 6.Ignition coil resistance

- 7.Engine stop switch
- 8.Main switch
- 9. Pickup coil resistance
- Charging/rotor rotation direction detection coil resistance
- 11. Wiring connection (the entire ignition system)

NOTE:

- Remove the following part(s) before troubleshooting:
- 1)Seat
- 2)Fuel tank side panels
- 3)Front carrier
- 4)Front fender
- Use the following special tool(s) for troubleshooting.



Dynamic spark tester: P/N. YM-34487

Ignition checker: P/N. 90890-06754

Pocket tester:

P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112



1.Fuse (main, ignition)

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



CONTINUITY

EB802012

2.Battery

 Check the battery condition.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BATTERY" in CHAPTER 3.

Open-circuit voltage:

12.8 V or more at 20 °C (68 °F)



NO CONTINUITY

Replace the fuse.

INCORRECT



- Clean the battery terminals.
- Recharge or replace the battery.

 $\hat{\Gamma}$

CORRECT

3.Spark plug

- Check the spark plug condition.
- Check the spark plug type.
- Check the spark plug gap.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG" in CHAPTER 3.

Standard spark plug: DR8EA/NGK

Not For Resale

Downloaded from www.Manualslib.com manuwwww.SmallEngineDiscount.com

IGNITION SYSTEM





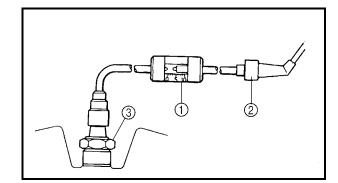
Spark plug gap: 0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024 ~ 0.028 in)



INCORRECT



Repair or replace the spark plug.



MEETS SPECIFICATION



The ignition system is not faulty.

4.Ignition spark gap

- Disconnect the spark plug cap from the spark plug.
- Connect the dynamic spark tester ① as shown.
- ② Spark plug cap
- ③ Spark plug
- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check the ignition spark gap.
- Crank the engine by pushing the starter switch, and increase the spark gap until a misfiring occurs.



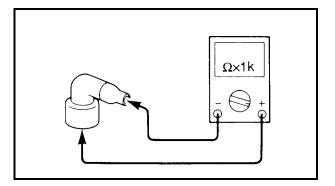
Minimum spark gap: 6.0 mm (0.24 in)



SPECIFICATION OR NO SPARK

5. Spark plug cap resistance

- Remove the spark plug cap.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1k$) to the spark plug cap.



 Check that the spark plug cap has the specified resistance.



Spark plug cap resistance: 10 k Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)



OUT OF SPECIFICATION



Replace the spark plug cap.



6.Ignition coil resistance

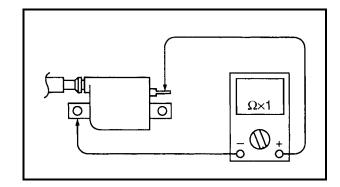
- Disconnect the ignition coil connector from the wire harness.
- \bullet Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the ignition coil.

Tester (+) lead → **Orange lead terminal** Tester (-) lead → Ignition coil base

 Check that the primary coil has the specified resistance.



Primary coil resistance: $0.18 \sim 0.28 \Omega$ at 20 °C (68 °F)



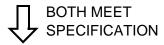
ullet Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1k$) to the ignition coil.

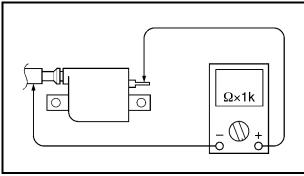
Tester (+) lead → **Orange lead terminal** Tester (-) lead → Spark plug lead

 Check that the secondary coil has the specified resistance.



Secondary coil resistance: 6.32 ~ 9.48 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)





OUT OF SPECIFICATION



Replace the ignition coil.

7. Engine stop switch

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



INCORRECT



Replace the handlebar switch (left).

IGNITION SYSTEM





8.Main switch

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



CORRECT

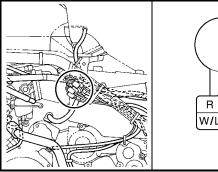
9. Pickup coil resistance

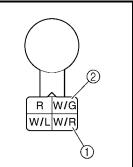
- Disconnect the AC magneto coupler from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester (Ω × 100) to the pickup coil terminal.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow White/Red terminal ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow White/Green terminal ② **INCORRECT**



Replace the main switch.





 Check the pickup coil for the specified resistance.



Pickup coil resistance: 459 ~ 561 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (White/Red – White/Green)



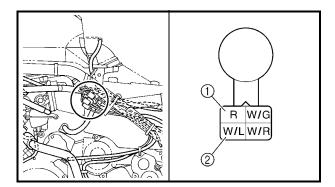
10.Charging/rotor rotation direction detection coil resistance

- Disconnect the AC magneto coupler from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester (Ω × 100) to the charging/rotor rotation direction detection coil terminal.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Red terminal ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow White/Blue terminal ② **OUT OF SPECIFICATION**



Replace the pickup coil/stator assembly.



 Check the charging/rotor rotation direction detection coil for the specified resistance.



Rotor rotation direction sensing coil resistance:

0.085 ~ 0.105 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (Red – White/Blue)

OUT OF SPECIFICATION



Replace the pickup coil/stator assembly.



Not For Resale

IGNITION SYSTEM | ELEC

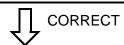




11.Wiring connection

 Check the connections of the entire ignition system.

Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM".



Replace the CDI unit.

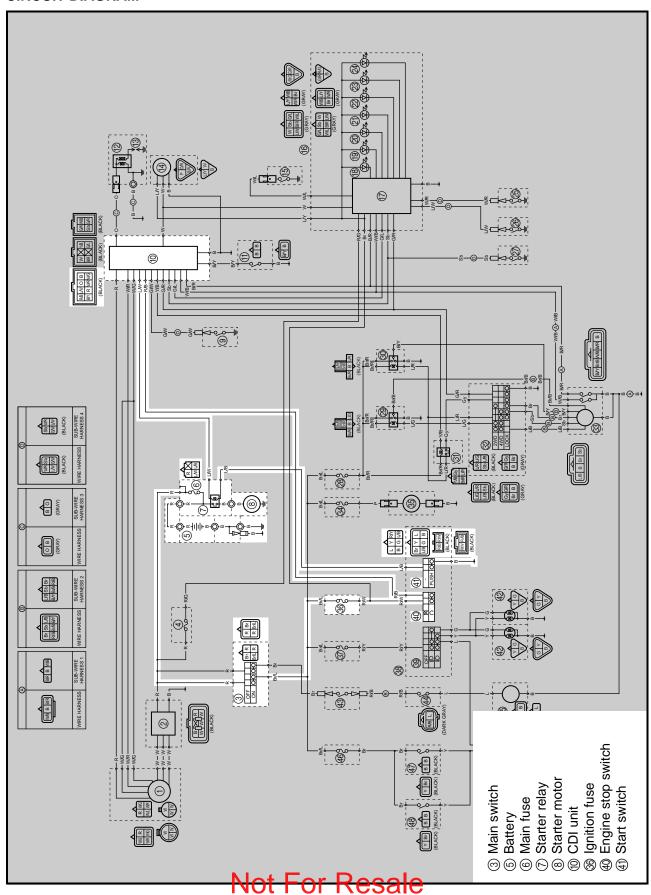
POOR CONNECTION

Properly connect the ignition system.



ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE STARTER MOTOR FAILS TO OPERATE:

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main, ignition)
- 2.Battery
- 3.Starter motor
- 4.Starter relay
- 5.Main switch

- 6. Engine stop switch
- 7.Start switch
- 8. Wiring connection (the entire starting system)

NOTE:

- following before Remove the part(s) troubleshooting:
- 1)Seat
- 2)Fuel tank side panels
- 3)Fuel tank
- 4)Air cleaner case
- 5)Front carrier
- 6)Front fender panel
- Use the following special tool(s) troubleshooting.



Pocket tester: P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112

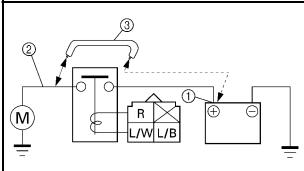
EB802011 NO CONTINUITY 1.Fuse (main, ignition) Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH". CONTINUITY Replace the fuse. EB802012 2.Battery **INCORRECT** Check the battery condition. Refer to "CHECKING THE BATTERY" in CHAPTER 3. • Clean the battery terminals. Open-circuit voltage: Recharge or replace the battery. 12.8 V or more at 20 °C (68 °F) **CORRECT**





3.Starter motor

- Connect the battery positive terminal (1) and starter motor cable ② using a jumper lead (3) *.
- Check the operation of the starter motor.





4.Starter relay

- Remove the starter relay from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) and the battery (12 V) to the starter relay terminals.

*

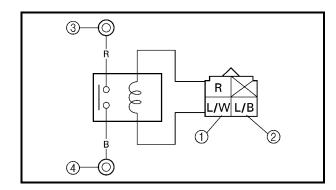
A WARNING

- A wire that is used as a jumper lead must have the equivalent capacity or more as that of the battery lead, otherwise the jumper lead may burn.
- This check is likely to produce sparks, so be sure that no flammable gas or fluid is in the vicinity.

DOES NOT TURN



Repair or replace the starter motor.



Battery (+) terminal \rightarrow

Blue/White terminal (1)

Battery (–) terminal \rightarrow

Blue/Black terminal ②

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Red terminal \bigcirc

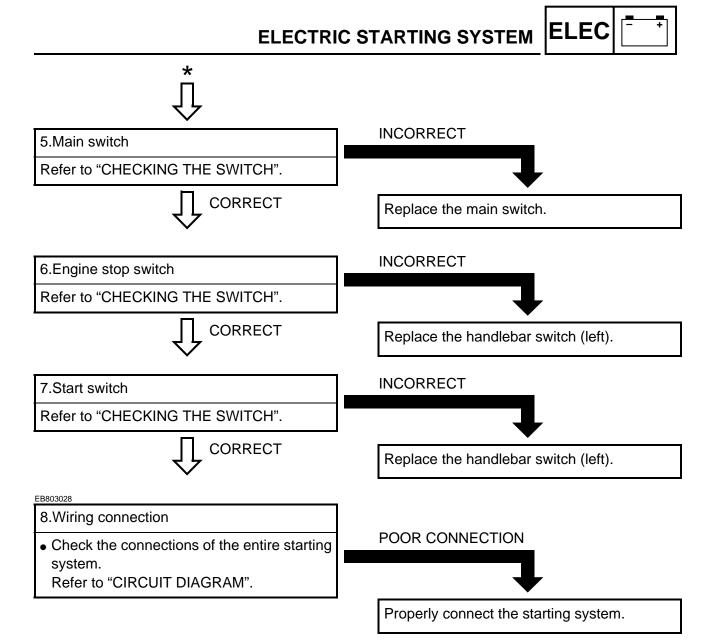
Tester (–) lead \rightarrow **Black terminal** (4)

Check the starter relay for continuity.



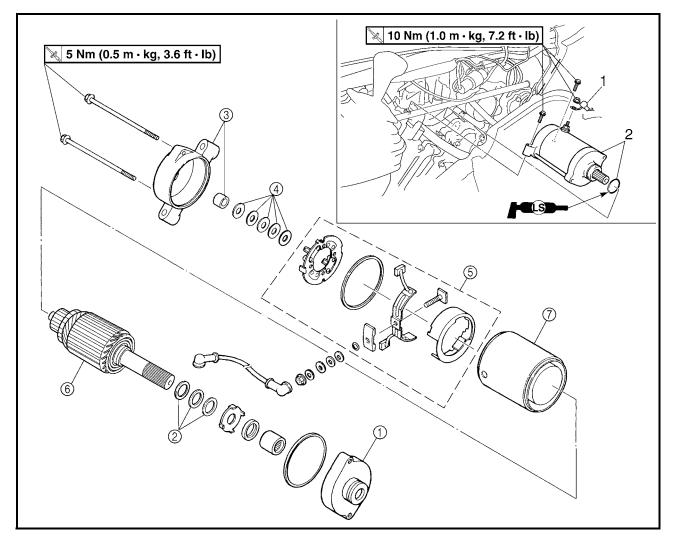
NO CONTINUITY

Replace the starter relay.



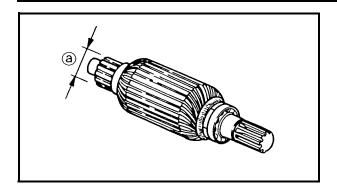


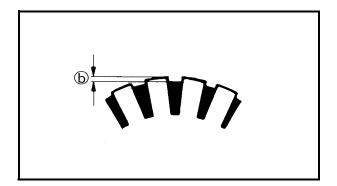
STARTER MOTOR



Order	Job name/Part name	Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removing the starter motor		Remove the parts in the order below.	
1	Starter motor lead	1		
2	Starter motor/O-ring	1/1		
	Disassembling the starter motor		Remove the parts in the order below.	
1	Bracket 1	1	n	
2	Washer kit			
3	Bracket 2/bushing	1	Data ta "A COEMBLING THE OTABLED	
4	Shims		Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE STARTER MOTOR".	
(5)	Brush holder set	1		
6	Armature coil	1		
7	Yoke	1		
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure.	







CHECKING THE STARTER MOTOR

- 1.Check:
- Commutator
 Dirty → Clean it with #600 grit sandpaper.
- 2.Measure:
- Commutator diameter ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the starter motor.



Outside diameter: 28 mm (1.10 in) <Wear limit:> 27 mm (1.06 in)

3.Measure:

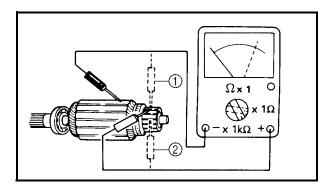
 Mica undercut (b)
 Out of specification → Scrape the mica using a hacksaw blade.



Mica undercut: 0.7 mm (0.03 in)

NOTE:

Scrape the mica to the proper measurement using a hacksaw blade which has been grounded to fit the commutator.



4.Check:

Armature coil (insulation/continuity)
 Defects → Replace the starter motor.

Checking steps:

- Connect the pocket tester for the continuity check (1) and insulation check (2).
- Measure the armature resistances.



Armature coil resistance: Continuity check (1):

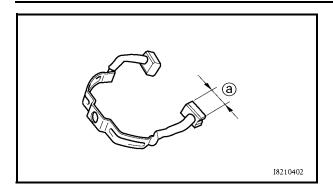
0.025 ~ 0.035 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

Insulation check 2:

More than 1 M Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

• If the resistance is incorrect, replace the starter motor.





5.Measure:

Brush length (a) (each)
 Out of specification → Replace the brush holder set.



Brush length: 12.5 mm (0.49 in) <Wear limit:> 5 mm (0.20 in)

6.Measure:

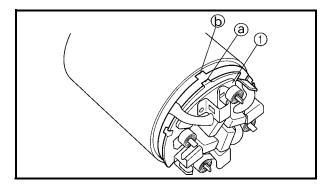
Brush spring force
 Fatigue/out of specification → Replace the brush holder set.



Brush spring force: 7.65 ~ 10.01 Nm (780 ~ 1,020 g, 27.54 ~ 36.03 oz)

7.Check:

O-rings
 Wear/damage → Replace.



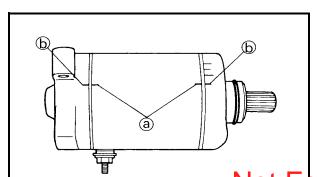
ASSEMBLING THE STARTER MOTOR

1.Install:

• Brush holder set (1)

NOTE: .

Align the projection ⓐ on the brush seat 1 with the slot ⓑ on the yoke.



2.Install:

- Yoke
- Brackets

NOTE:

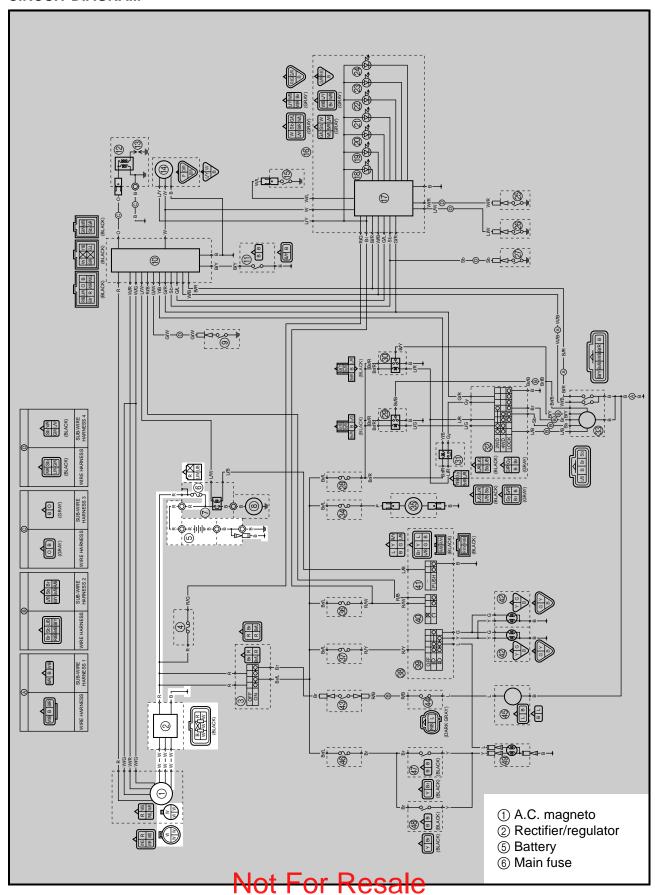
Align the match marks ⓐ on the yoke with the match marks ⓑ on the brackets.

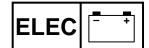


EB804000

CHARGING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





EB804010

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE BATTERY IS NOT CHARGED:

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main)
- 2.Battery
- 3. Charging voltage

- 4. Charging coil resistance
- 5. Wiring connections (the entire charging system)

NOTE:

- Remove the following part(s) before troubleshooting:
- 1)Seat
- 2)Fuel tank side panels
- Use the following special tool(s) for troubleshooting.



Inductive tachometer: P/N. YU-8036-A Engine tachometer: P/N. 90890-03113 Pocket tester:

P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112

EB802011

1.Fuse (main)

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



CONTINUITY

EB802012

2.Battery

 Check the battery condition.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BATTERY" in CHAPTER 3.

Open-circuit voltage:

12.8 V or more at 20 °C (68 °F)



EB804011

3. Charging voltage

- Connect the engine tachometer to the spark plug lead #1.
- Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the battery.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Battery (+) terminal Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Battery (-) terminal

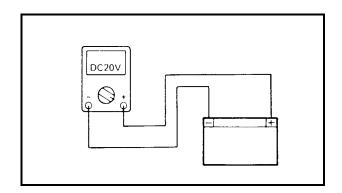
NO CONTINUITY

Replace the fuse.

INCORRECT



• Recharge or replace the battery.



CHARGING SYSTEM



• Start the engine and accelerate to about 3,000 r/min.



Charging voltage: 14 V at 3,000 r/min

NOTE:

Use a fully charged battery.



OUT OF SPECIFICATION

EB804012

- 4. Charging coil resistance
- Disconnect the AC magneto coupler from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the charging coils.

Tester (+) lead → White terminal ①

Tester (–) lead \rightarrow White terminal \bigcirc

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow White terminal ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow White terminal ③

Measure the stator coil resistance.



Charging coil resistance: 0.41 ~ 0.61 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)



MEETS SPECIFICATION

EB804015

5. Wiring connections

 Check the connections of the entire charging system.

Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM".



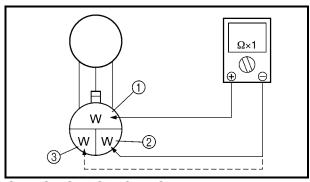
CORRECT

Replace the rectifier/regulator.

MEETS SPECIFICATION



The charging circuit is not faulty.



OUT OF SPECIFICATION



Replace the pickup coil/stator assembly.

POOR CONNECTION

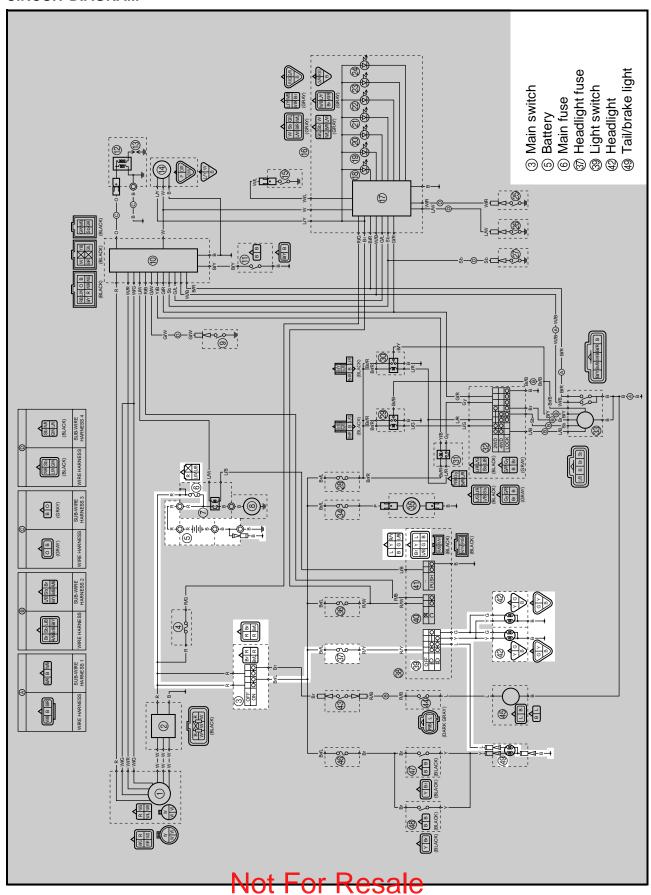


Properly connect the charging system.



LIGHTING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





EB805010

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE HEADLIGHT AND/OR TAILLIGHT FAIL TO COME ON:

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main, headlight)
- 2.Battery
- 3.Main switch

- 4.Light switch
- 5. Wiring connections (the entire lighting system)

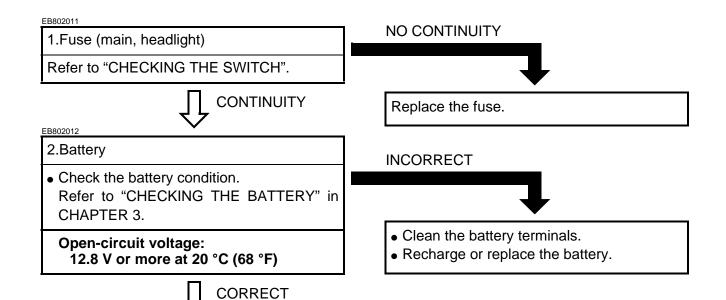
NOTE:

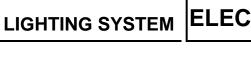
- Remove the following part(s) before troubleshooting:
- 1)Seat
- 2)Front carrier
- 3)Front fender panel
- Use the following special tool(s) for troubleshooting.



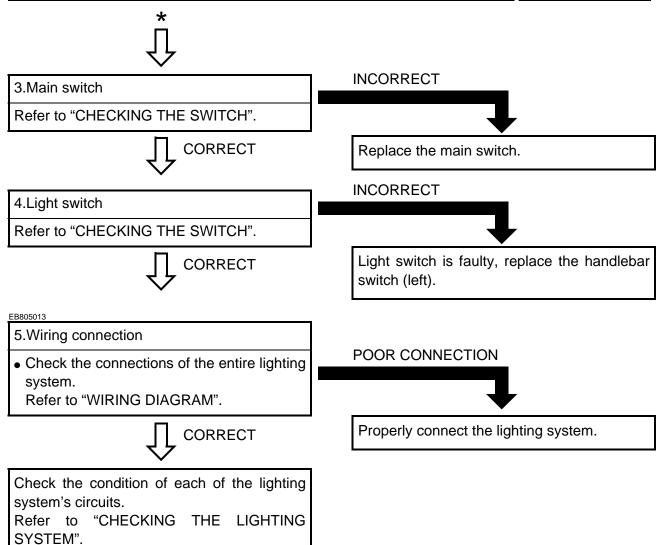
Pocket tester:

P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112









CHECKING THE LIGHTING SYSTEM

1.If the headlights fail to come on:

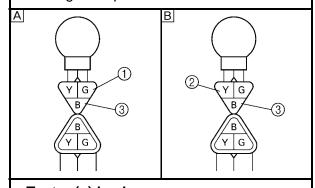
1.Bulb and bulb socket

 Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity.



2.Voltage

• Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the headlight couplers.



Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Green terminal ① or Yellow terminal ② Tester (-) lead → Black terminal ③

- A When the light switch is on " €○ ".
- \square When the light switch is on " $\equiv \bigcirc$ ".
- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check the voltage (12 V) of the "Green" and "Yellow" leads on the bulb socket connector.



This circuit is not faulty.

NO CONTINUITY



Replace the bulb and/or bulb socket.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION



The wiring circuit from the main switch to the bulb socket connector is faulty, repair it.

LIGHTING SYSTEM



EB805021

2.If the taillight fails to come on:

1.Bulb and bulb socket

 Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity.



2.Voltage

 Connect the pocket tester (20 V) to the bulb socket coupler.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Blue lead ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black lead ②

- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Turn the light switch to " \(\exists \omega \) " or " \(\exists \omega \)".
- Check the voltage (12 V) of the "Blue" lead on the bulb socket connector.

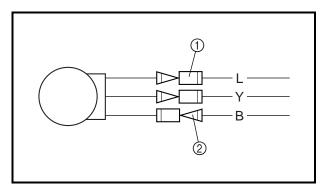


This circuit is not faulty.

NO CONTINUITY



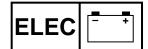
Replace the bulb and/or bulb socket.



OUT OF SPECIFICATION

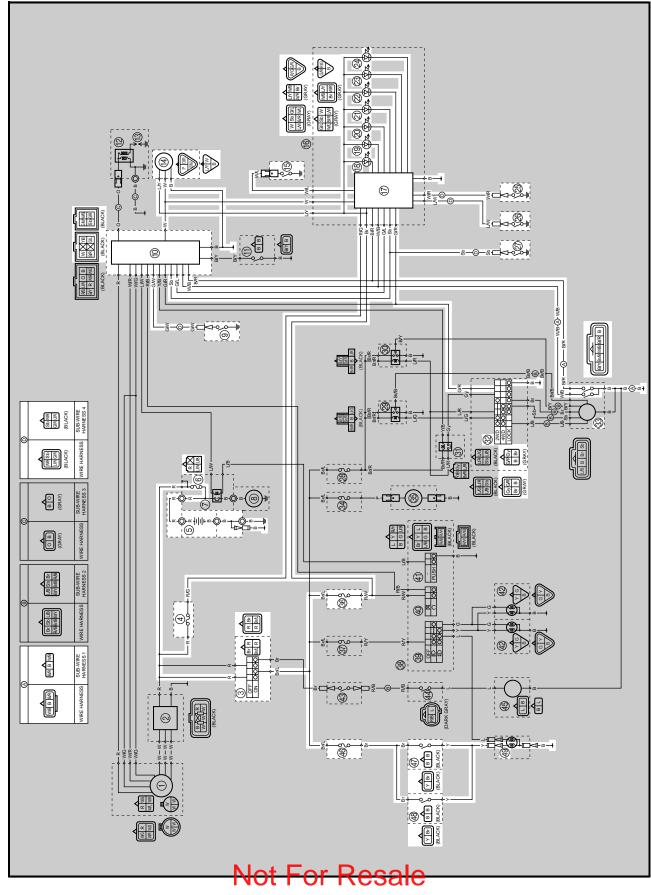


The wiring circuit from the main switch to the bulb socket connector is faulty, repair it.



SIGNAL SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



SIGNAL SYSTEM



- (3) Main switch
- 4 Backup fuse
- ⑤ Battery
- 6 Main fuse
- Reverse switch
- (1) CDI unit
- Speed sensor
- (5) Thermo switch 1
- Multi-function meter
- (8) Differential gear lock indicator light
- (9) Coolant temperature warning light
- 20 Reverse indicator light
- ② Neutral indicator light
- Park indicator light
- High-range indicator light
- 24 Low-range indicator light
- **(25)** Low-range switch
- ® High-range switch
- ② Neutral switch
- 2 On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch
- 3 Gear motor
- 36 Ignition fuse
- (46) Signaling system fuse
- 47 Front brake light switch
- 48 Rear brake light switch
- 49 Tail/brake light



FB806010

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE BRAKE LIGHT AND/OR INDICATOR LIGHT FAILS TO COME ON:

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main, backup, ignition, signaling system)
- 2.Battery
- 3.Main switch
- 4. Wiring connections (the entire signal system)

NOTE:

- Remove the following part(s) before troubleshooting:
- 1)Seat
- 2)Fuel tank
- 3)Air filter case
- 4)Front carrier
- 5)Front fender panel
- Use the following special tool(s) for troubleshooting.



Pocket tester: P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112

EB802011

1.Fuse (main, backup, ignition, signaling system)

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



CONTINUITY

EB802012

2.Battery

 Check the battery condition.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BATTERY" in CHAPTER 3.

Open-circuit voltage:

12.8 V or more at 20 °C (68 °F)



NO CONTINUITY

Replace the fuse.

INCORRECT

- Clean the battery terminals.
- Recharge or replace the battery.







3.Main switch

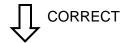
Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



EB806011

- 4. Wiring connections
- Check the connections of the entire signal system.

Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM".



Check the condition of each of the signal system's circuits.

Refer to "CHECKING THE **SIGNAL** SYSTEM".

INCORRECT

Replace the main switch.

POOR CONNECTION

Properly connect the signal system.

CHECKING THE SIGNAL SYSTEM

1.If the brake light fails to come on:

1.Bulb and bulb socket

 Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity.



NO CONTINUITY

Replace the bulb and/or bulb socket.

2.Brake light switches

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



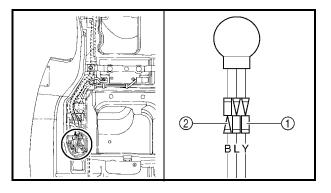
NO CONTINUITY

Replace the brake light switch.

3.Voltage

 Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the bulb socket connector.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Yellow terminal ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black terminal ②



• Turn the main switch to "ON".

- Pull in the brake lever or push down on the brake pedal.
- Check the voltage (12 V) of the "Yellow" lead on the bulb socket connector.



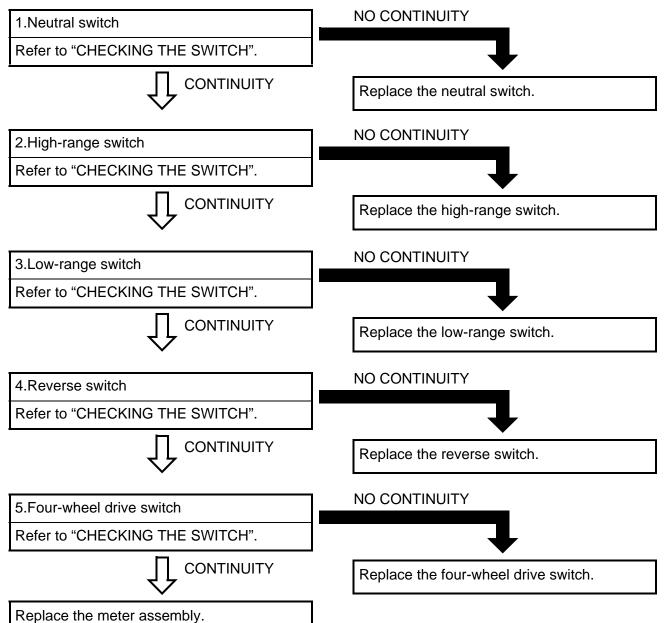
This circuit is not faulty.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION

The wiring circuit from the main switch to the bulb socket connector is faulty, repair it.



2.If the indicator lights fails to come on:



- 3.If the coolant temperature warning light does not come on:
- Check that the light comes on when the main switch is set to "ON".
- Check that the light comes on when the coolant temperature is 120 ± 3 °C (248 ± 5.4 °F) or higher and that the light remains on when the coolant temperature drops to 113 °C (235.4 °F).

1.Thermo switch 1

- Remove the thermo switch 1 from the cylinder head.
- ullet Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the thermo switch 1 (1).
- Immerse the thermo switch 1 in coolant 2).
- Check the thermo switch 1 for continuity. While heating the coolant use a thermometer 3 to record the temperatures.

Test	Coolant temperature	Continuity
step	Thermo switch 1	Continuity
1	Less than 120 ± 3 °C (248 ± 5.4 °F)	NO
2	More than 120 ± 3 °C (248 ± 5.4 °F)	YES
3	More than 113 °C (235.4 °F)	YES
4	Less than 113 °C (235.4 °F)	NO

Test steps 1 & 2: Heating phase Test steps 3 & 4: Cooling phase

- A The thermo switch 1 circuit is open and the coolant temperature warning light is off.
- B The thermo switch 1 circuit is closed and the coolant temperature warning light is come on.

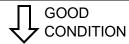
A WARNING

Handle the thermo switch 1 with special

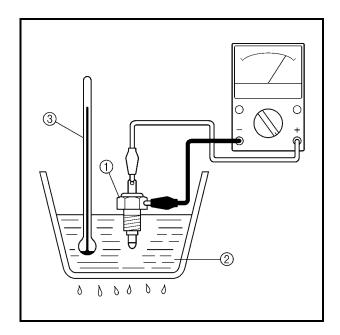
Never subject it to a strong shock or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced.

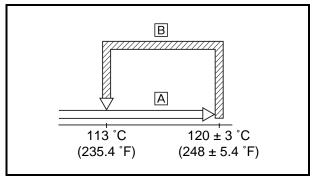


Thermo switch 1: 8 Nm (0.8 m • kg, 5.8 ft • lb) Three bond sealock® #10



Replace the meter assembly.





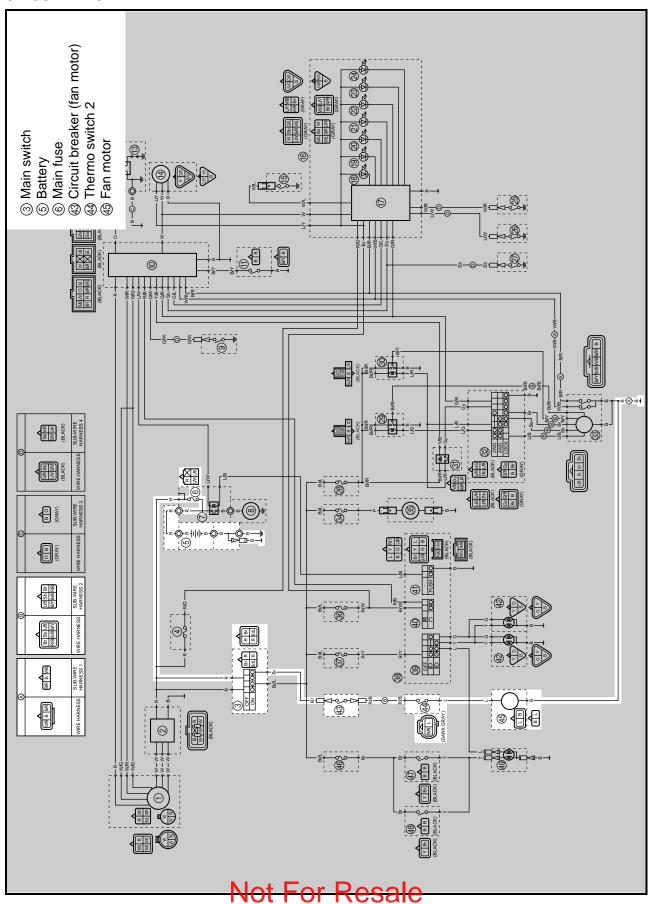
BAD CONDITION

Replace the thermo switch 1.



COOLING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE FAN MOTOR DOES NOT MOVE:

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main)
- 2.Battery
- 3.Main switch
- 4.Fan motor
- 5. Circuit breaker (fan motor)

6.Thermo switch 2

7. Wiring connection

(the entire cooling system)

NOTE:

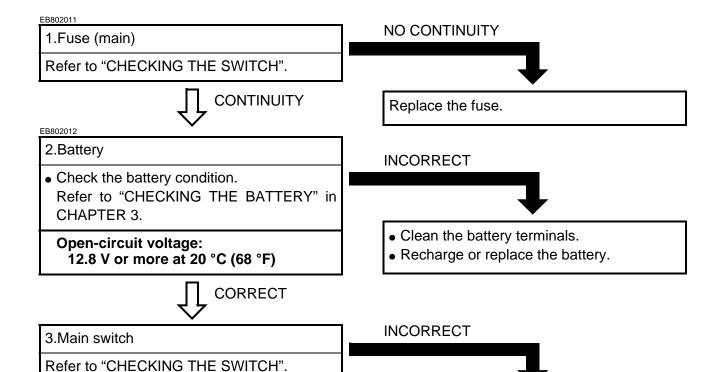
- Remove the following part(s) before troubleshooting.
- 1)Seat
- 2)Front carrier
- 3)Front fender
- Use the following special tool(s) for troubleshooting.



Pocket tester:

Replace the main switch.

P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112



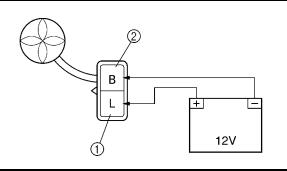
CORRECT



4.Fan motor

- Disconnect the fan motor coupler.
- Connect the battery (12 V) as shown.

Battery (+) lead \rightarrow Blue terminal ① Battery (-) lead \rightarrow Black terminal ②

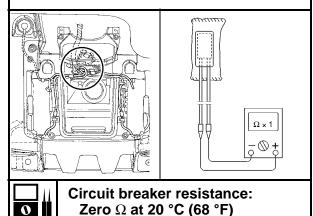


• Check the operation of the fan motor.



5.Circuit breaker (fan motor)

- Remove the circuit breaker from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the circuit breaker.



MEETS
SPECIFICATION

DOES NOT TURN

Replace the fan motor.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Replace the circuit breaker.



6.Thermo switch 2

- Remove the thermo switch 2 from the radiator.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 10$) to the thermo switch 2 (1).
- Immerse the thermo switch 2 in coolant 2.
- Check the thermo switch 2 for continuity.
 While heating the coolant use a thermometer 3 to record the temperatures.

Test	Coolant temperature	Continuity
step	Thermo switch 2	Continuity
1	Less than 86 ± 3 °C (186.8 ± 5.4 °F)	NO
2	More than 86 ± 3 °C (186.8 ± 5.4 °F)	YES
3	More than 80 ± 3 °C (176 ± 5.4 °F)	YES
4	Less than 80 ± 3 °C (176 ± 5.4 °F)	NO

Test steps 1 & 2: Heating phase Test steps 3 & 4: Cooling phase

- A The thermo switch 2 circuit is open and the radiator fan is off.
- B The thermo switch 2 circuit is closed and the radiator fan is on.

A WARNING

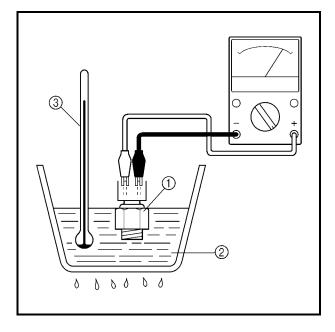
Handle the thermo switch 2 with special care.

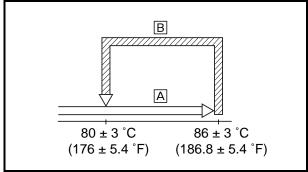
Never subject it to a strong shock or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced.



Thermo switch 2: 28 Nm (2.8 m • kg, 20 ft • lb) Three bond sealock® #10







BAD CONDITION

Replace the thermo switch 2.

COOLING SYSTEM





EB803028

7. Wiring connection

 Check the connections of the entire starting system.

Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM".



This circuit is not faulty.

POOR CONNECTION

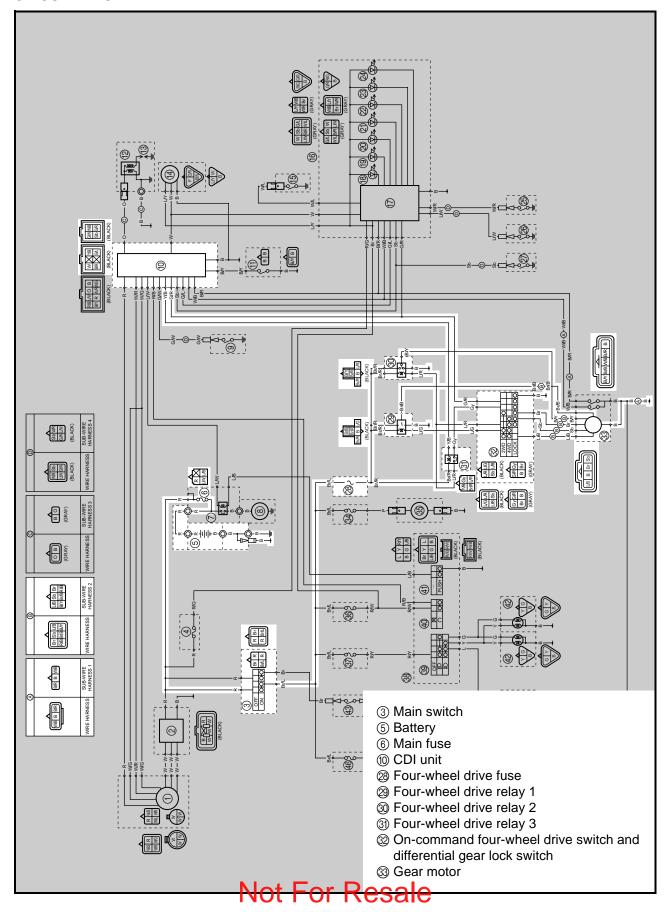


Properly connect the cooling system.



2WD/4WD SELECTING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





FB803020

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE GEAR MOTOR FAILS TO OPERATE:

Procedure

Check:

- 1.Fuse (main, four-wheel drive)
- 2.Battery
- 3.Main switch
- 4. Four-wheel drive relay 1
- 5. Four-wheel drive relay 2
- 6. Four-wheel drive relay 3

- 7.On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch
- 8.Gear motor
- 9. Wiring connections (the entire 2WD/4WD selecting system)

NOTE: _

- Remove the following part(s) before troubleshooting:
- 1)Seat
- 2)Front carrier
- 3)Front fender
- Use the following special tool(s) for troubleshooting.



Pocket tester:

P/N. YU-03112, 90890-03112



1.Fuse (main, four-wheel drive)

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



CONTINUITY

NO CONTINUITY

Replace the fuse.

EB802012

- 2.Battery
- Check the battery condition.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BATTERY" in CHAPTER 3.

Open-circuit voltage:

12.8 V or more at 20 °C (68 °F)

INCORRECT

- Clean the battery terminals.
- Recharge or replace the battery.



3.Main switch

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".



INCORRECT

Replace the main switch.





4. Four-wheel drive relay 1

- Remove the four-wheel drive relay 1 from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) and the battery (12 V) to the four-wheel drive relay 1 terminals.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow

Brown/Black terminal ①

Tester (–) lead → **Black terminal** ②

Battery (+) terminal \rightarrow

Brown/Red terminal ③

Battery (–) terminal \rightarrow

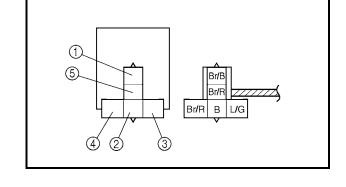
Blue/Green terminal (4)

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow

Brown/Black terminal ①

Tester (-) lead → Brown/Red terminal ⑤

 Check the four-wheel drive relay 1 for continuity.



NO CONTINUITY

-

Replace the four-wheel drive relay 1.



5.Four-wheel drive relay 2

- Remove the four-wheel drive relay 2 from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester (Ω × 1) and the battery (12 V) to the four-wheel drive relay 2 terminals.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow

Black/Yellow terminal ①

Tester (–) lead → **Black terminal** ②

Battery (+) terminal \rightarrow

Brown/Red terminal ③

Battery (–) terminal \rightarrow

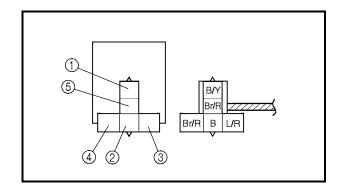
Blue/Red terminal (4)

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow

Black/Yellow terminal (1)

Tester (-) lead → Brown/Red terminal ⑤

 Check the four-wheel drive relay 2 for continuity.



NO CONTINUITY

7

Replace the four-wheel drive relay 2.



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6. Four-wheel drive relay 3

- Remove the four-wheel drive relay 3 from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) and the battery (12 V) to the four-wheel drive relay 3 terminals.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow

Brown/Red terminal (1)

Tester (–) lead \rightarrow

Yellow/Black terminal ②

Battery (+) terminal \rightarrow

Brown/Red terminal ①

Battery (–) terminal \rightarrow

Yellow/Black terminal ②

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow **Blue/Red terminal** ③

Tester (–) lead \rightarrow **Gray terminal** 4

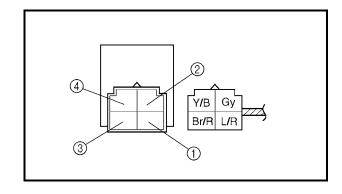
 Check the four-wheel drive relay 3 for continuity.



7.On-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch

Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCH".





NO CONTINUITY

Replace the four-wheel drive relay 3.

INCORRECT

Replace the on-command four-wheel drive switch and differential gear lock switch.





8.Gear motor

- Disconnect the gear motor coupler.
- Remove the gear motor from the differential gear case.

Refer to "FRONT CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINTS AND DIFFERENTIAL GEAR" in CHAPTER 7.

- Connect two C size batteries to the gear motor terminals ① (as shown illustrations).
- A Check that the pinion gear ② turns counterclockwise.
- B Check that the pinion gear ② turns clockwise.
- Make sure that the drive gear (shift fork sliding gear) operates correctly.

NOTF:

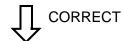
When installing the differential gear case in the gear motor, refer to "FRONT CONSTANT VELOCITY JOINTS AND DIFFERENTIAL GEAR" in CHAPTER 7.



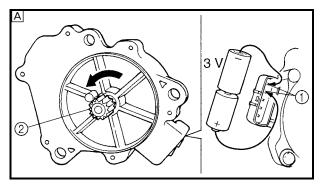
V

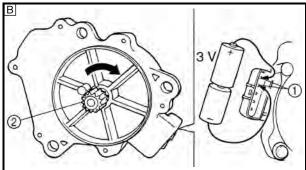
9. Wiring connection

 Check the connections of the entire 2WD/ 4WD selecting system.
 Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM".



Replace the CDI unit.





INCORRECT

Replace the gear motor.

POOR CONNECTION

Properly connect the 2WD/4WD selecting system.

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE:

The following troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for checking, adjusting and replacing of parts.

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel tank

- Empty
- Clogged fuel filter
- Clogged fuel strainer
- Clogged fuel breather hose
- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel

Fuel cock

Clogged fuel hose

Carburetor

- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel
- Clogged pilot jet
- Clogged pilot air passage
- Sucked-in air
- Deformed float
- Worn needle valve
- Improperly sealed valve seat
- Improperly adjusted fuel level
- Improperly set pilot jet
- Clogged starter jet
- Starter plunger malfunction

Air filter

Clogged air filter element

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Spark plug

- Improper plug gap
- Worn electrodes
- Wire between terminals broken
- Improper heat range
- Faulty spark plug cap

Ignition coil

- Broken or shorted primary/secondary
- Faulty spark plug lead
- Broken body

CDI system

- Faulty CDI unit
- Faulty pickup coil
- Faulty charging/rotor rotation direction coil
- Broken woodruff key

Switches and wiring

- Faulty main switch
- Faulty engine stop switch
- Broken or shorted wiring
- Faulty neutral switch
- Faulty reverse switch
- Faulty low-range switch
- Faulty high-range switch
- Faulty start switch
- Faulty rear brake switch

Starter motor

- Faulty starter motor
- Faulty starter relay
- Faulty starter clutch

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING/POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE/POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH-SPEED PERFORMANCE



COMPRESSION SYSTEM

Cylinder and cylinder head

- Loose spark plug
- Loose cylinder head or cylinder
- Broken cylinder head gasket
- Broken cylinder gasket
- Worn, damaged or seized cylinder

Piston and piston rings

- Improperly installed piston ring
- Worn, fatigued or broken piston ring
- Seized piston ring
- Seized or damaged piston

Valve, camshaft and crankshaft

- Improperly sealed valve
- Improperly contacted valve and valve seat
- Improper valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Seized camshaft
- Seized crankshaft

POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE

POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE

Carburetor

- Improperly returned starter plunger
- Loose pilot jet
- Clogged pilot jet
- Clogged pilot air jet
- Improperly adjusted idle speed (Throttle stop screw)
- Improper throttle cable play
- Flooded carburetor

Electrical system

- Faulty spark plug
- Faulty CDI unit
- Faulty pickup coil
- Faulty charging/rotor rotation direction coil
- Faulty ignition coil

Valve train

Improperly adjusted valve clearance

Air filter

Clogged air filter element

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH-SPEED PERFORMANCE

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH-SPEED PERFORMANCE

Refer to "STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING" and "POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE-VALVE TRAIN".

Carburetor

- Improper jet needle clip position
- Improperly adjusted fuel level
- Clogged or loose main jet
- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel

Air filter

Clogged air filter element

FAULTY DRIVE TRAIN

FAULTY DRIVE TRAIN

The following conditions may indicate damaged shaft drive components:

Symptoms	Possible Causes
1.A pronounced hesitation or "jerky" movement during acceleration, deceleration, or sustained	A.Bearing damage.
speed. (This must not be confused with engine surging or transmission	B.Improper gear lash.
characteristics.) 2.A "rolling rumble" noticeable at low speed; a high-pitched whine; a "clunk" from a shaft drive component or area. 3.A locked-up condition of the shaft drive mechanism, no power transmitted from the engine to the front and/or rear wheels.	C.Gear tooth damage.
	D.Broken drive shaft.
	E.Broken gear teeth.
	F.Seizure due to lack of lubrication.
	G.Small foreign objects lodged between the moving parts.

_	_	

Areas A, B, and C above may be extremely difficult to diagnose. The symptoms are quite subtle and difficult to distinguish from normal machine operating noise. If there is reason to believe these components are damaged, remove the components and check them.

FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING/ FAULTY CLUTCH PERFORMANCE

FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING

HARD SHIFTING

Refer to "CLUTCH SLIPPING/DRAGGING-CLUTCH DRAGGING".

SHIFT LEVER DOES NOT MOVE

Shift shaft

Bent shift shaft

Shift cam, shift fork

- Groove jammed with impurities
- Seized shift fork
- Bent shift fork guide bar

Transmission

- Seized transmission gear
- Jammed impurities
- Incorrectly assembled transmission

Shift guide

• Broken shift guide

JUMPS OUT OF GEAR

Shift shaft

- Improperly adjusted shift lever position
- Worn shift shaft lever
- Improperly returned stopper lever

Shift fork

Worn shift fork

Shift cam

- Improper thrust play
- Worn shift cam groove

Transmission

• Worn gear dog

FAULTY CLUTCH PERFORMANCE

ENGINE OPERATES BUT MACHINE WILL NOT MOVE

V-belt

- Bent, damaged or worn V-belt
- V-belt slips

Primary pulley cam and primary pulley slider

- Damaged or worn primary pulley cam
- Damaged or worn primary pulley slider

Transmission

Damaged transmission gears

CLUTCH SLIPPING

Clutch spring

Damaged, loose or worn clutch shoe spring

Clutch shoe

Damaged or worn clutch shoe

Primary sliding sheave

Seized primary sliding sheave

POOR STARTING PERFORMANCE

V-belt

- V-belt slips
- Oil or grease on the V-belt

Primary sliding sheave

- Faulty operation
- Worn pin groove
- Worn pin

Clutch shoe

Bent, damaged or worn clutch shoe

FAULTY CLUTCH PERFORMANCE/ OVERHEATING/FAULTY BRAKE



POOR SPEED PERFORMANCE

V-belt

Oil or grease on the V-belt

Primary pulley weight

- Faulty operation
- Worn primary pulley weight

Primary fixed sheave

Worn primary fixed sheave

Primary sliding sheave

• Worn primary sliding sheave

Secondary fixed sheave

Worn secondary fixed sheave

Secondary sliding sheave

• Worn secondary sliding sheave

OVERHEATING

OVERHEATING

Ignition system

- Improper spark plug gap
- Improper spark plug heat range
- Faulty CDI unit

Fuel system

- Improper carburetor main jet (improper setting)
- Improper fuel level
- Clogged air filter element

Compression system

Heavy carbon build-up

Engine oil

- Improper oil level
- Improper oil viscosity
- Inferior oil quality

Cooling system

- Low coolant level
- Damaged or leaking radiator
- Faulty radiator cap
- Bent or damaged radiator fin
- Damaged or faulty water pump
- Thermostat stays closed
- Clogged or damaged oil cooler
- Damaged hose
- Improperly connected hose
- Damaged pipe
- Improperly connected pipe

Brake

• Brake drag

FAULTY BRAKE

POOR BRAKING EFFECTWorn brake pads

- Worn disc
- Air in brake fluid
- Leaking brake fluid
- Faulty master cylinder kit cup
- Faulty caliper kit seal
- Loose union bolt
- Broken brake hose and pipe
- Oily or greasy disc/brake pads
- Improper brake fluid level

SHOCK ABSORBER MALFUNCTION/UNSTABLE HANDLING/LIGHTING SYSTEM

SHOCK ABSORBER MALFUNCTION

MALFUNCTION

- Bent or damaged damper rod
- Damaged oil seal lip
- Fatigued shock absorber spring

UNSTABLE HANDLING

UNSTABLE HANDLING

Handlebar

Improperly installed or bent

Steering

- Incorrect toe-in
- Bent steering stem
- Improperly installed steering stem
- Damaged bearing or bearing race
- Bent tie-rods
- Deformed steering knuckles

Tires

- Uneven tire pressures on both sides
- Incorrect tire pressure
- Uneven tire wear

Wheels

- Deformed wheel
- Loose bearing
- Bent or loose wheel axle
- Excessive wheel runout

Frame

- Bent
- Damaged frame

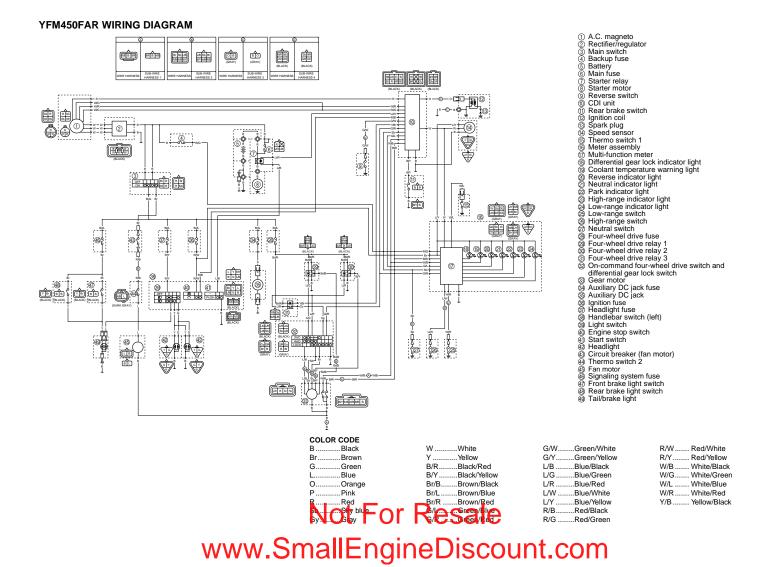
LIGHTING SYSTEM

HEADLIGHT DARK

- Improper bulb
- Too many electric accessories
- Hard charging (broken charging coil and/or faulty rectifier/regulator)
- Incorrect connection
- Improperly grounded
- Poor contacts (main or light switch)
- Bulb life expired

BULB BURNT OUT

- Improper bulb
- Faulty battery
- Faulty rectifier/regulator
- Improperly grounded
- Faulty main and/or light switch
- Bulb life expired



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